



Calibration and characterization adjustments to the MODIS ocean color bands by the OBPG

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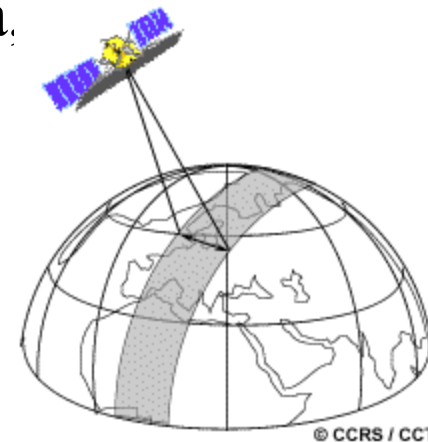
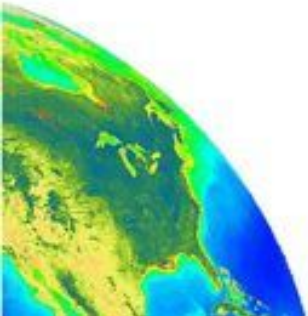
May 2011

MODIS Science Team Meeting 2011, College Park, MD
MODIS Calibration Workshop 2011, College Park, MD



MODIS issues:

- Small calibration errors ($\sim 0.1\%$) lead to striping/erroneous trending in OC products
- MODIS scan angle radiometric sensitivity changes with time (not for SeaWiFS)
- On-orbit calibration can only be trended for lunar view angle (beginning of scan) and solar diffuser view angle (2nd half of scan, see later slide)
- No on-board capability to trend polarization sensitivity changes on-orbit (not an issue yet for MODIS Aqua, but for MODIS Terra)



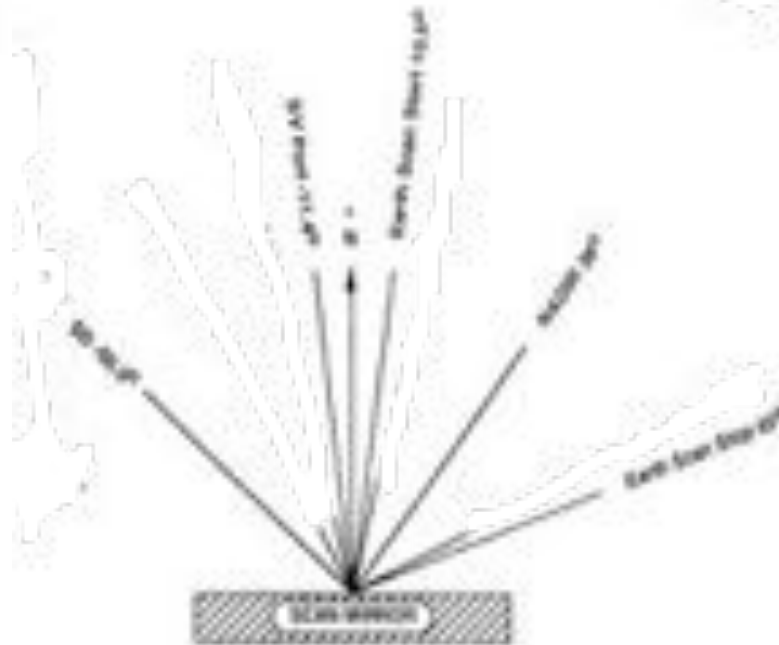
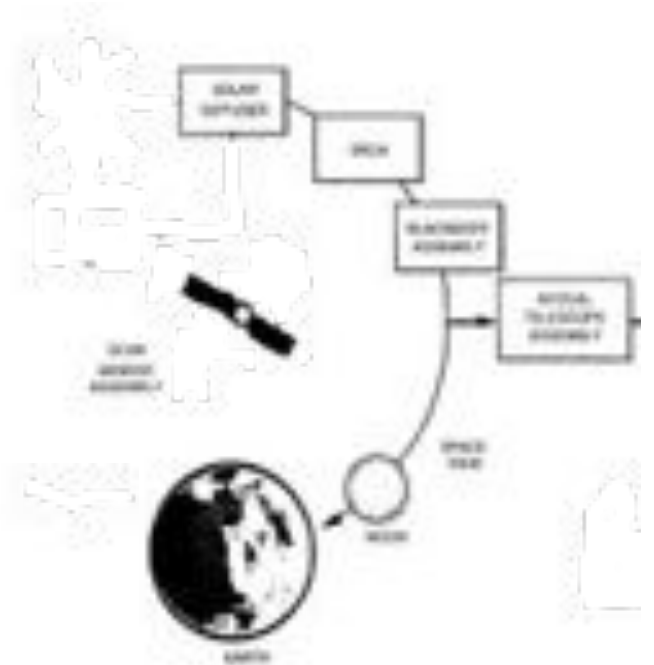
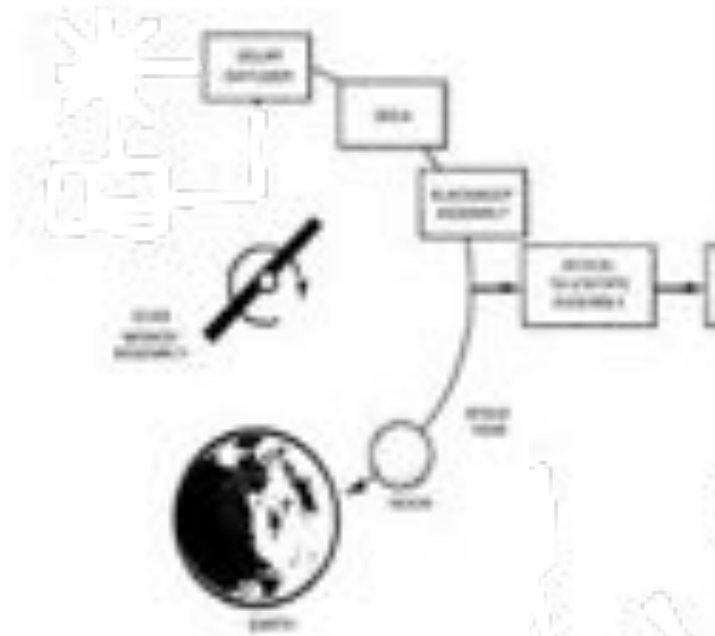
Overview:

- First part: MODIS Terra
 - significant degradation in the blue bands, for both radiometric gain and polarization sensitivity
 - temporal adjustments, based on SeaWiFS for bands 8-12, MODIS Aqua for bands 13-14
- Second part: MODIS Aqua
 - significant degradation in the blue bands for radiometric gains only
 - temporal radiometric gain adjustments for bands 8-9 only, based on SeaWiFS, constant RVS adjustment (small) for bands 10-14

