

# MOD06 Cloud Retrievals

optical thickness, particle effective  
radius, column water path

M. D. King, S. Platnick  
M. Gray, E. Moody, J. Li,  
G. T. Arnold, S. C. Tsay  
et al.

*MODIS Science Team meeting  
7 June 2000*



## MOD06

### Strategy: top-down

- Use MODAPS processing (global, L3 imagery) to flag gross problems
  - Study/analyze a small number of “golden granules” from “golden day(s)”
  - Test modifications on *Windhoek* (atmo. machine) and MAS data sets
- ➔ Visualization: L1B, L2, global, ancillary data sets, pixel level QA (processing path)



# MOD06

## Overview

- Top of the “food chain”, ingesting:
  - individual cloud mask tests to determine processing path (*decision tree*)
  - cloud top properties from MOD06
  - ancillary data sets
    - ecosystem maps → sfc. reflectance
    - NISE → snow/ice ecosystem
    - NCEP → atmospheric correction



## MOD06

results of individual cloud mask tests,  
cloud mask ecosystem map

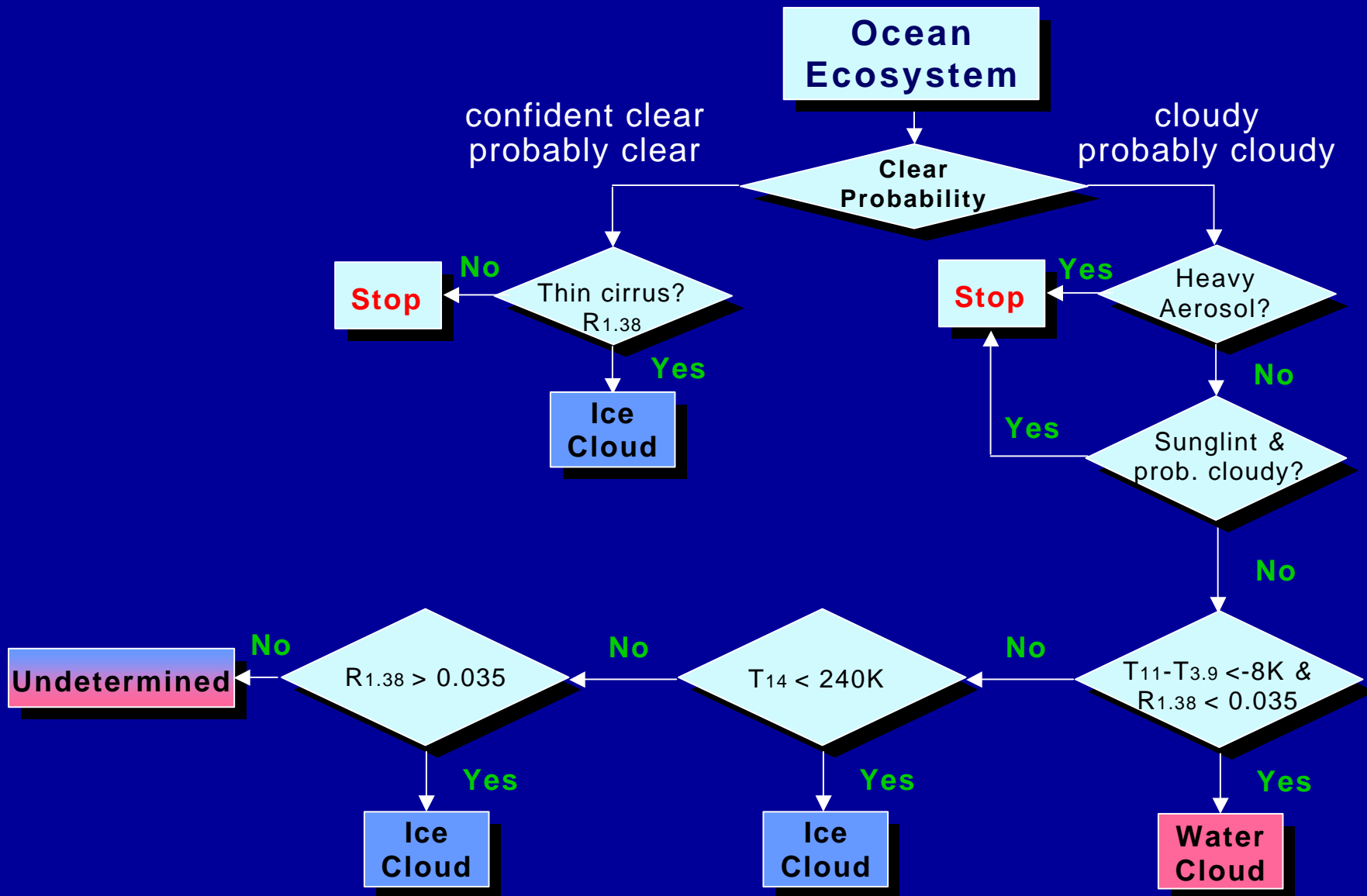


*decision tree*



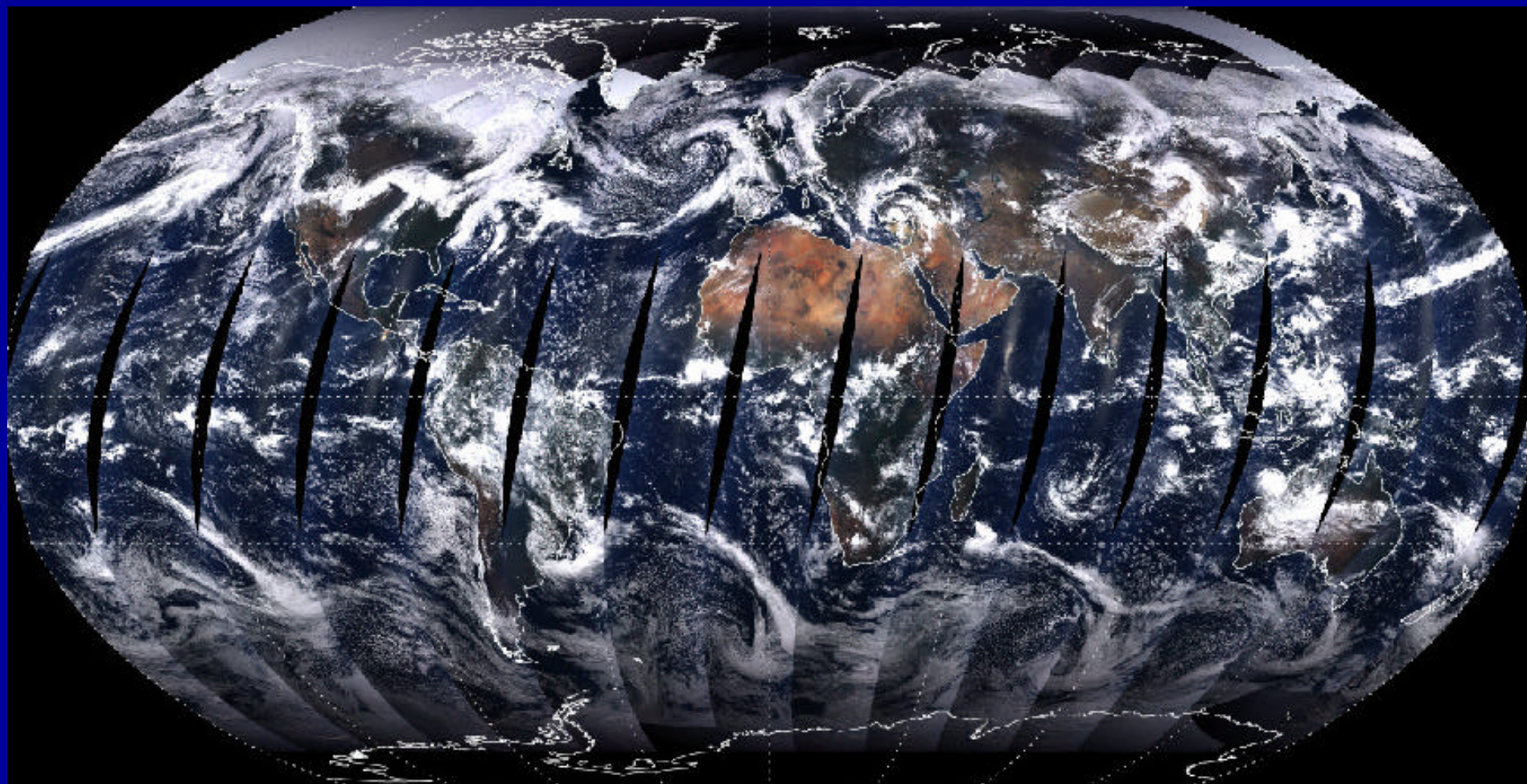
when to retrieve,  
estimate of cloud phase

