

STATISTICAL CALIBRATION and DESTRIPIING
MCST (MARCH 2005)

THE ASSUMPTION

ALL DETECTORS SAMPLE THE SAME DISTRIBUTION OF
ILLUMINATION CONDITIONS AND
SURFACE REFLECTANCESE
OR
SURFACE TEMPERATURES AND EMISSIVITIES

**PERFECTLY CALIBRATED DETECTOR RADIANCES MUST
HAVE SAME STATISTICS (MEANS, VARIANCES, ETC.)**

**THE DEVIATIONS IN THE STATISTICS OF A DETECTOR
FROM “TRUTH” IS A MEASURE OF CALIBRATION ERROR**

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THE RELATIONSHIPS

$$S_k = F_k(\mathbf{X}); \quad \mathbf{X} = G(\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{C})$$

Error $d\mathbf{C}$ in calibration \mathbf{C} leads to deviation $d\mathbf{S}$ in \mathbf{S}

$$d\mathbf{S} = \mathbf{H} d\mathbf{C}$$

$$H_k = (dS_k/dC_i), \quad (k=1,ns; i=1,nc)$$

For $ns \geq nc$, the optimal solution is diagonal elements

!

$$d\mathbf{C} = (\mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{W} \mathbf{H})^{-1} (\mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{W} d\mathbf{S})$$

!

$$\text{Variance}(d\mathbf{C}) = (\mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{W} \mathbf{H})^{-1} \text{diagonal elements}$$

!

$$W_{kk'} = 1/\text{Variance}(S_k) \text{ for } k=k'$$

$$= 0 \text{ for } k \text{ not equal to } k'$$

Brij Gambhir (Brij@SSAIHQ.com)

SSAI, 10210 Greenbelt Road #600, Lanham Maryland

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PRACTICAL CONSIDERATIONS

Implicit Assumption: Stable calibration

Domain of Validity of Fitted calibration (local)

Selection of Calibration Equation (# of Parameters)

Statistical “Degrees of Freedom” imbedded in the scene

The Quality of Fit

Favor minimum parameter solution

Full Dynamic Range Calibration (Scene Selection)

“Degrees of Freedom”

Dynamic Range Considerations

Composite Scenes

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DESCRIPTION OF TESTING PROCEDURE

Starting Point

Input Scene

Scaling to raw data quantization

Input calibration parameters

Selection of “truth” detector”

Selection of number of statistics to use

Both linear and non-linear fitting

Comparison of Before-Aft statistics of a representative detector

Application of new calibration (linear case only)

Rescaling

Before and after scene comparisons

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Next Steps

Publish the basic algorithm

Develop Criteria for “truth” selection

Test cal stability assumption using varying length segments

Develop/Select “scenes” for full dynamic range calibration

Develop criteria to identify the need for nonlinear fit

Apply to the actual raw data and initial cal as input