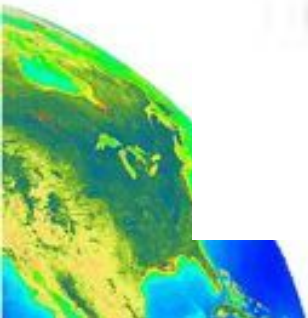
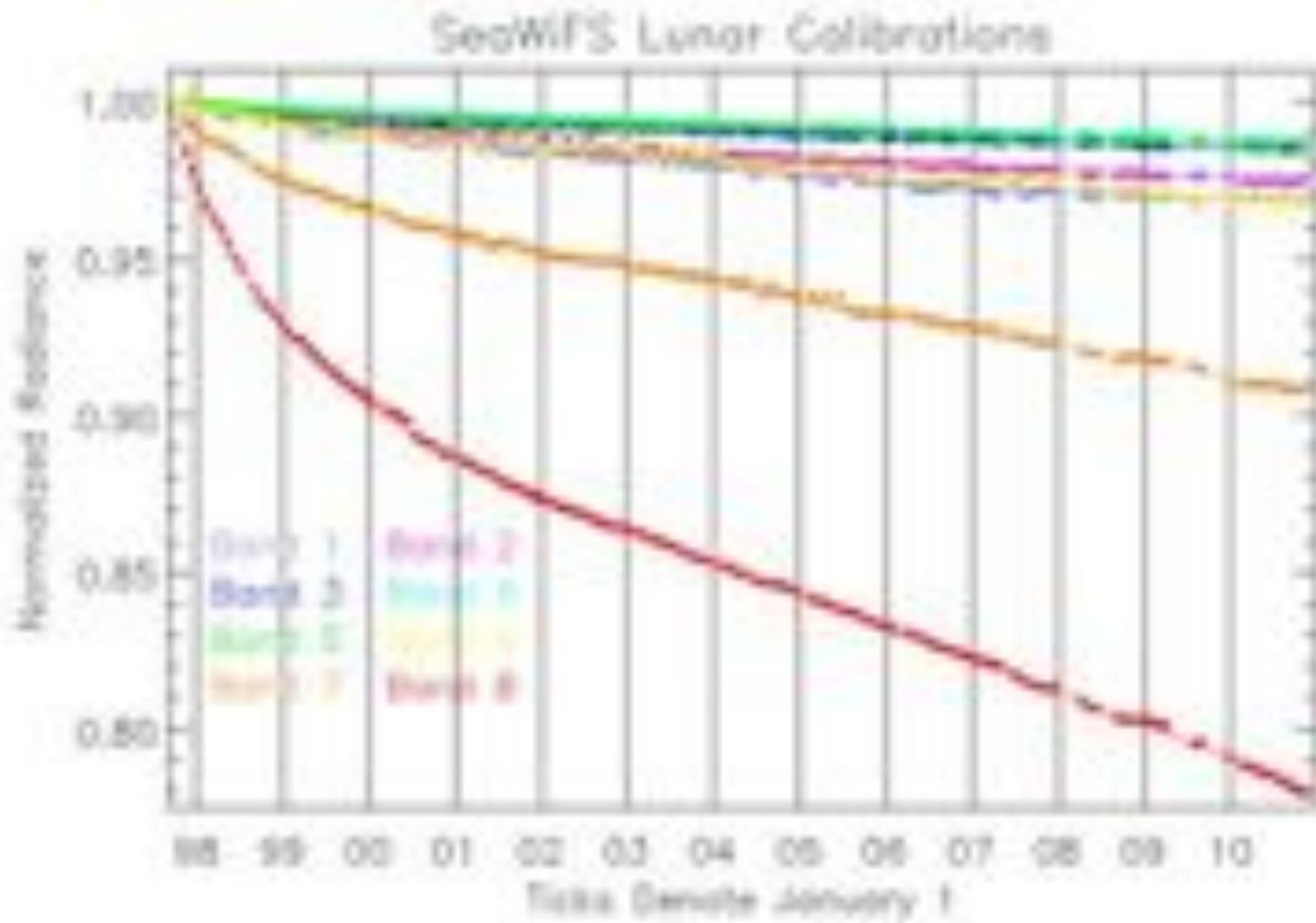


MODIS Optical System

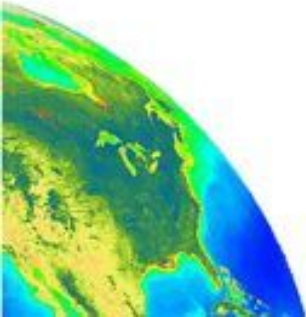
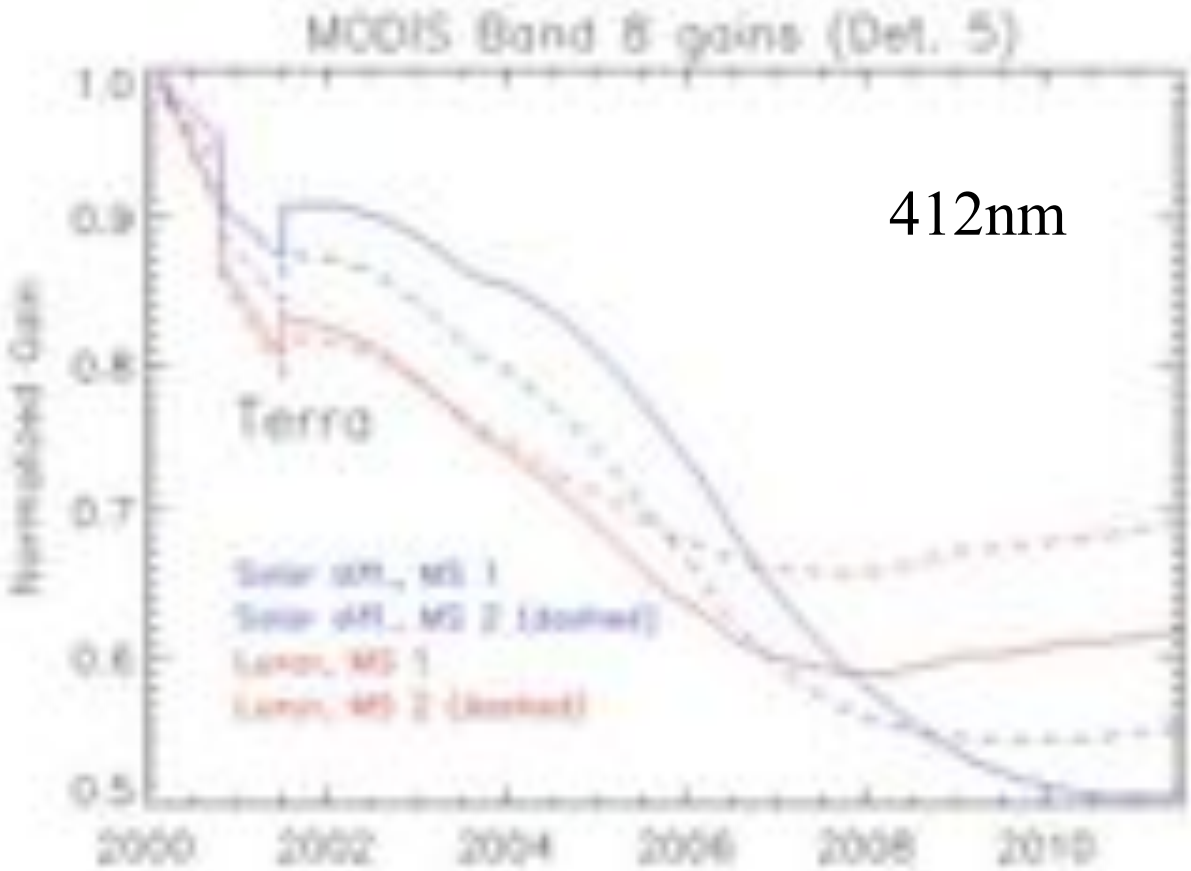
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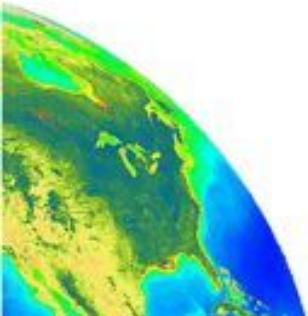
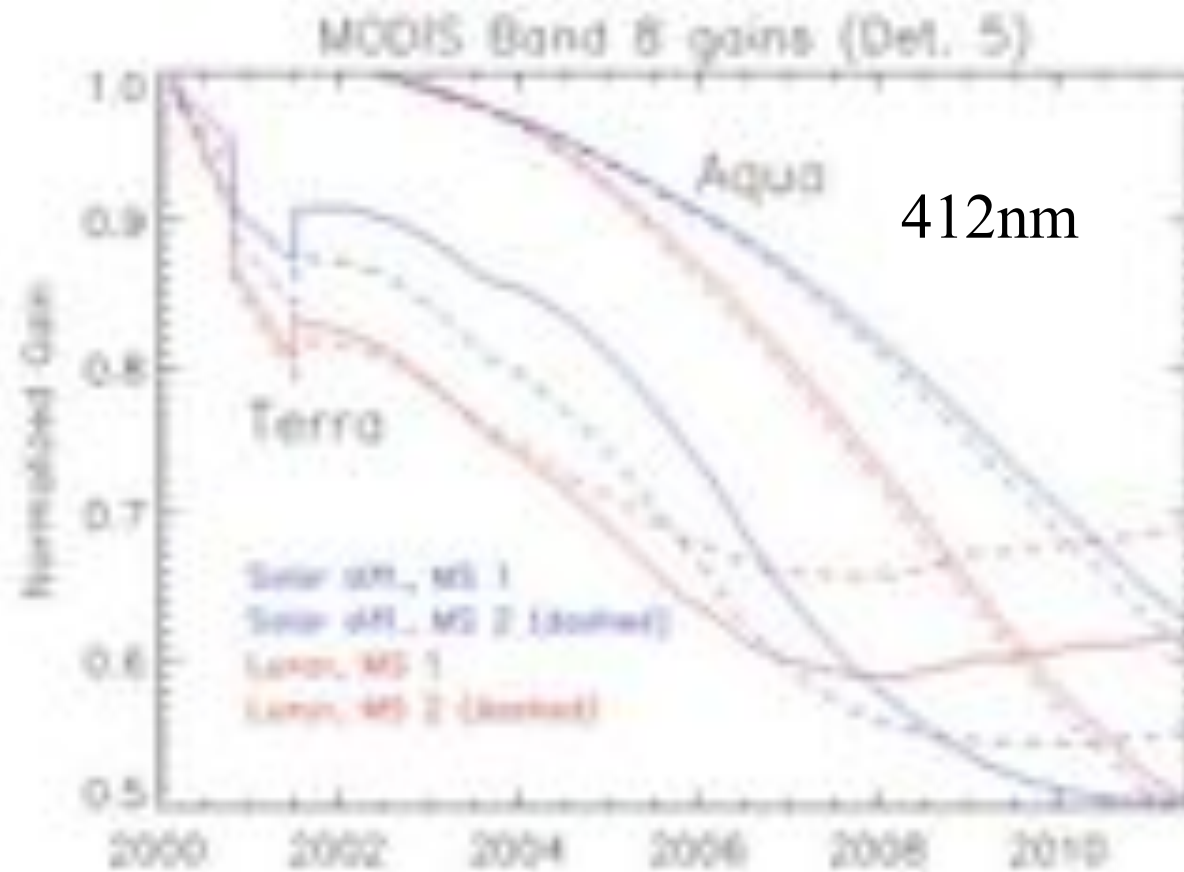
Sensor degradation: SeaWiFS