# cloud mask decision tree - processing path example





MODIS Atmosphere's Global 19 April 2000  
L1B True color RGB, Bands 1 4 3

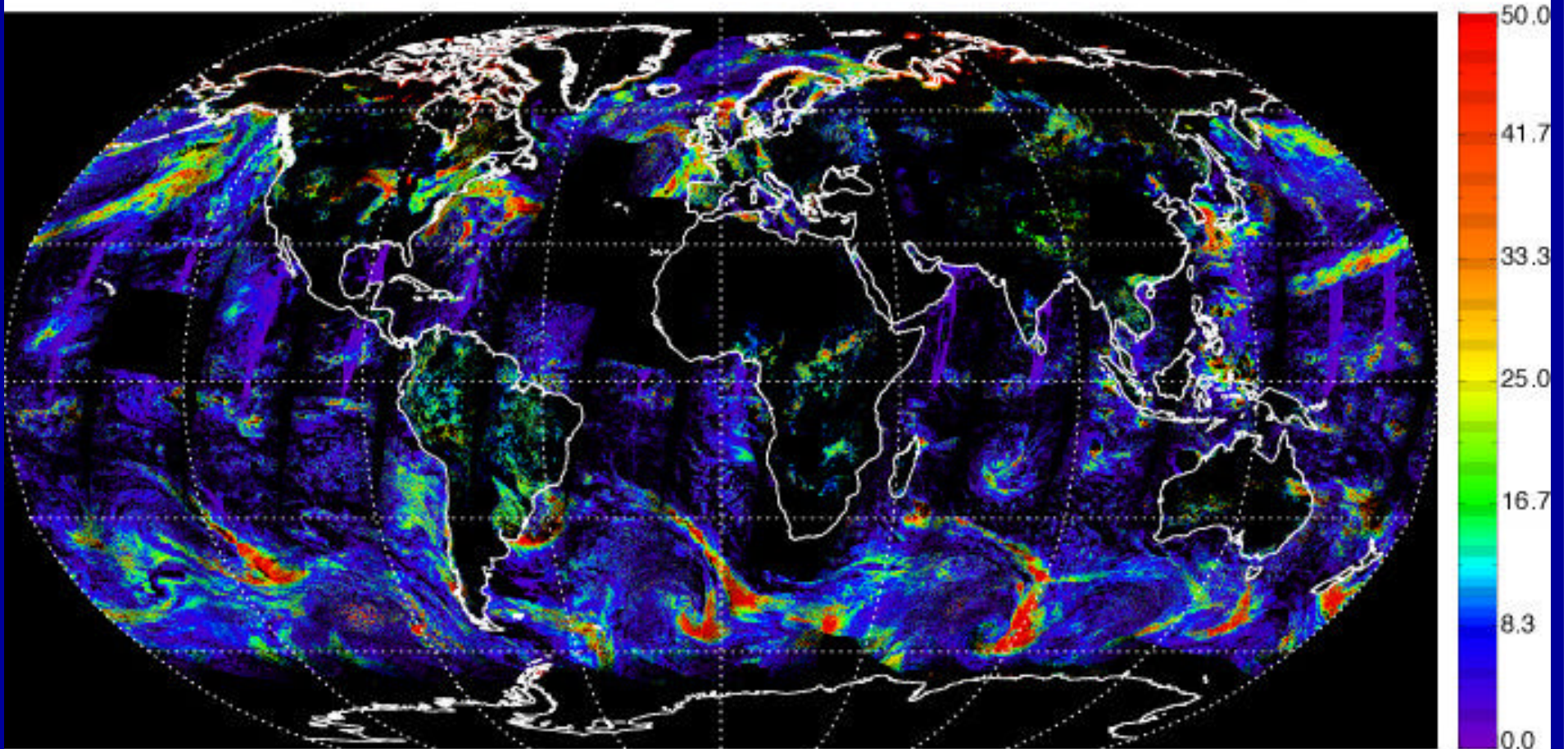


S. Platnick, MST 7 June 2000



# MODAPS processing

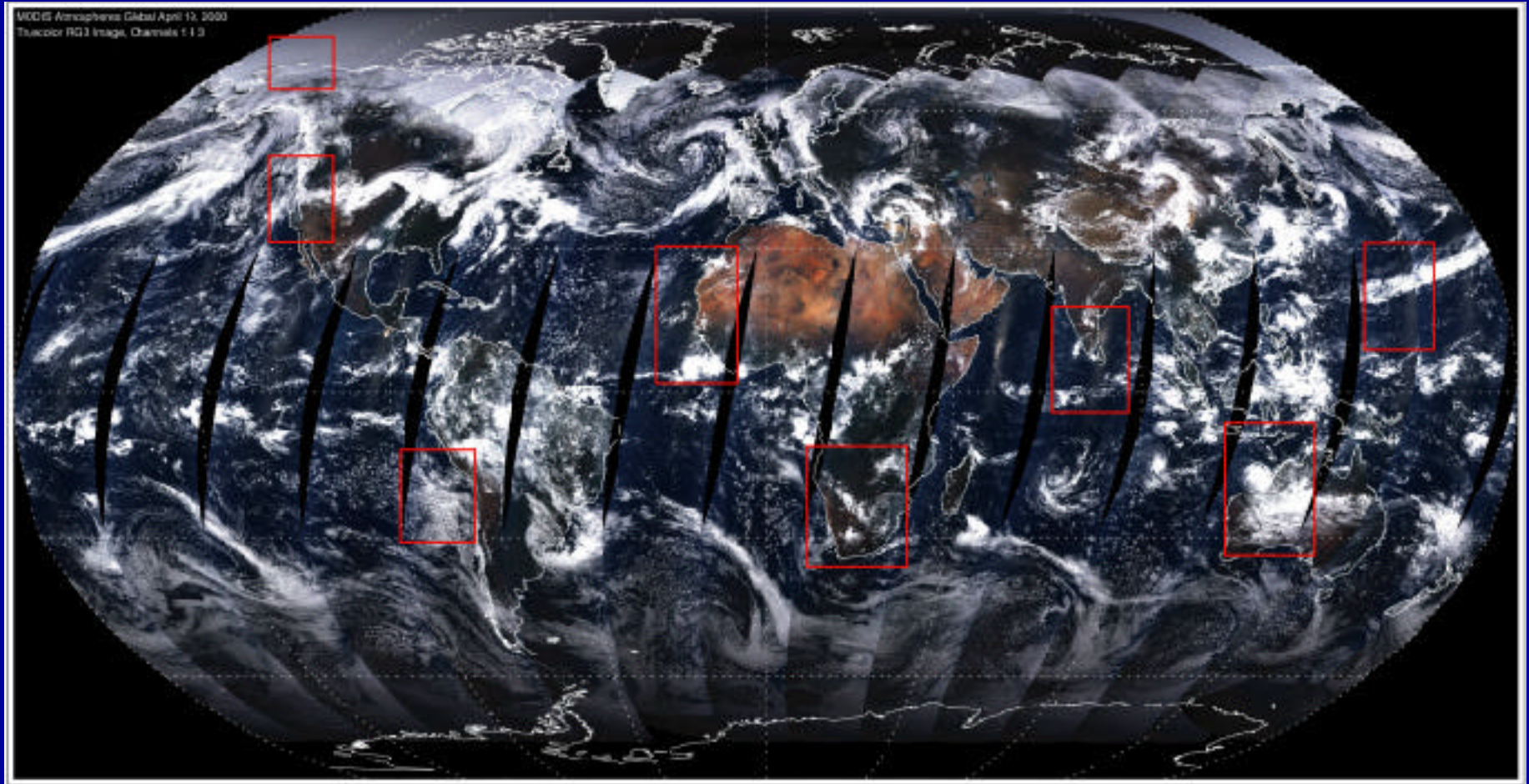
Day 110, April 19, 2000 (Cloud\_Optical\_Thickness\_Water\_Mean)



S. Platnick, MST 7 June 2000

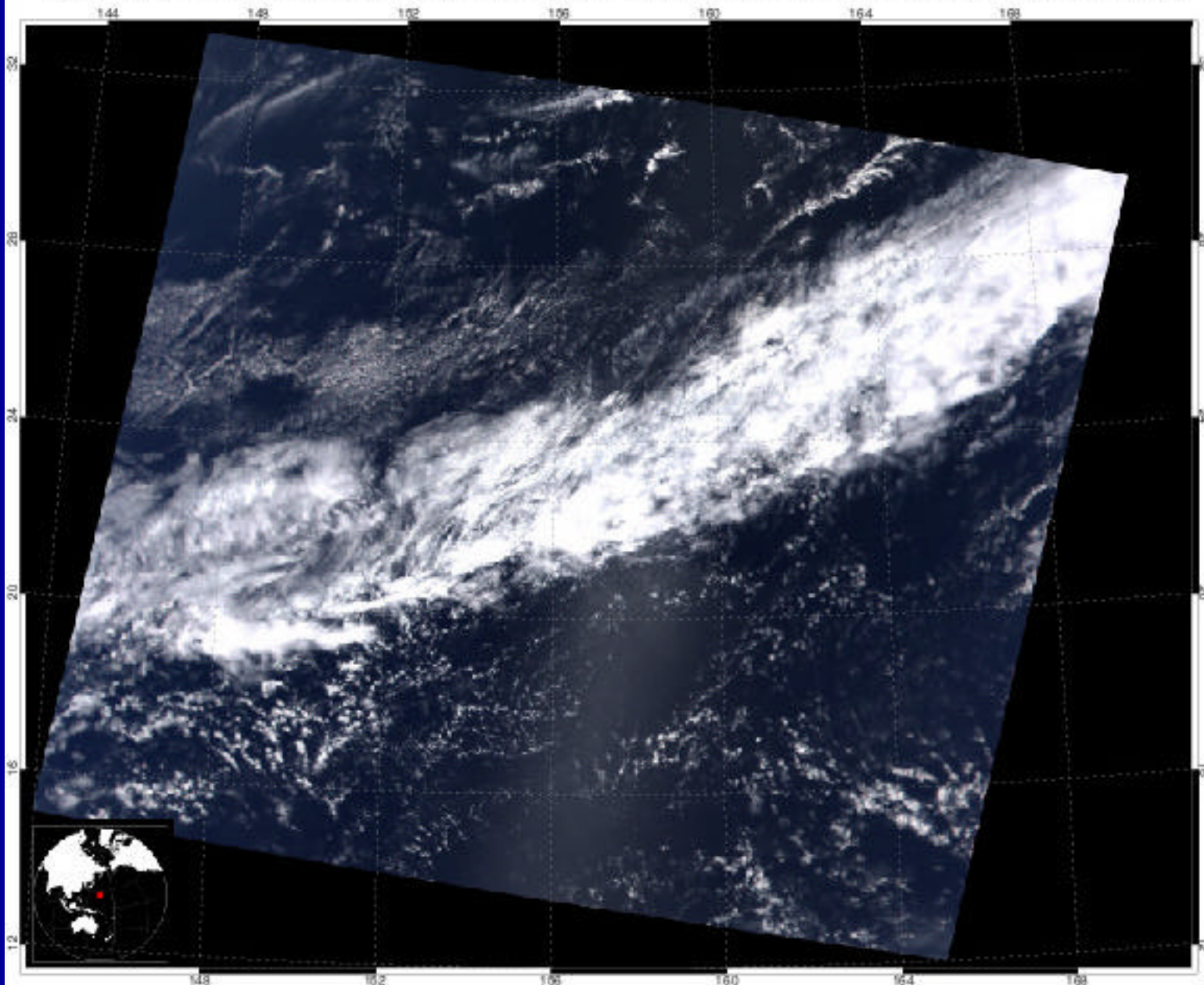


## MODIS Atmosphere's Global 19 April 2000 Golden Granules



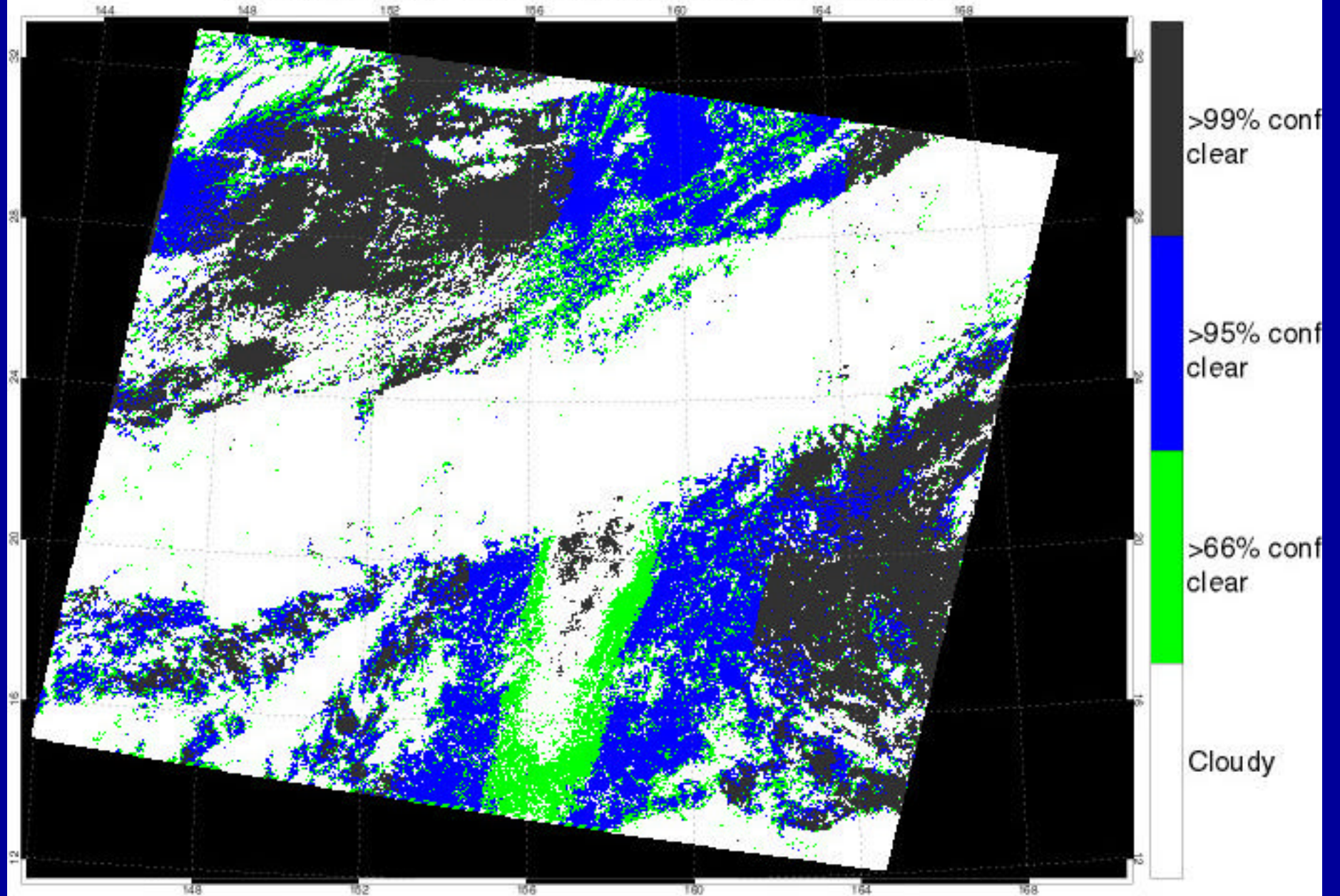


April 19, 2000, 0030 UTC (MOD021KM.A2000110.0030.002.200011306431)