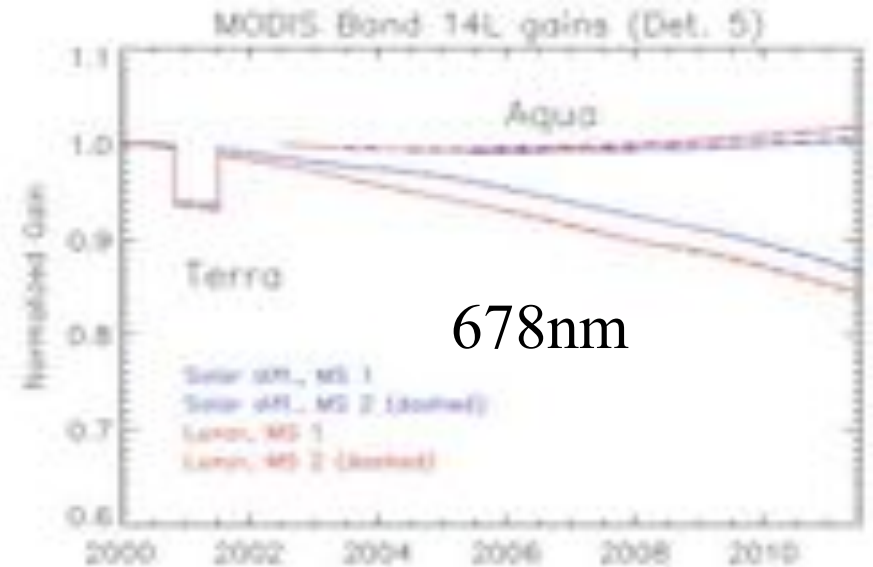
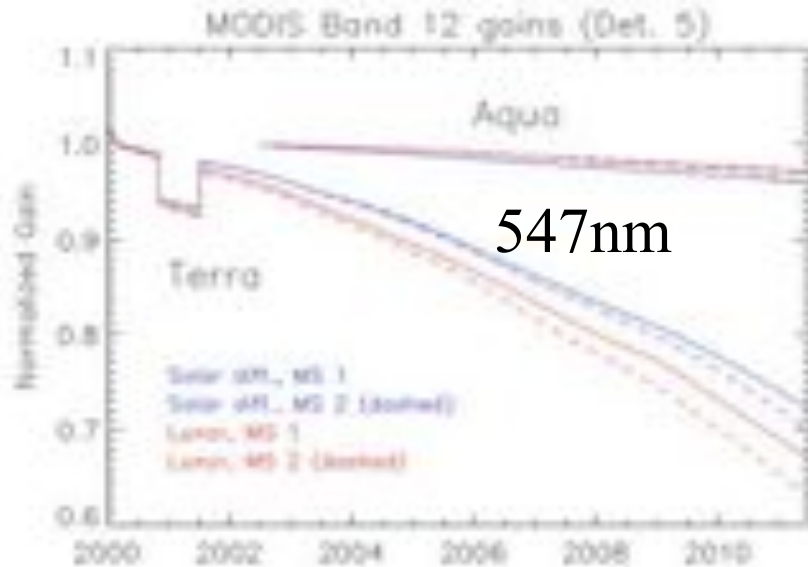
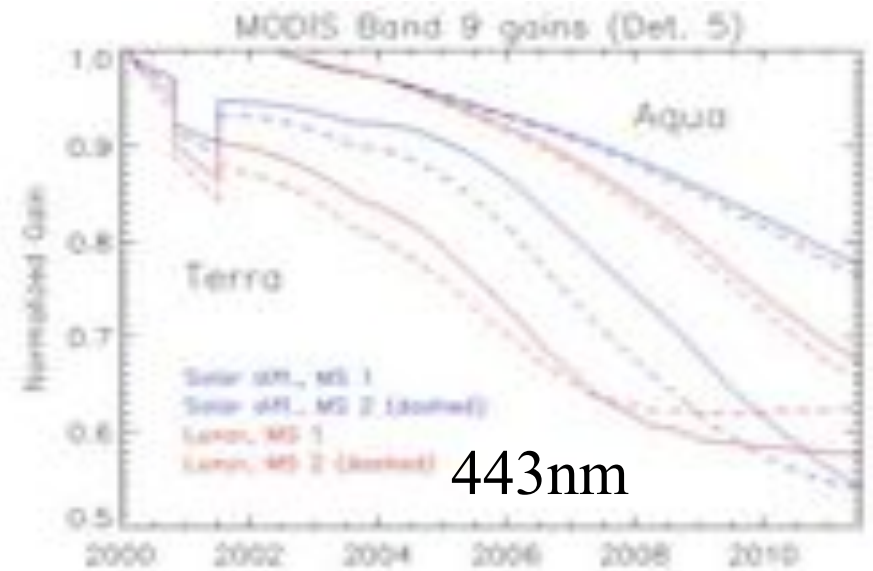
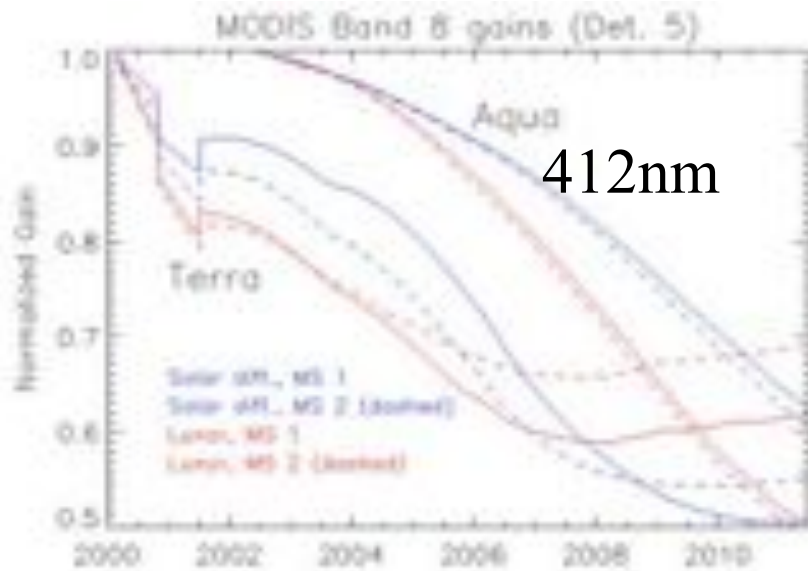
Sensor degradation: MODIS Terra