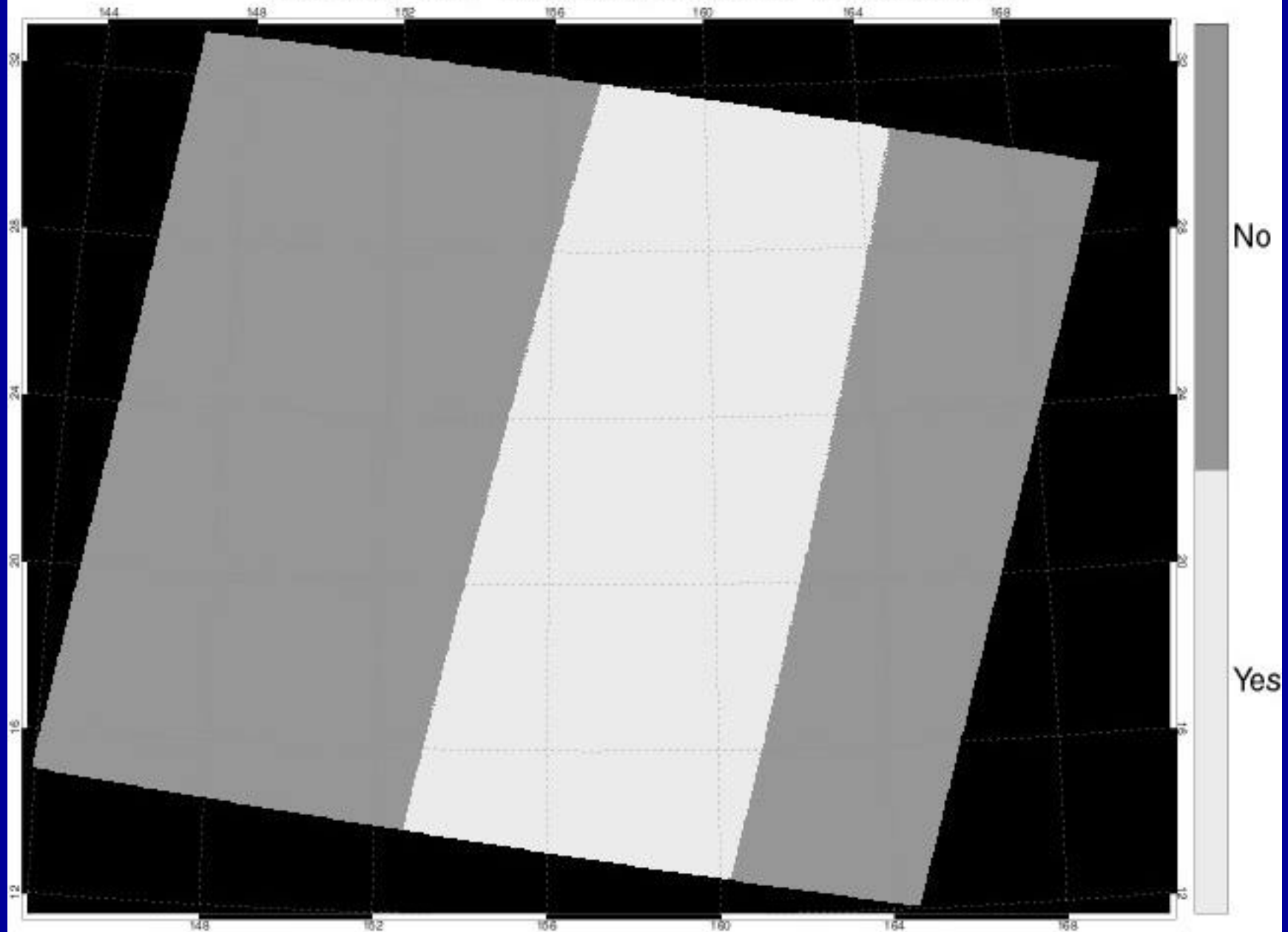




Percent\_Cloudy Year 2000, Julian Day 110, Time0030

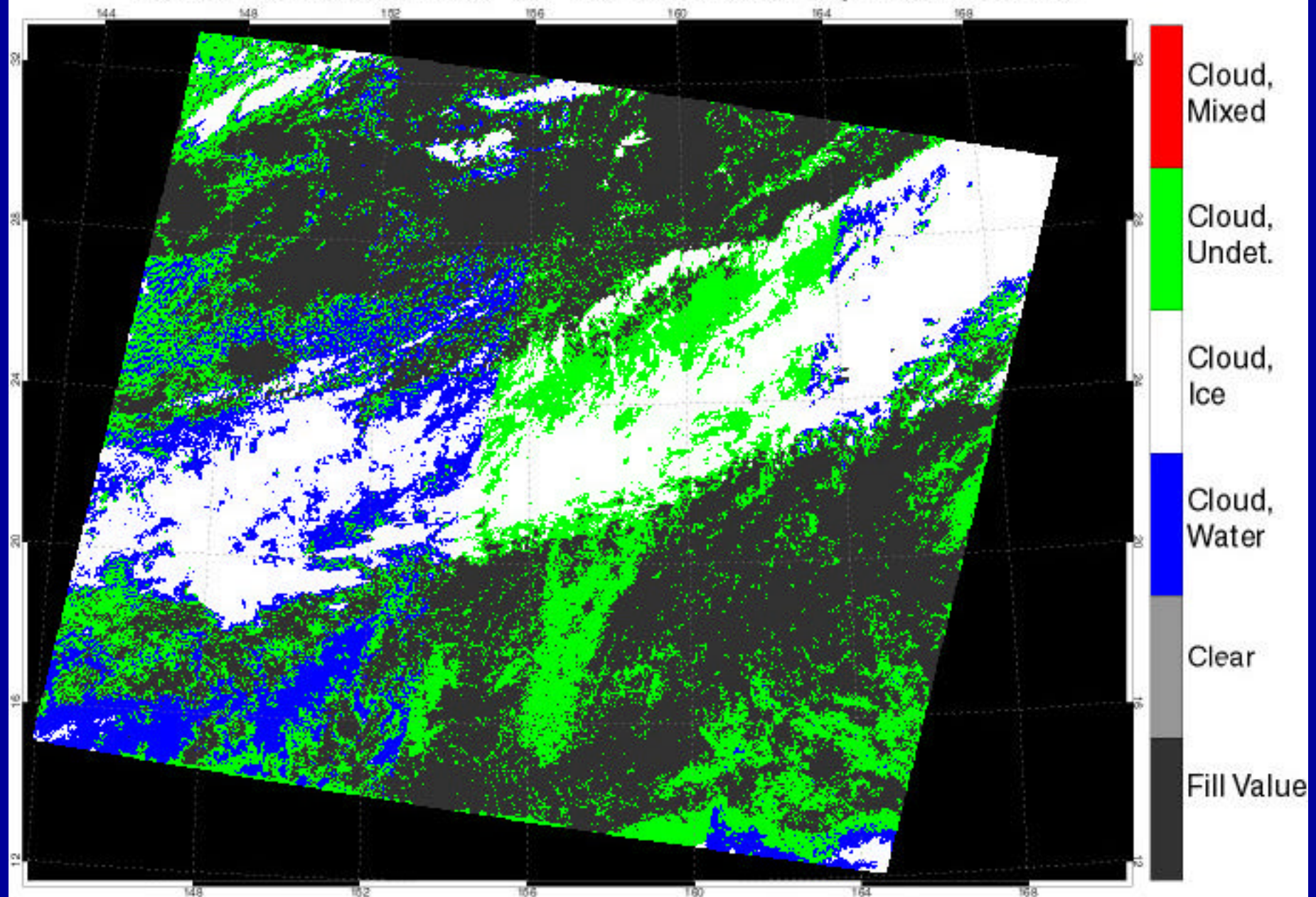


# Sun\_Glint\_Flag Year 2000, Julian Day 110, Time0030



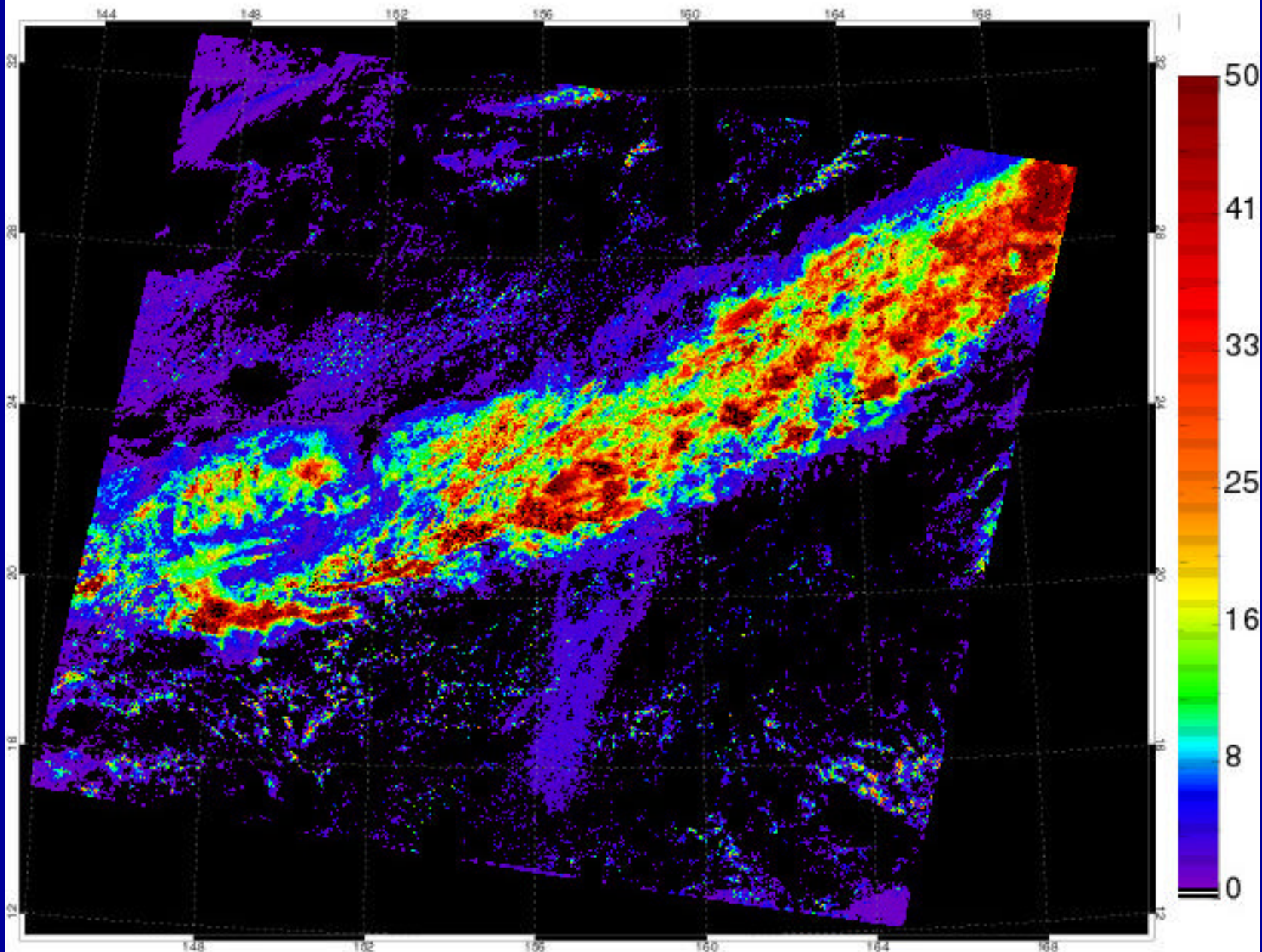


Cloud\_Phase\_Retr\_Proc\_Path Year 2000, Julian Day 110, Time 0030



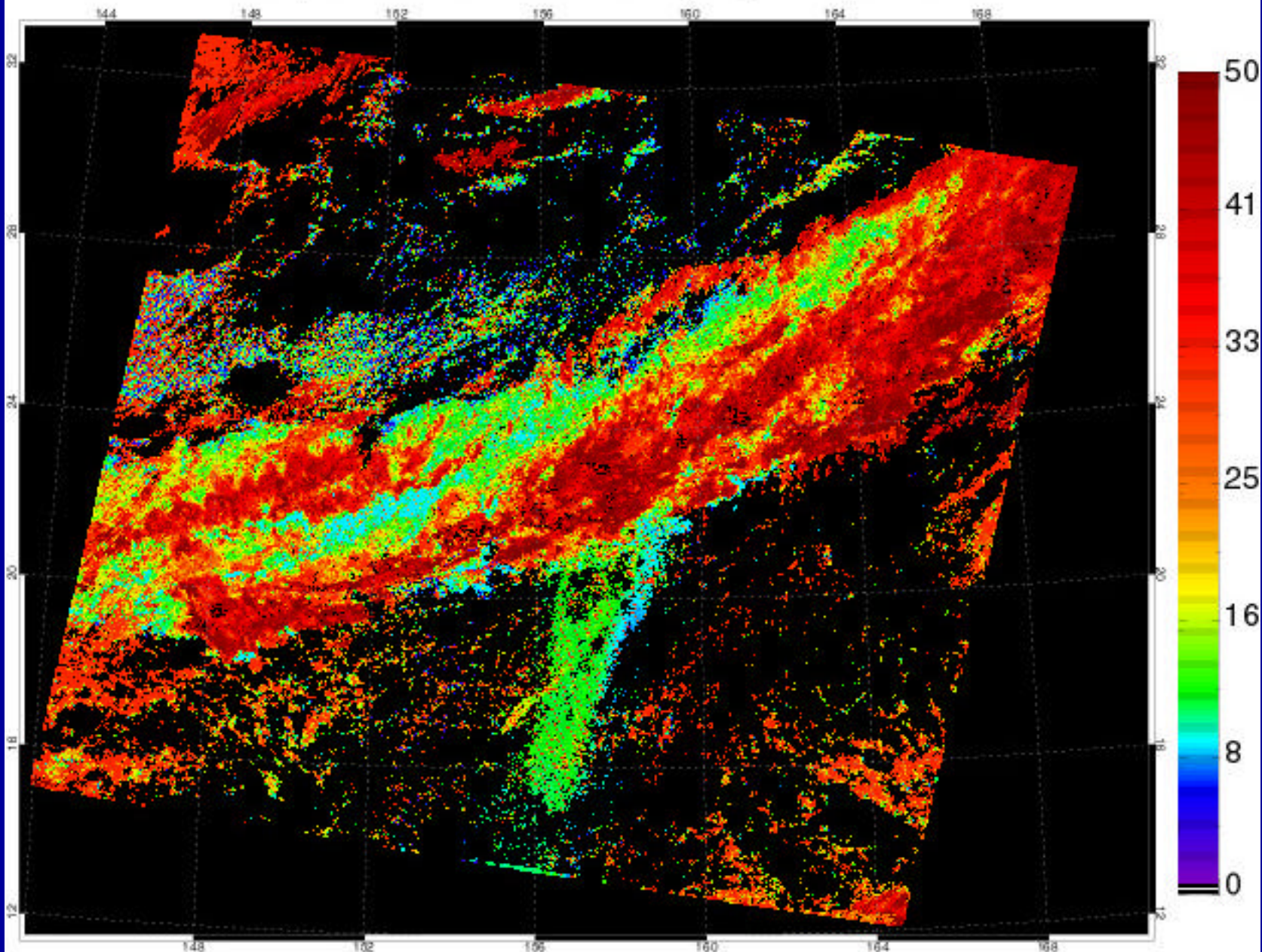


Cloud Optical Thickness, 19 April 0030



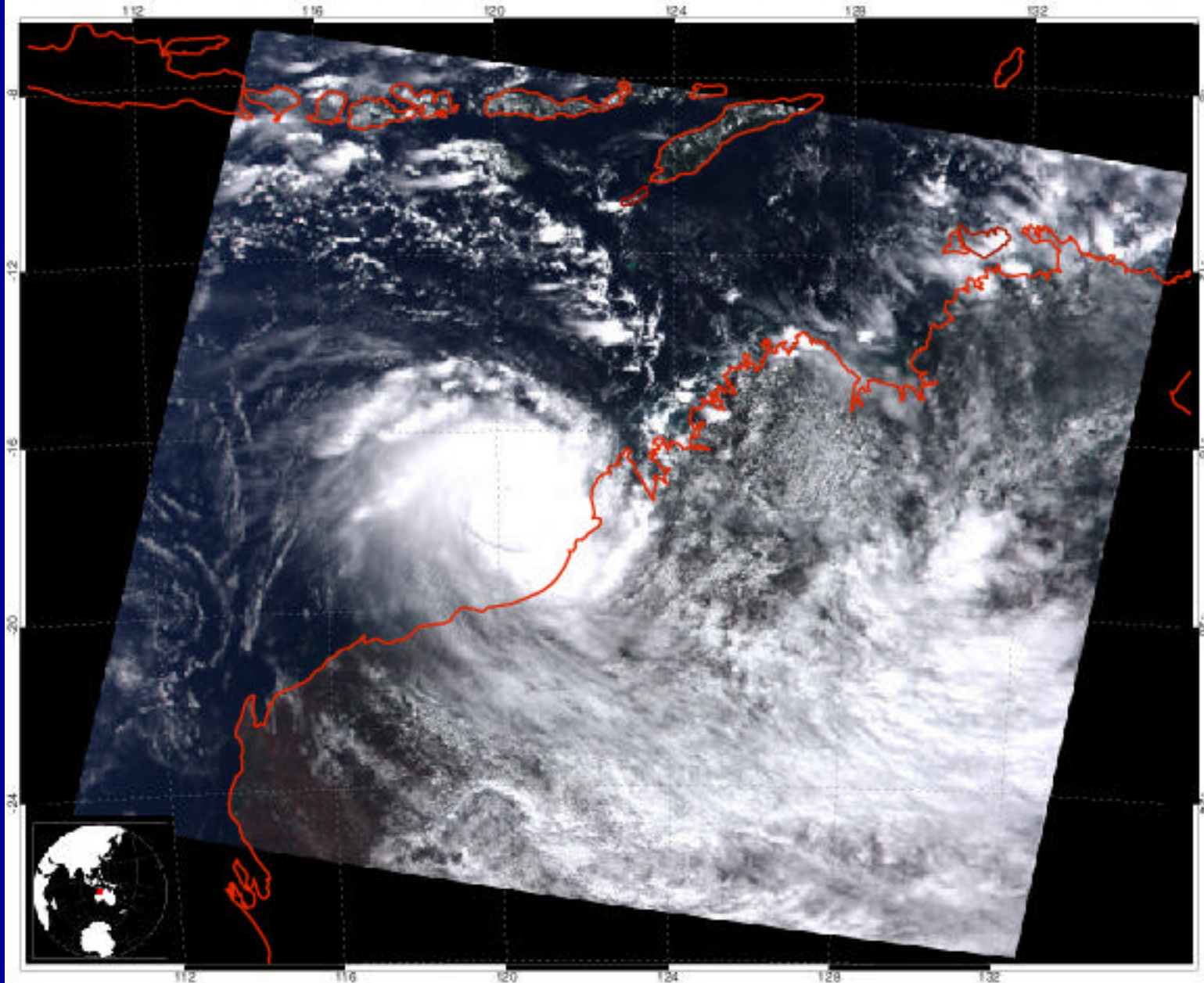


Cloud particle effective radius ( $\mu\text{m}$ ), 19 April 0030

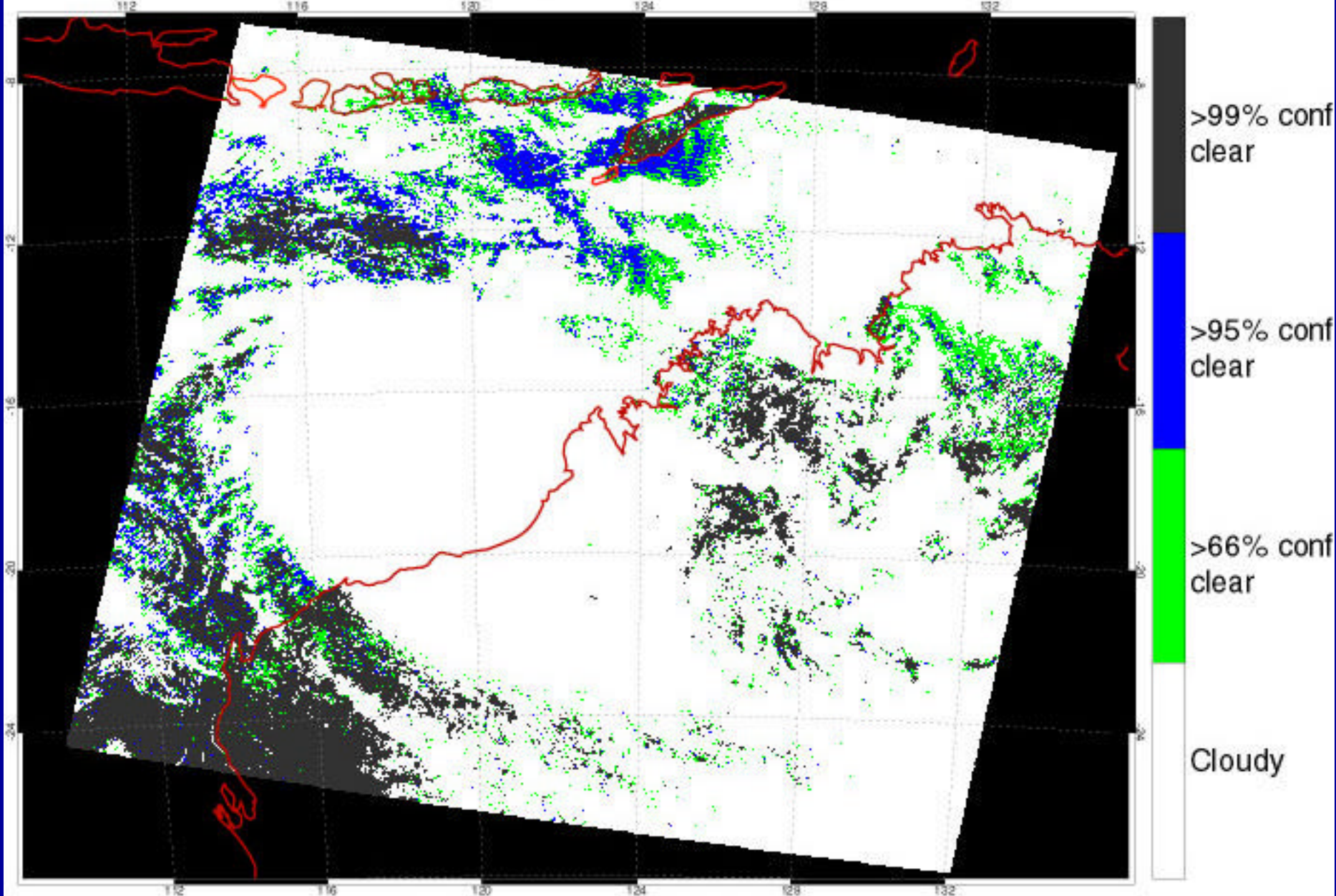




April 19, 2000, 0220 UTC (MOD021KM.A2000110.0220.002.200011307113)