Sensor degradation: MODIS Terra and Aqua

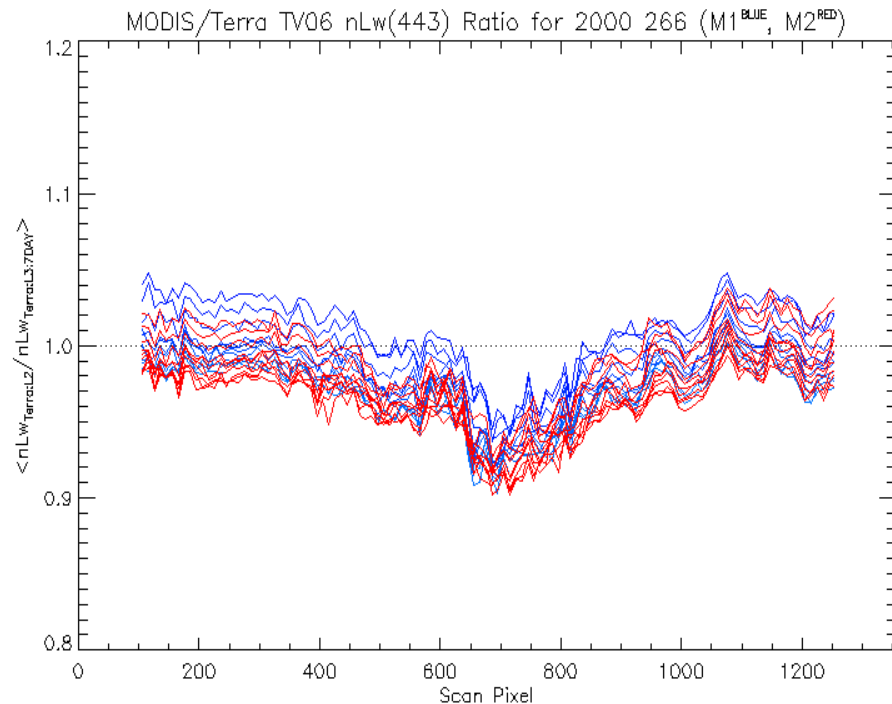


Sensor degradation: MODIS Terra and Aqua

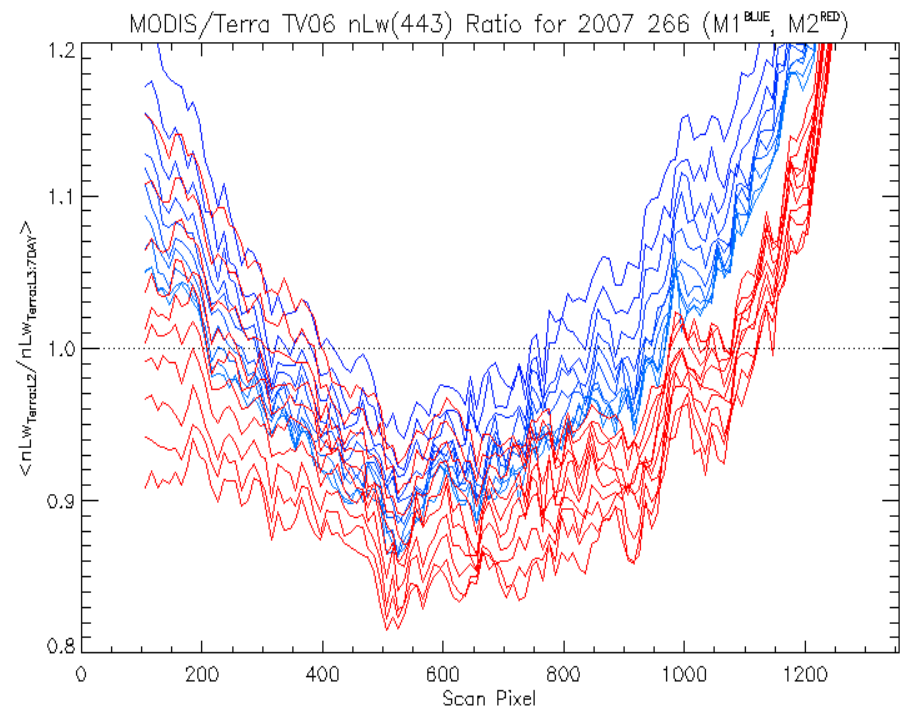


MODIS Terra response-versus-scan (RVS): 443nm

RVS 2000:



RVS 2007:



- Some striping and small RVS dependency in 2000
- Strong striping (mirror side and detector) and large RVS dependency in 2007

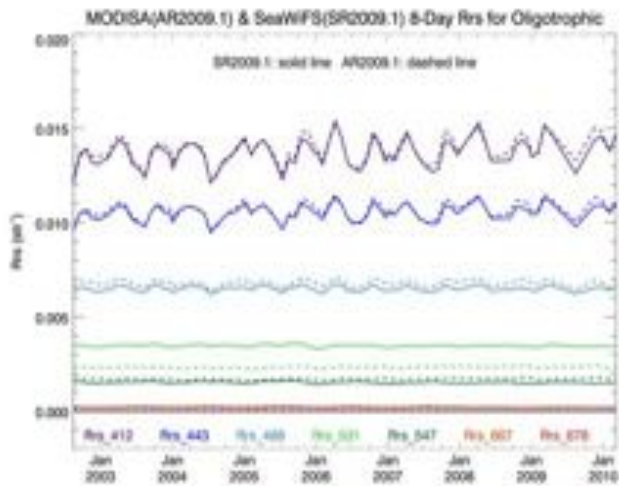


Temporal trend analysis:

Example: SeaWiFS Rrs 412nm for oligotrophic regions

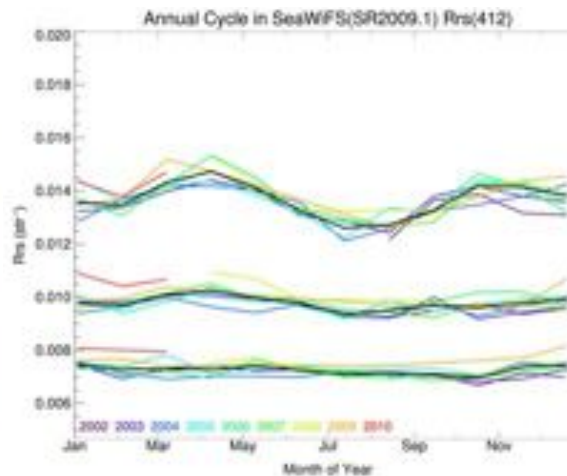
Global average

(solid purple line)



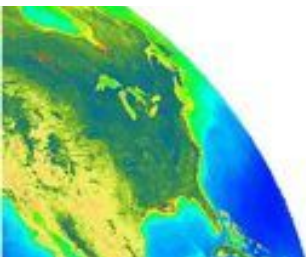
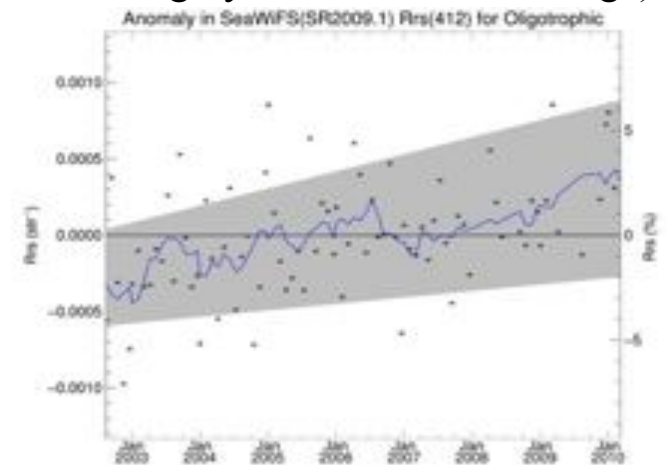
minus annual cycle

(mean of top lines)