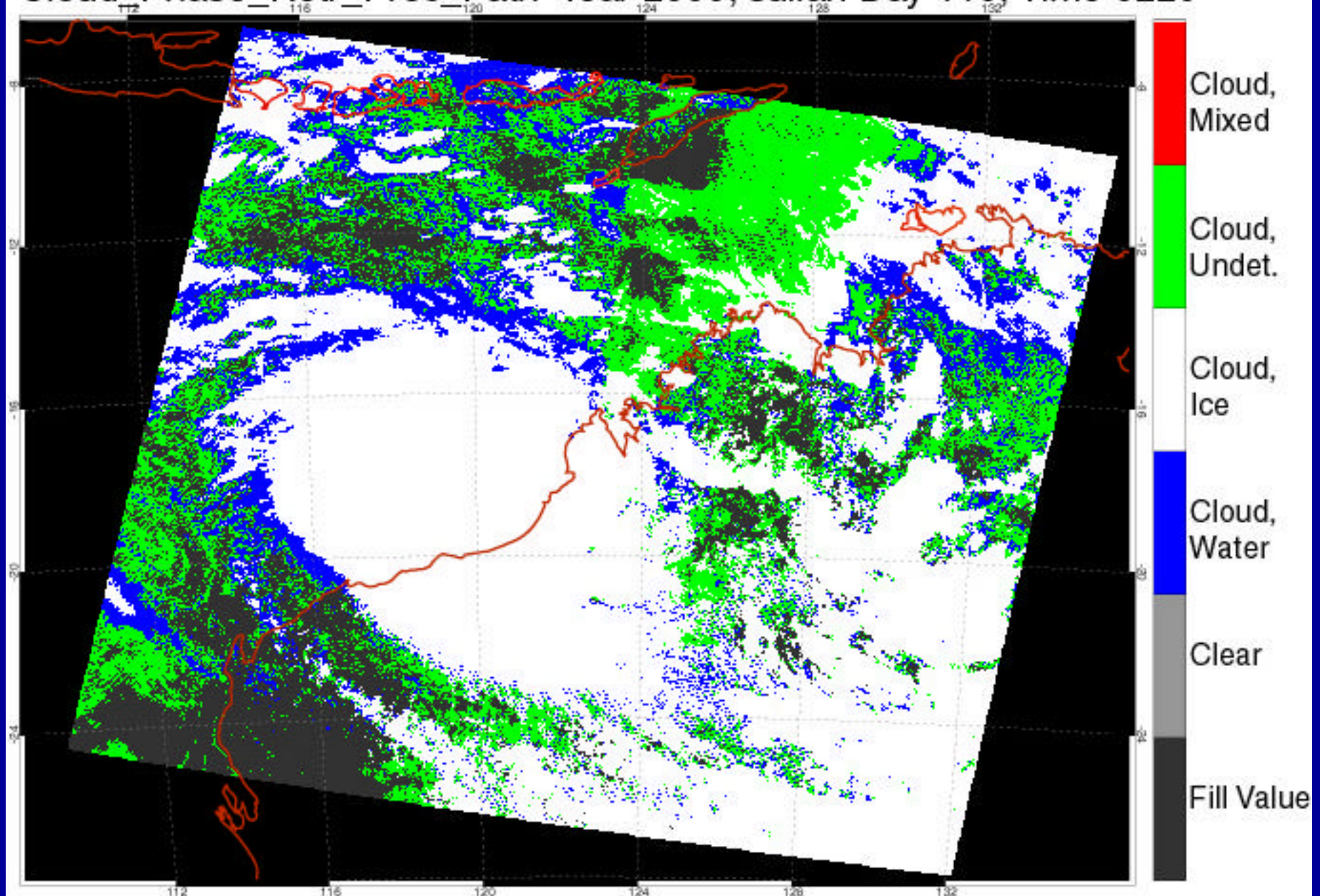


Percent\_Cloudy Year 2000, Julian Day 110, Time0220



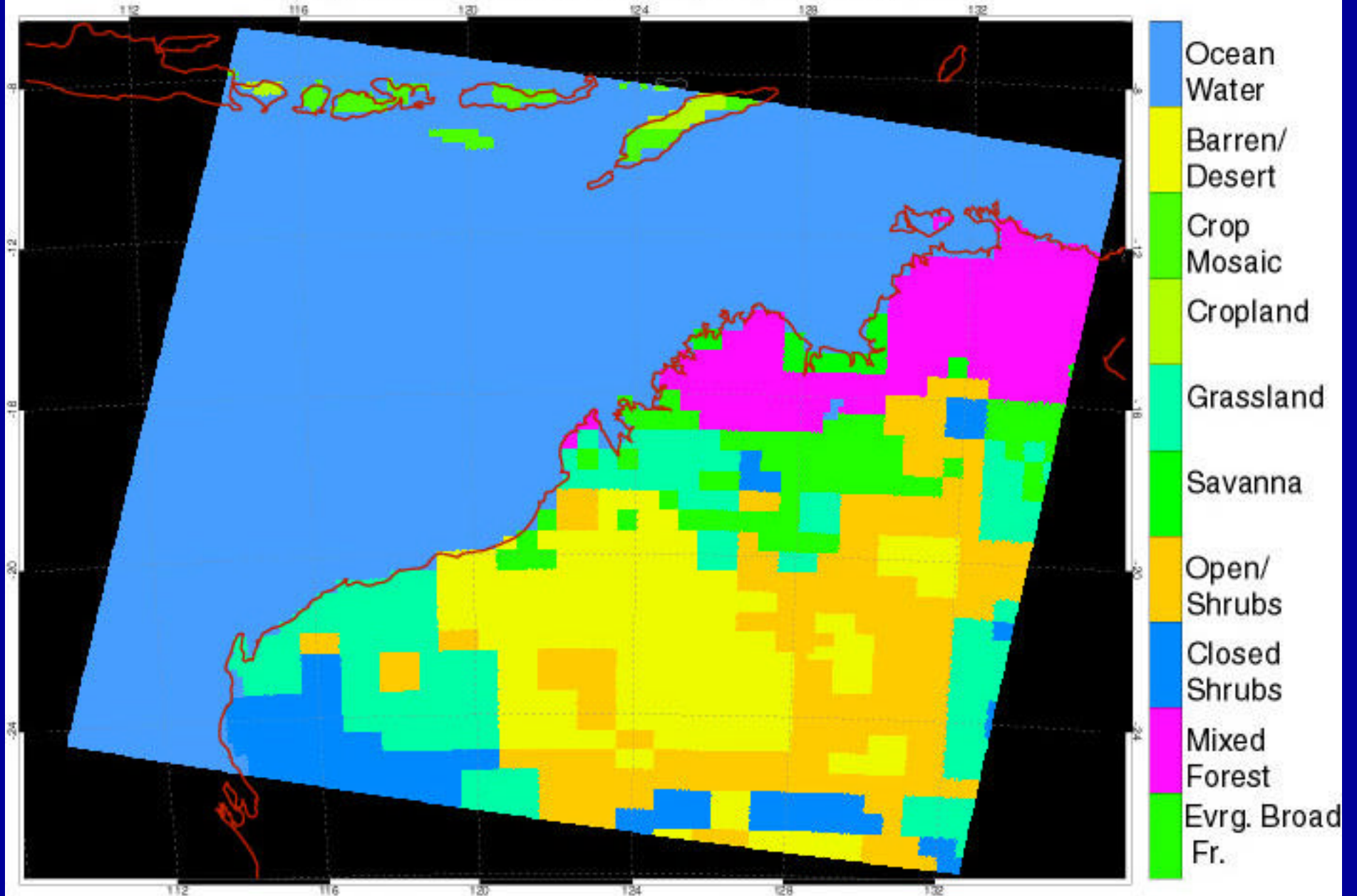


Cloud\_Phase\_Reptr\_Proc\_Path Year 2000, Julian Day 110, Time 0220

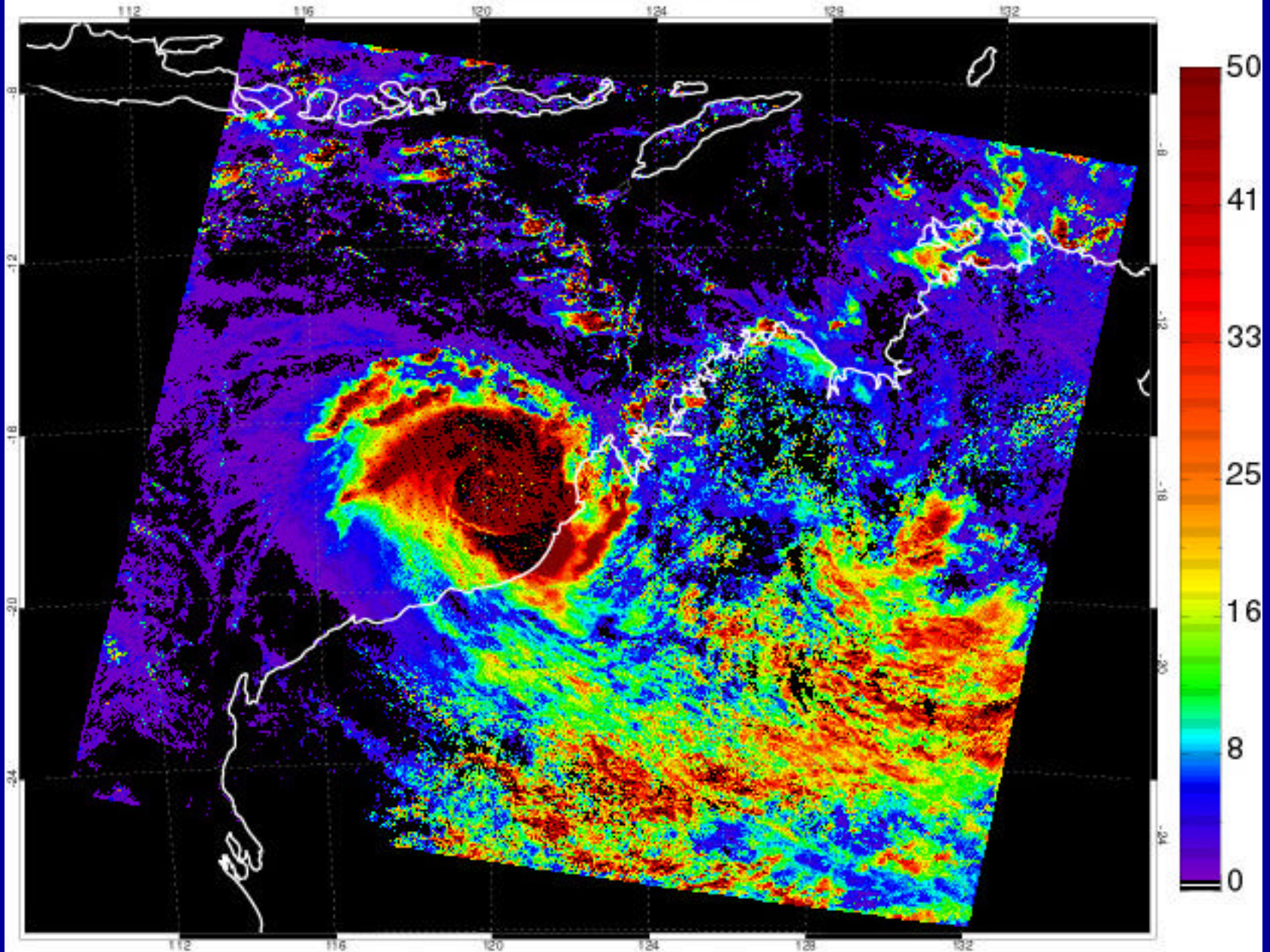




Ecosystem Map, Year 2000, Day 110, Granule 0220.

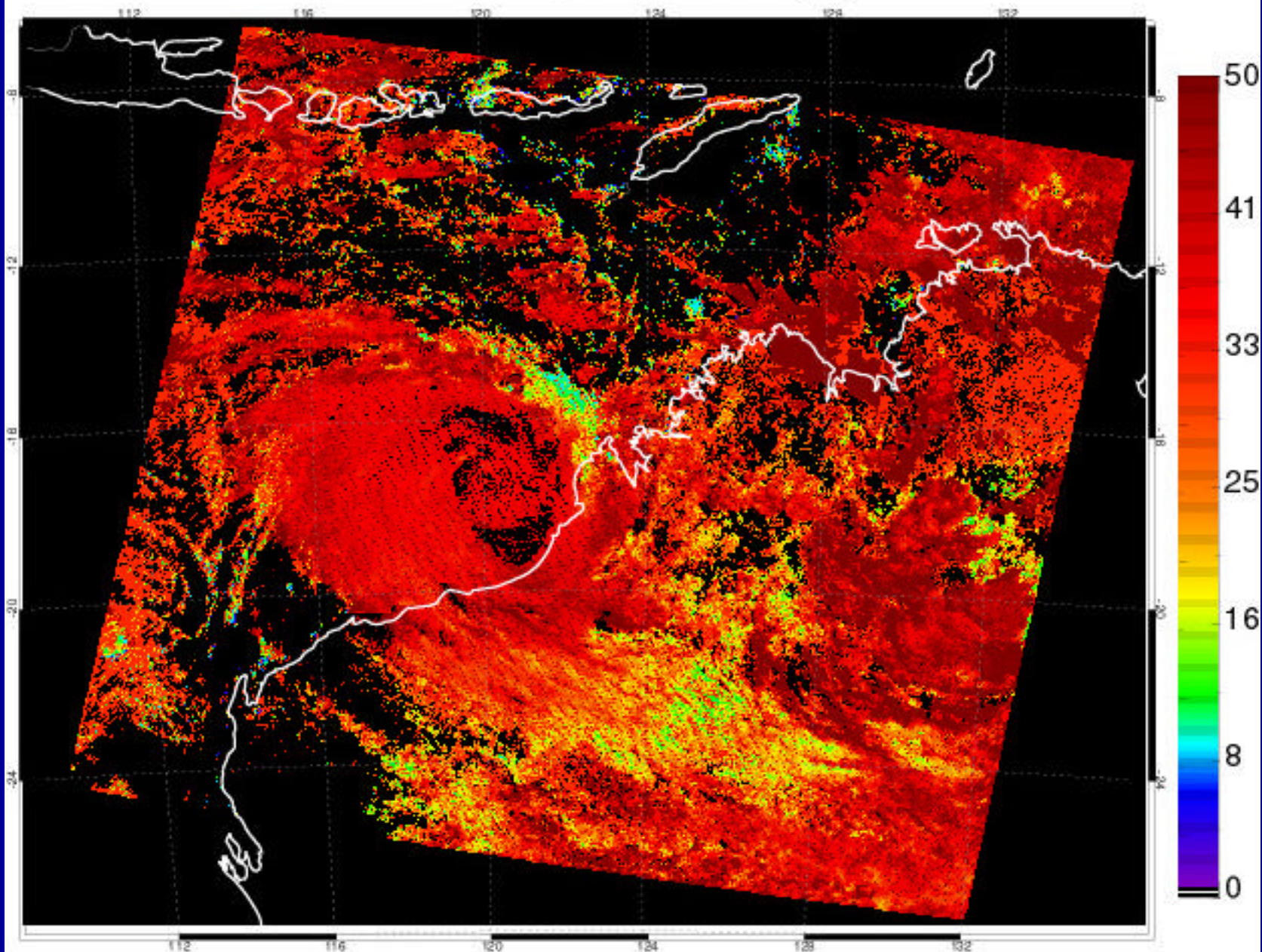


# Optical Thickness



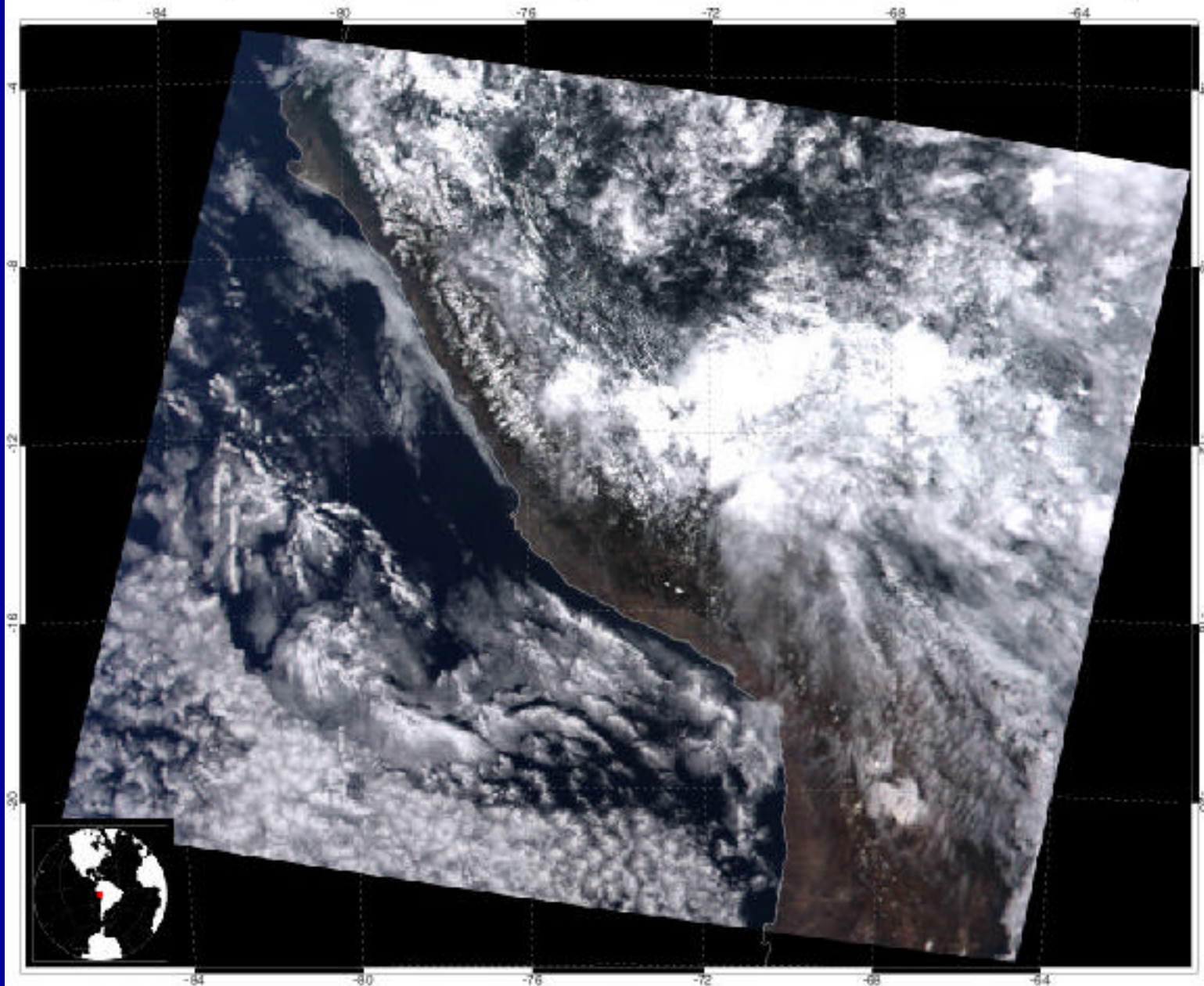


Cloud effective particle radius ( $\mu\text{m}$ )