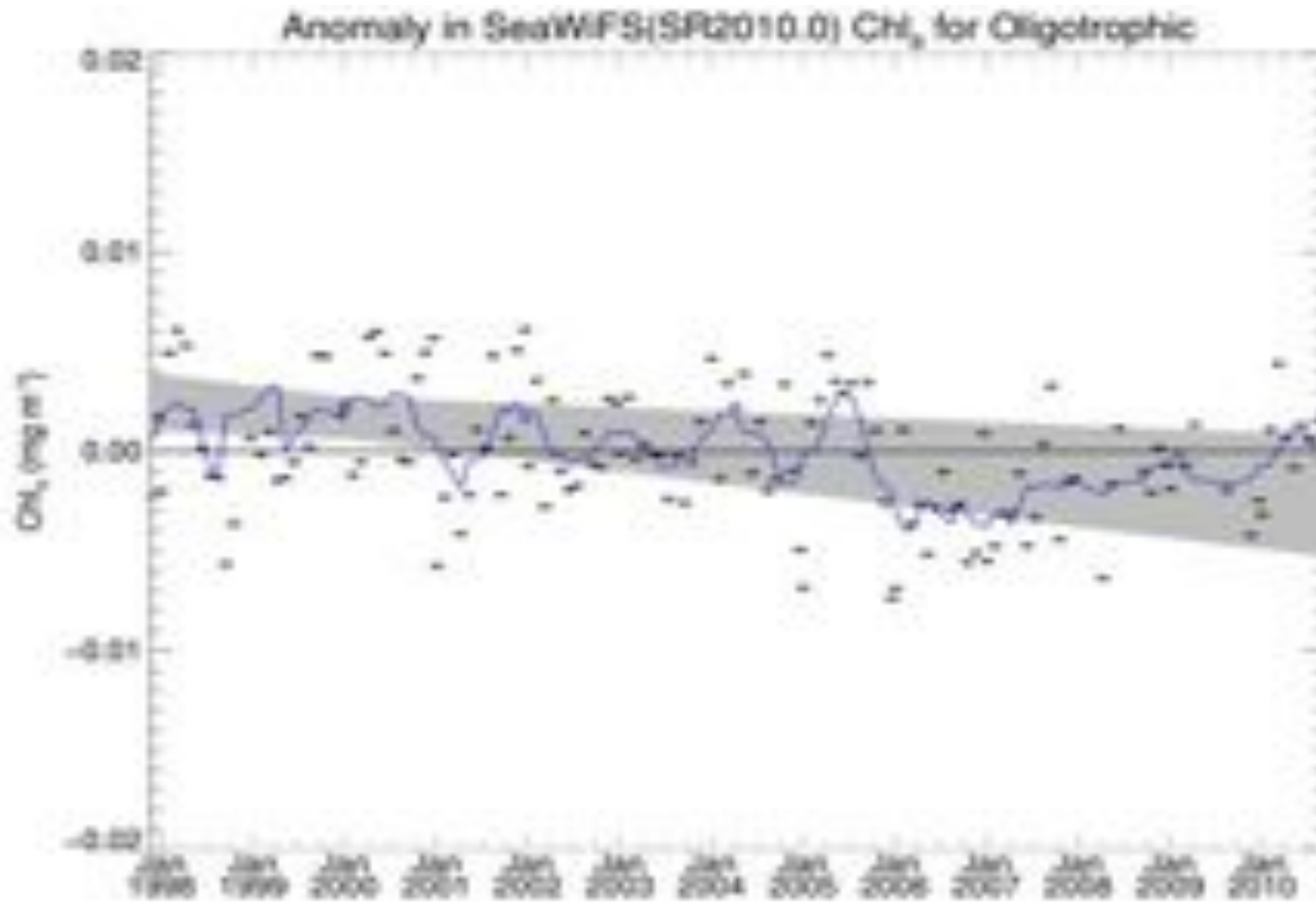


equals anomaly

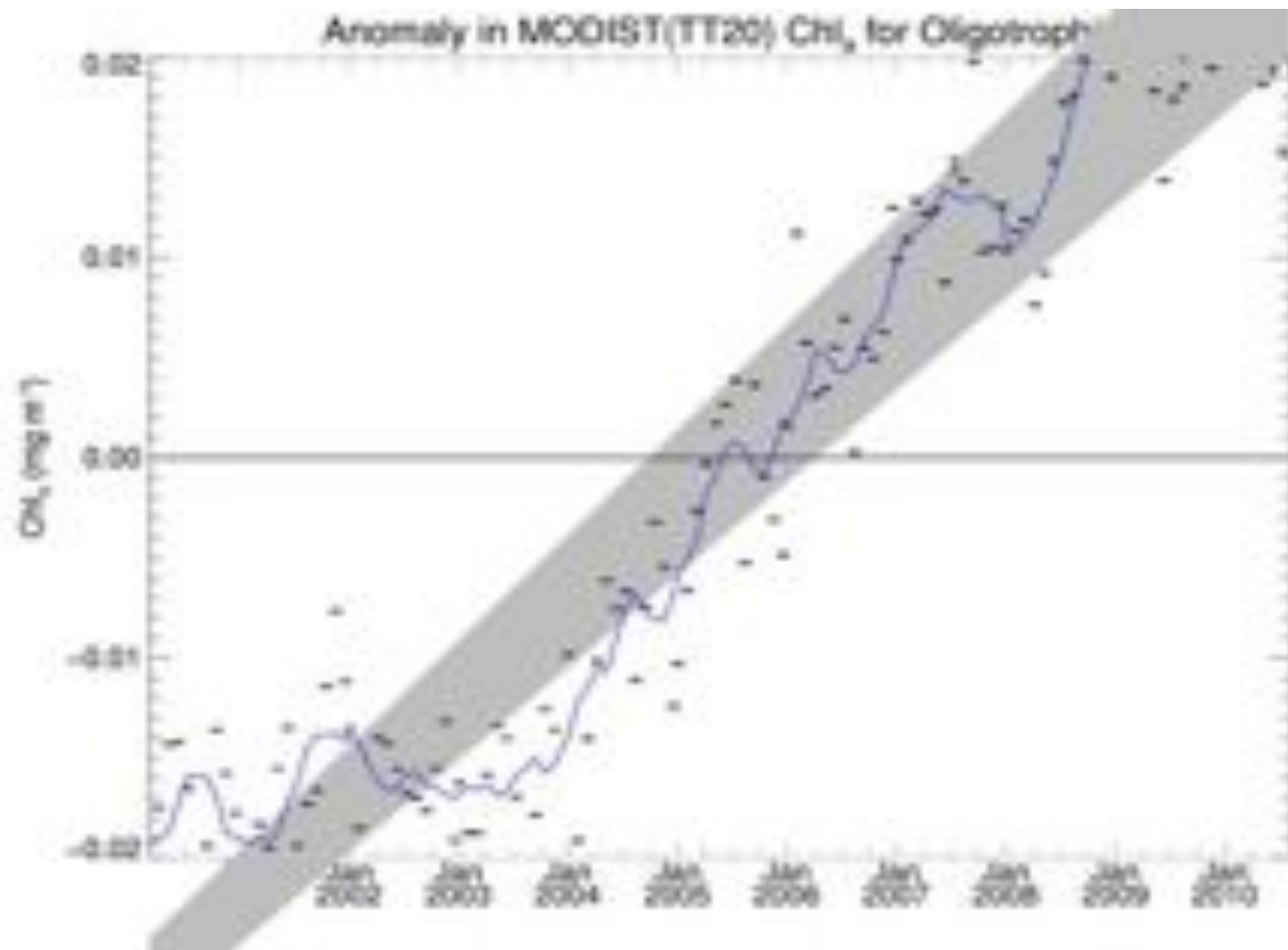
(dots:value with error bar,
blue line:same data smoothed
gray area:linear trend range)



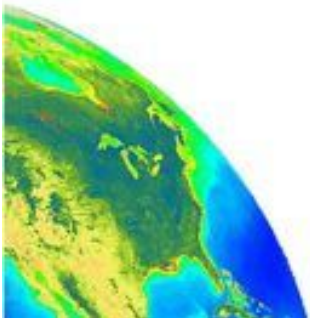
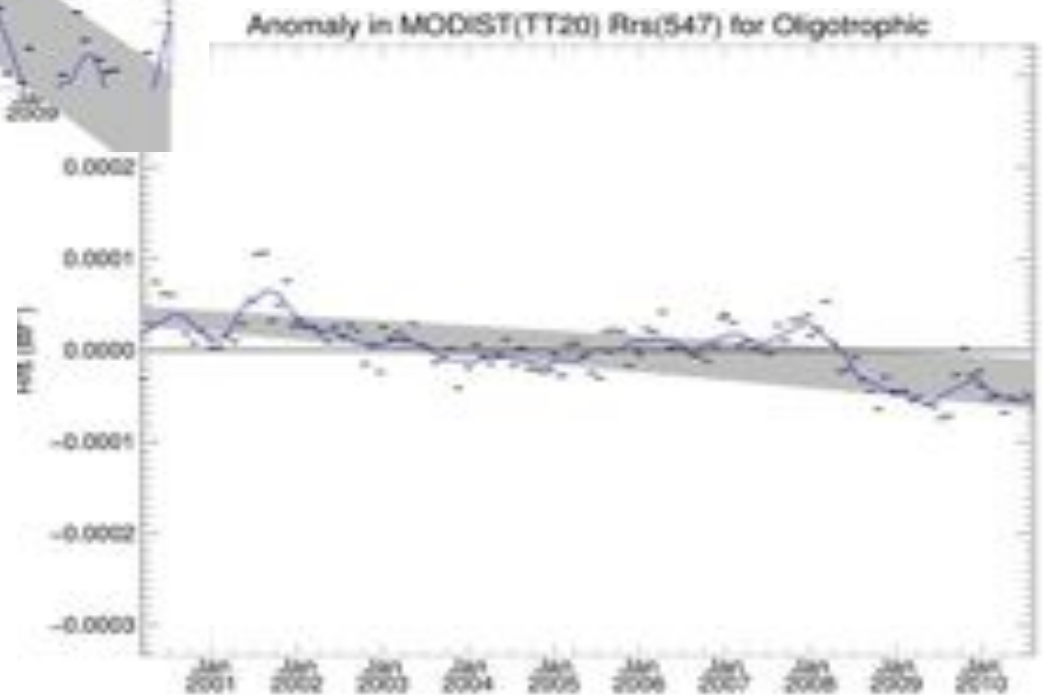
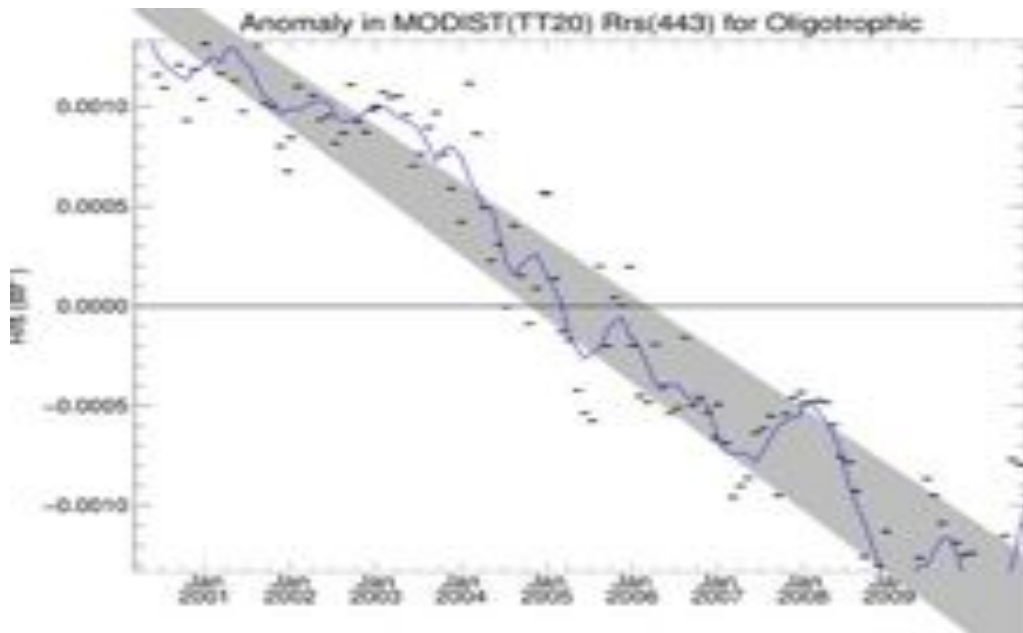
Temporal trend: chl-a SeaWiFS



chl-a trend in MODIS Terra w/o calibration adjustment



443nm and 547nm trend in MODIS Terra w/o cal. adj.