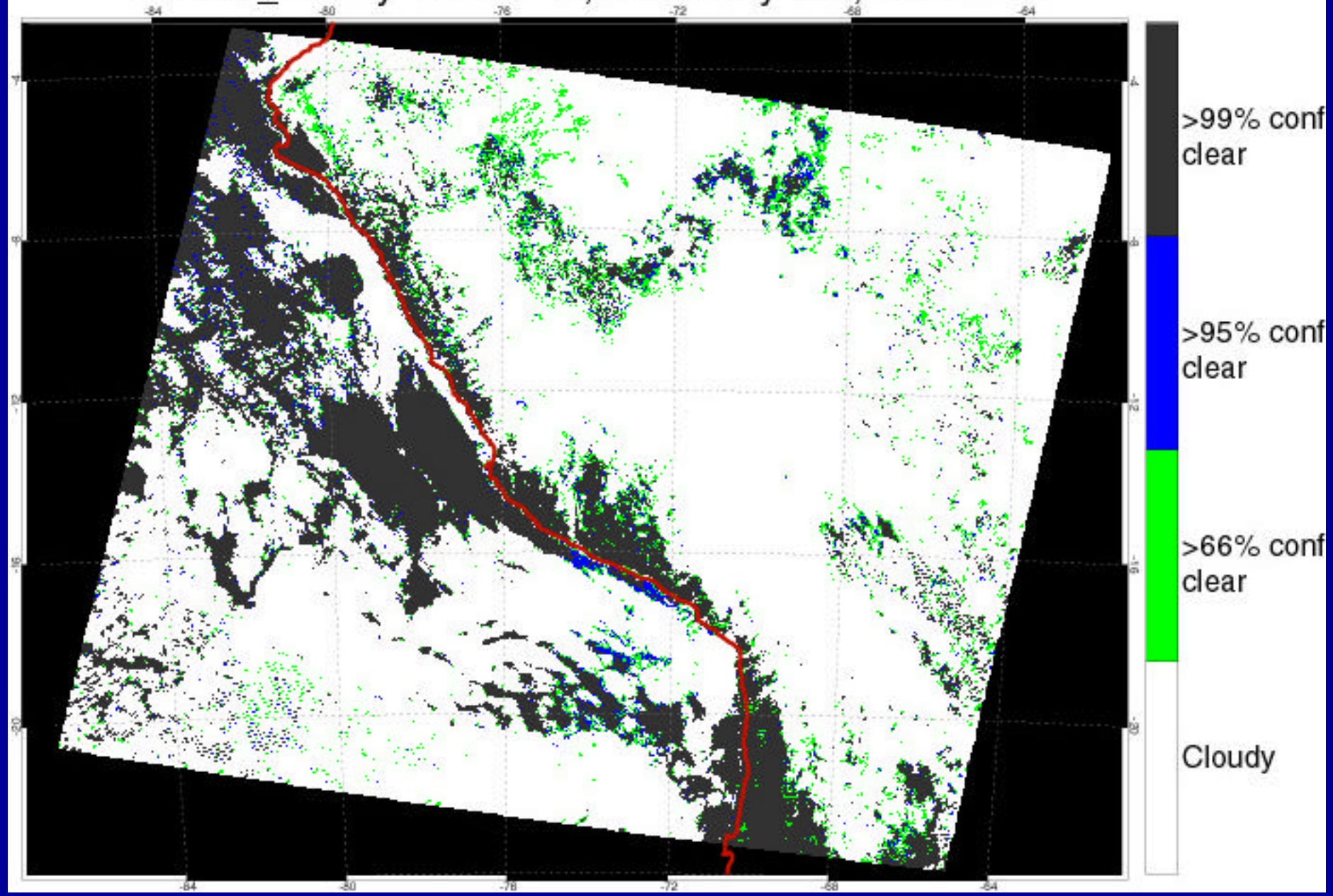




April 19, 2000, 1530 UTC (MOD021KM.A2000110.1530)

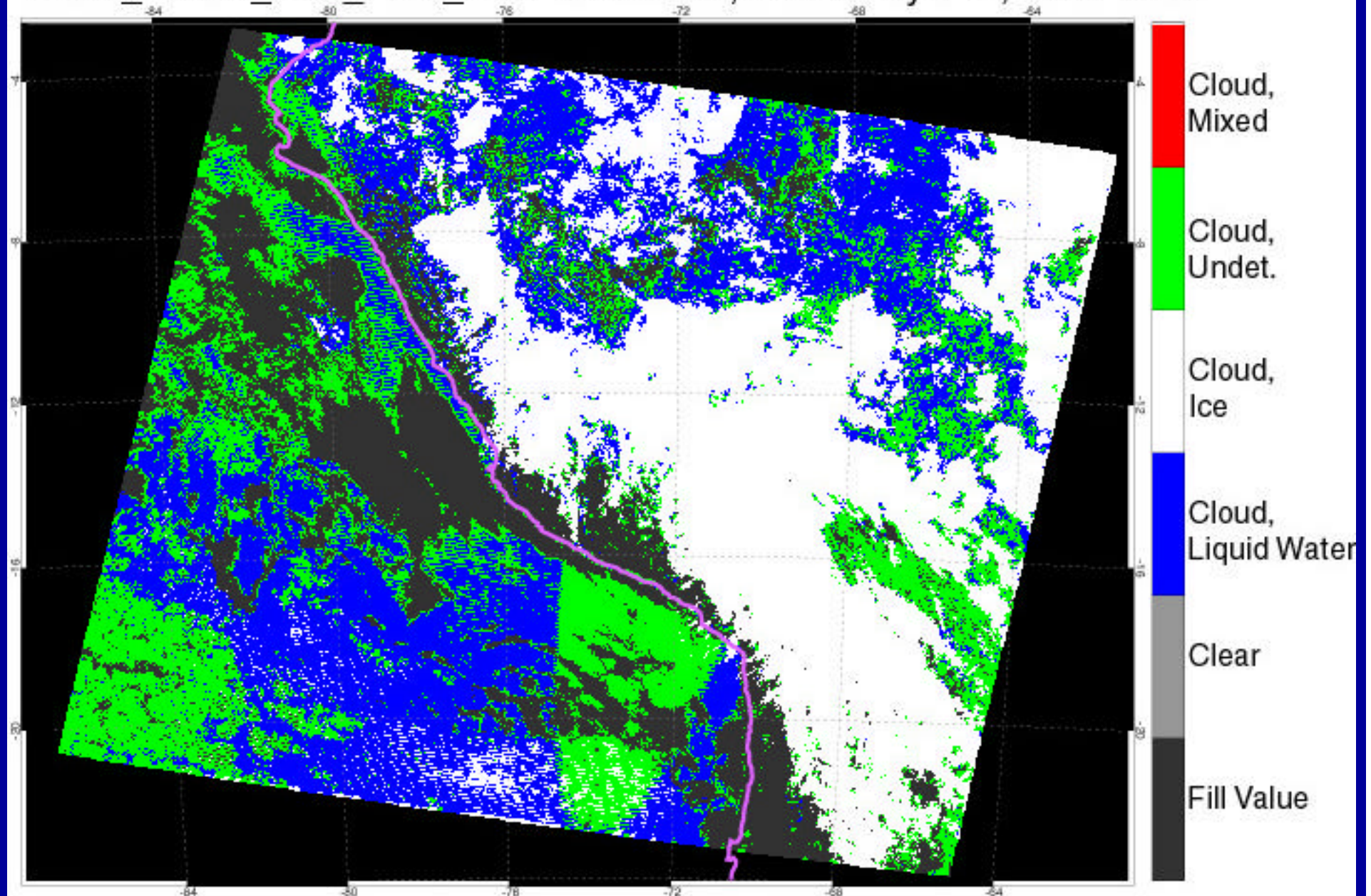


Percent\_Cloudy Year 2000, Julian Day 110, Time 1530



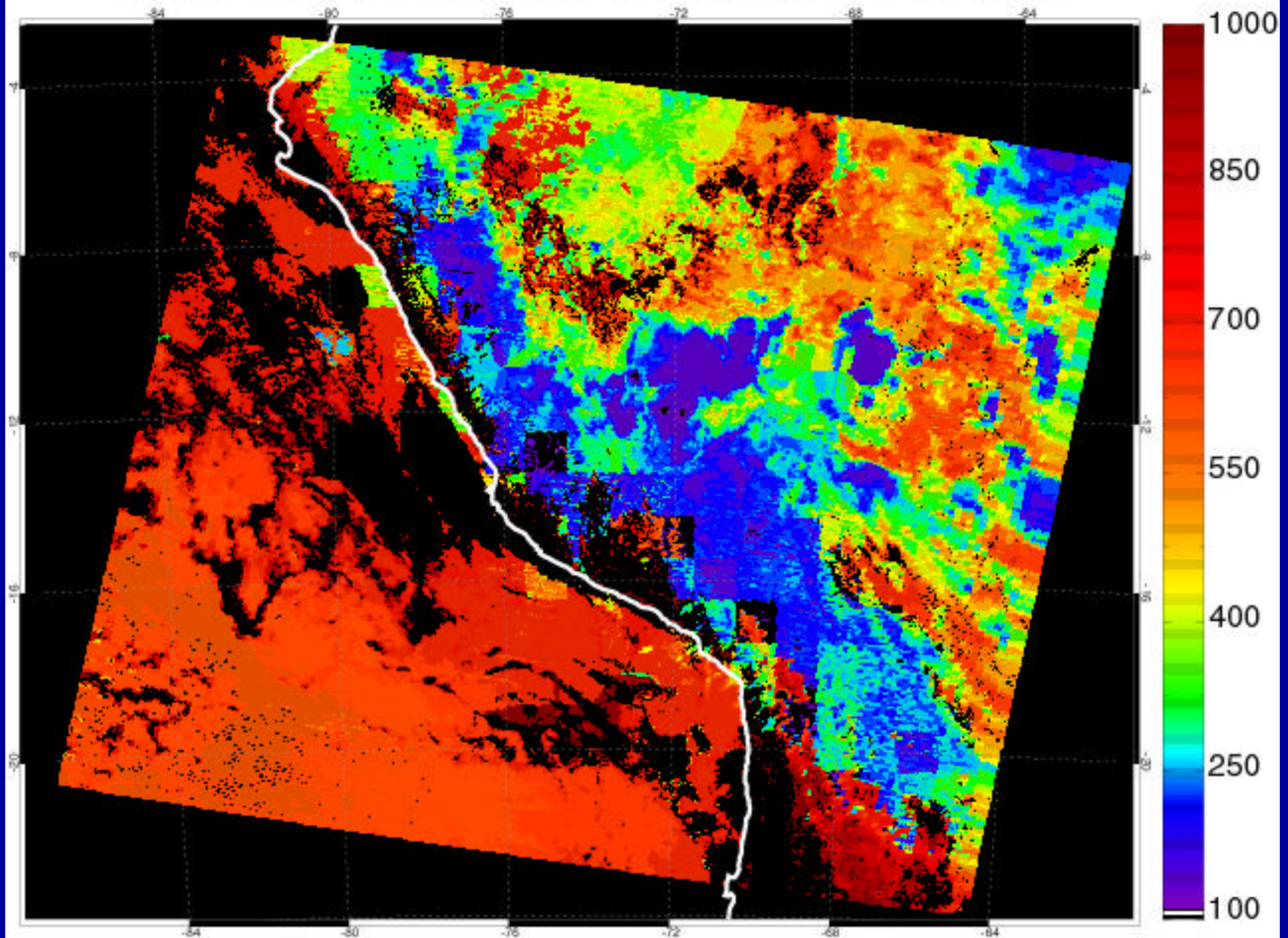


# Cloud\_Phase\_Retr\_Proc\_Path Year 2000, Julian Day 110, Time 1530



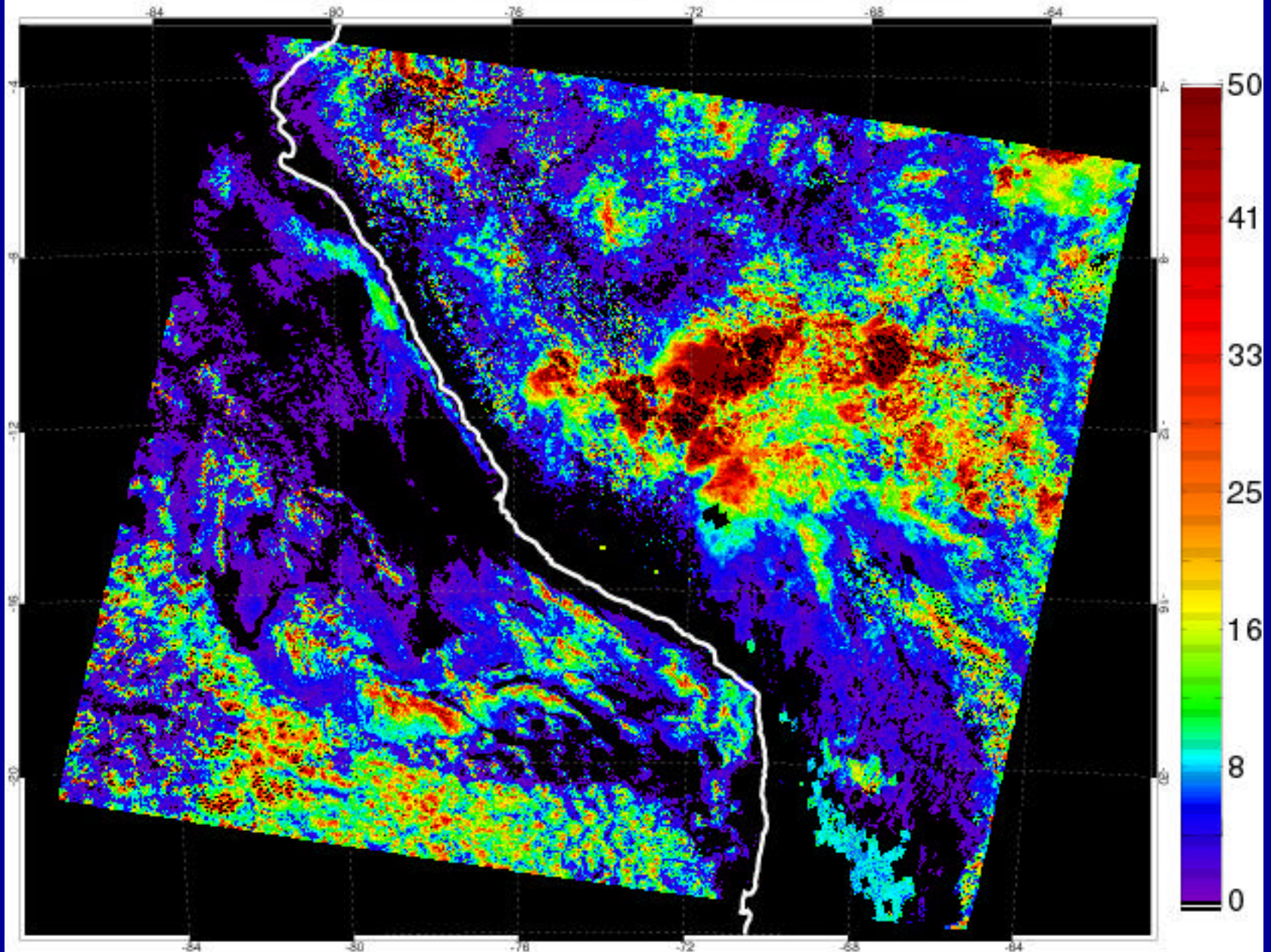


Cloud\_Top\_Pressure (mb), Year 2000, Day 110, 1530



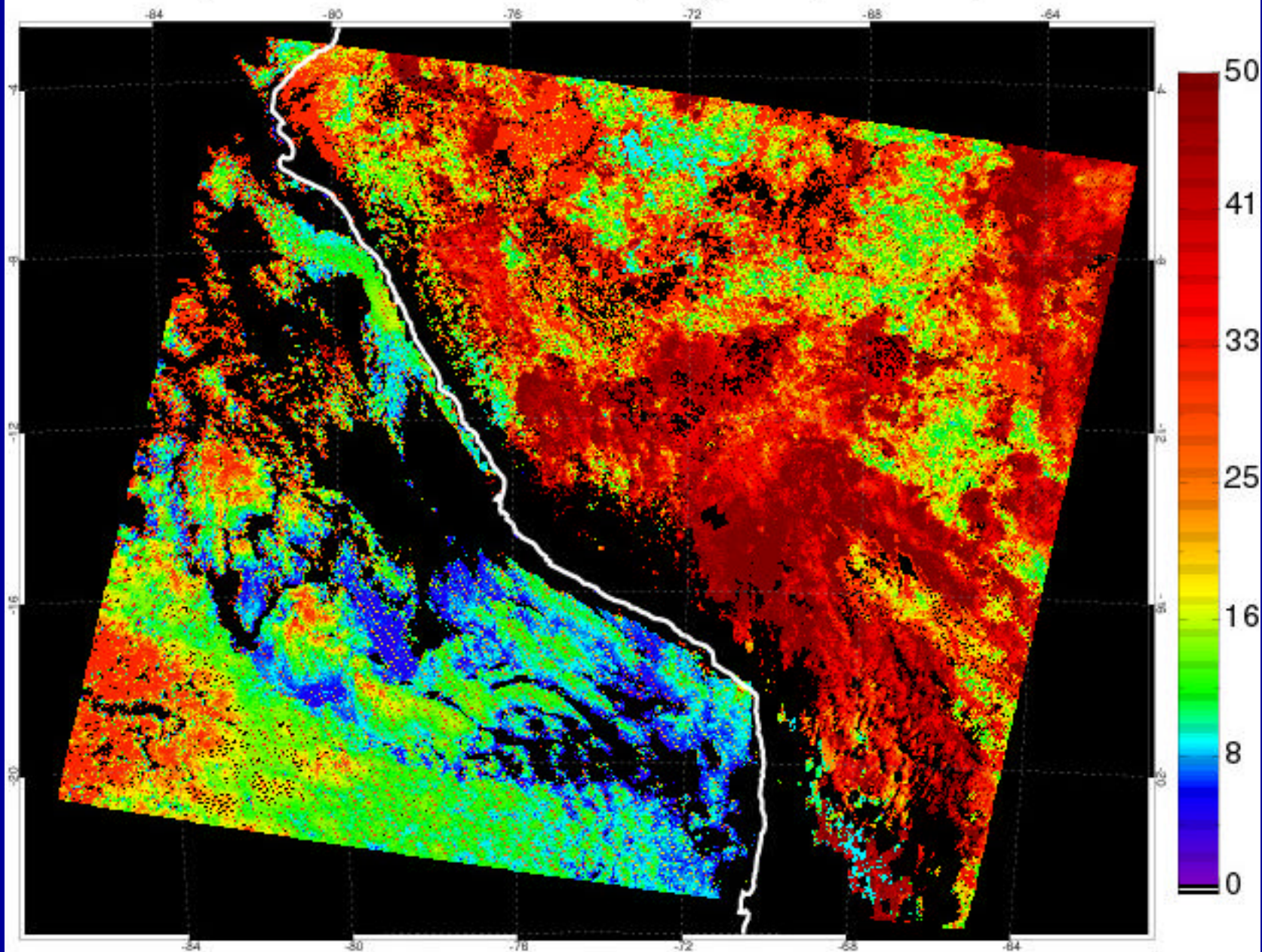


Cloud Optical Thickness, 19 April 2000, 1530





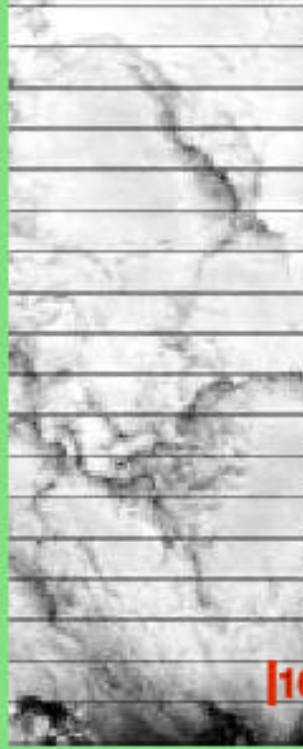
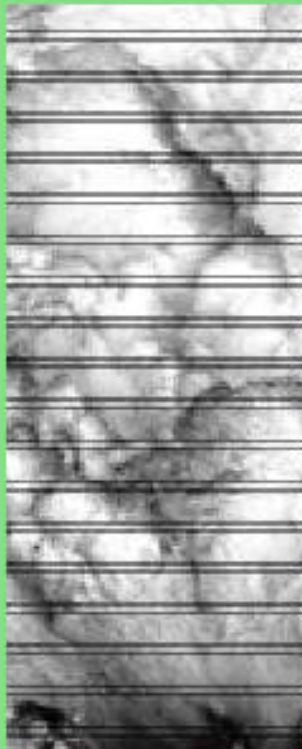
Cloud particle effective radius ( $\mu\text{m}$ ), 19 April 2000, 1530



## L1B

Channel 6 (1.6 $\mu\text{m}$ )

Channel 7 (2.1 $\mu\text{m}$ )



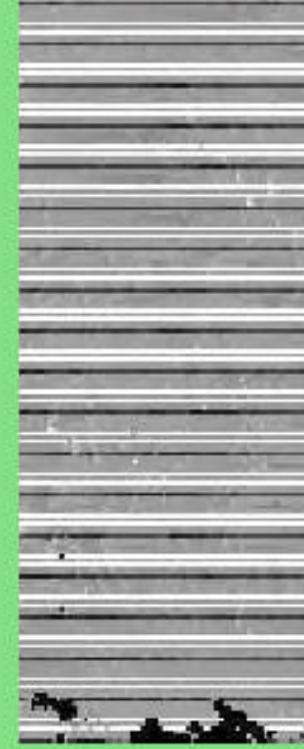
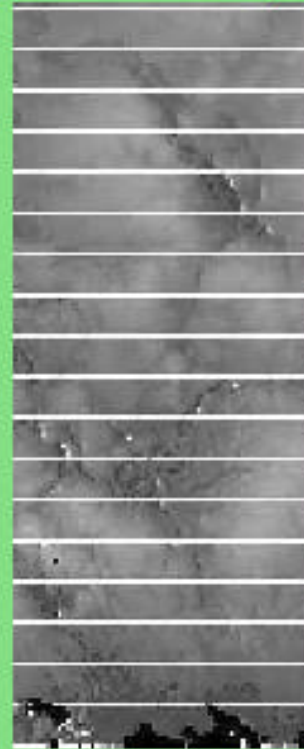
10 km

## L2 effective radius retrievals

Effective radius ( $r_e$ )  
retrieval w/2.1  $\mu\text{m}$

1.6  $\mu\text{m}$  - 2.1  $\mu\text{m}$   
retrieval difference

3.7 $\mu\text{m}$  - 2.1 $\mu\text{m}$   
retrieval difference







## MOD06

### Some early lessons learned

- Global imagery useful for sorting out major processing problems
- *Windhoek* processing critical
- Visualization efforts were time consuming but crucial
- Pixel level QA (processing path, cloud mask) very useful