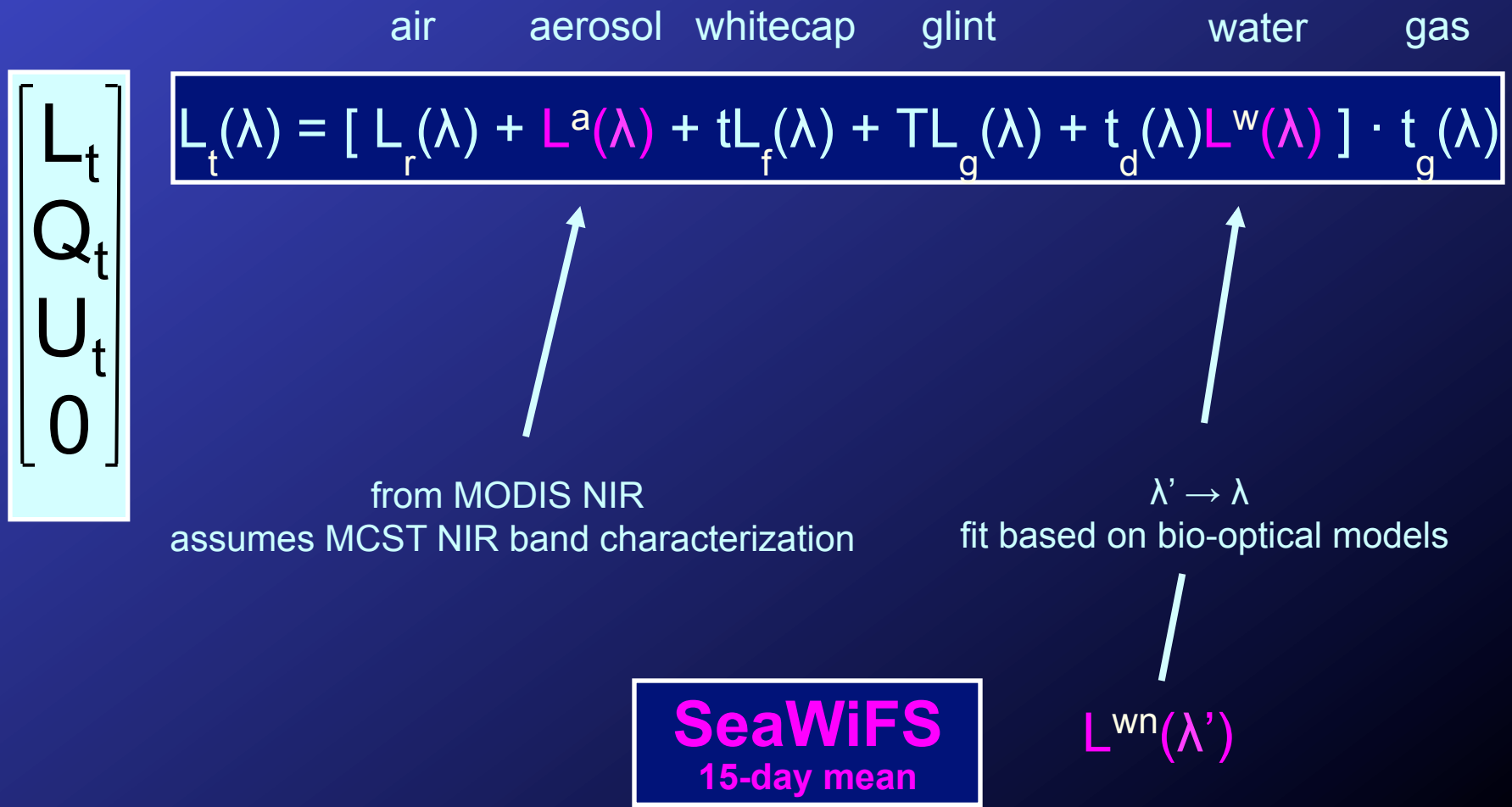


Approach summarized:

- Baseline: MCST lunar and SD trending (not official Collection 6 LUT)
- MCST lunar analysis: time dependent NIR RVS
- MODIS Terra bands 8-12 (& 3-4) crosscalibrated to SeaWiFS (as for Terra in Kwiatkowska et al., Applied Optics, 2008)
- Approach: Use SeaWiFS L3 nLw, bring to TOA, adjust MODIS calibration for every month of the mission (15-day L3)
- Verify with analysis using only MODIS Terra data: temporal trends (seasonal cycle removed) and ratio of L2/L3 versus scan angle



Modeling of TOA Stokes vector over oceans



Crosscalibration approach:

$$L_m/M_{11} = L_t + m_{12}*Q + m_{13}*U$$

L_m : measured TOA radiance (MODIS)

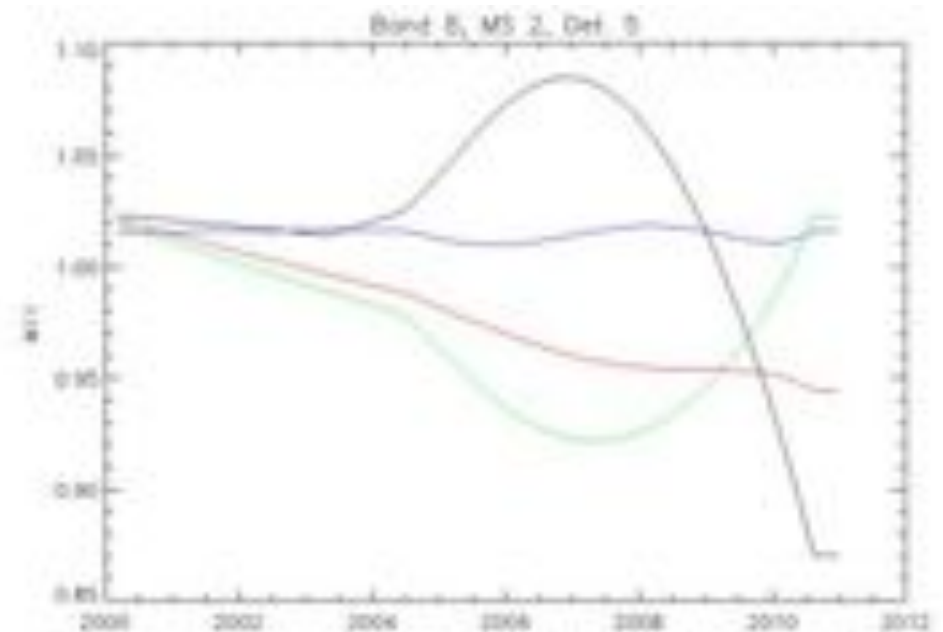
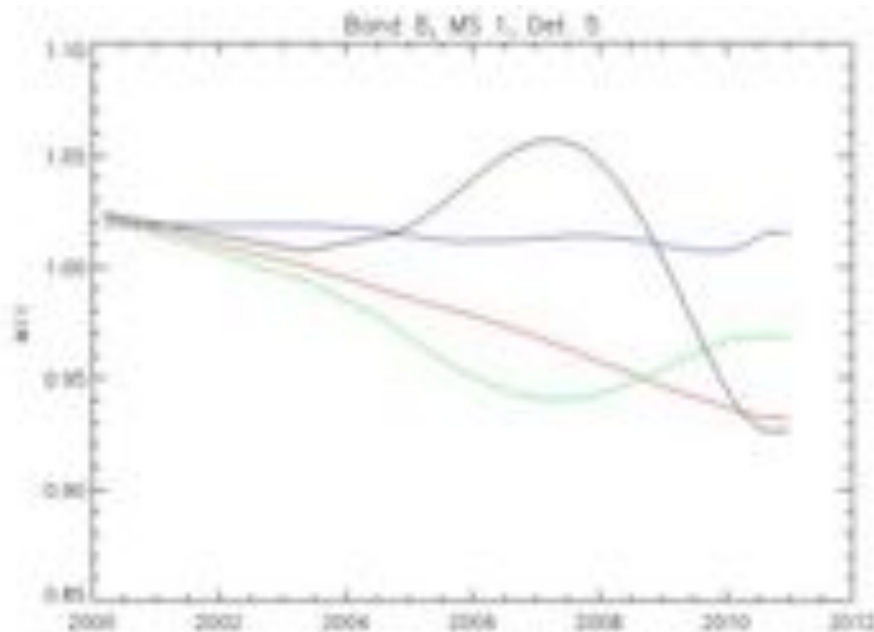
L_t : true TOA radiance (from SeaWiFS)

Q, U : linear Stokes vector components,
modeled from Rayleigh and glint

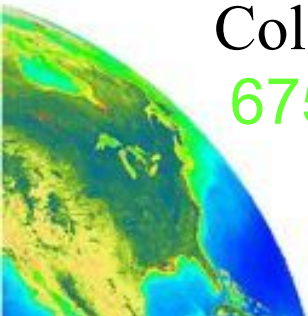
M_{11}, m_{12}, m_{13} : fitted instrument
characterization parameters (depend on
band, MS, detector, scan angle)



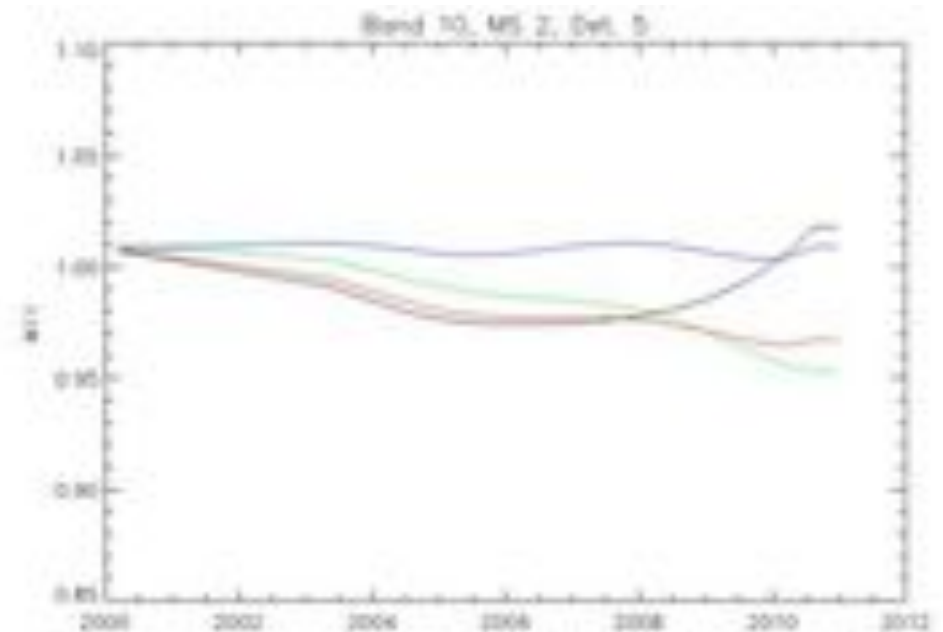
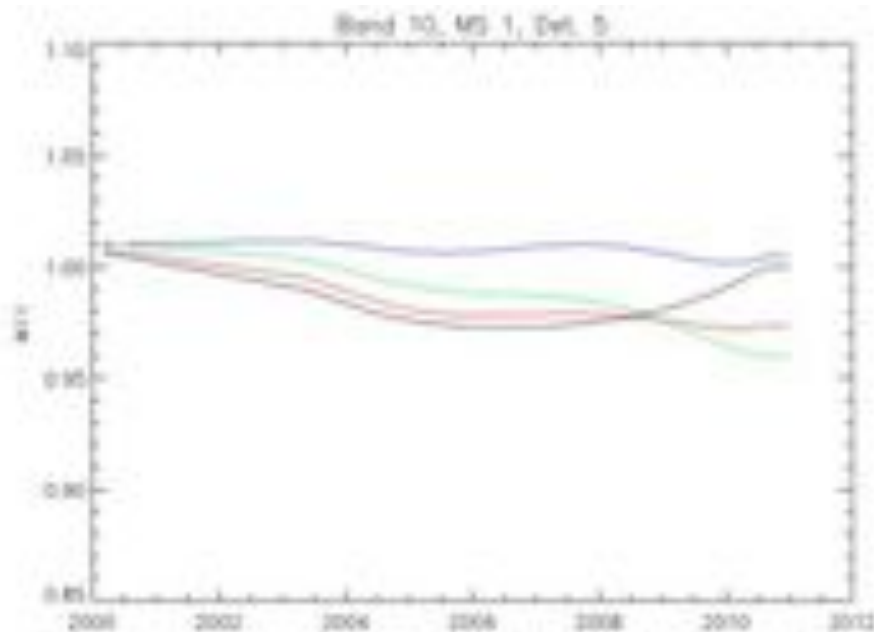
MODIS Terra gain corrections as a function of time at different view angles at 412nm:



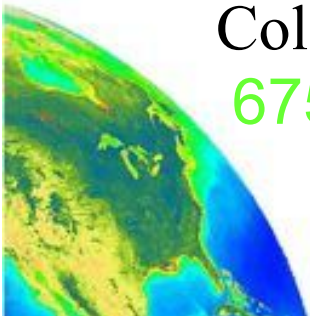
Color coding: Frame/pixel 22 (beginning of scan, lunar), 675 (nadir), 989 (solar diffuser), 1250 (end of scan)



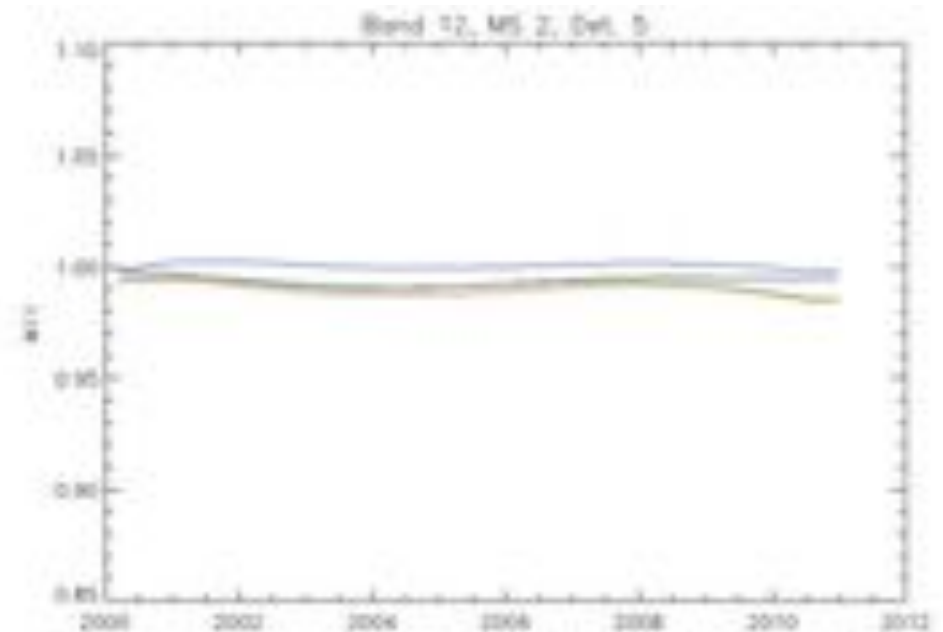
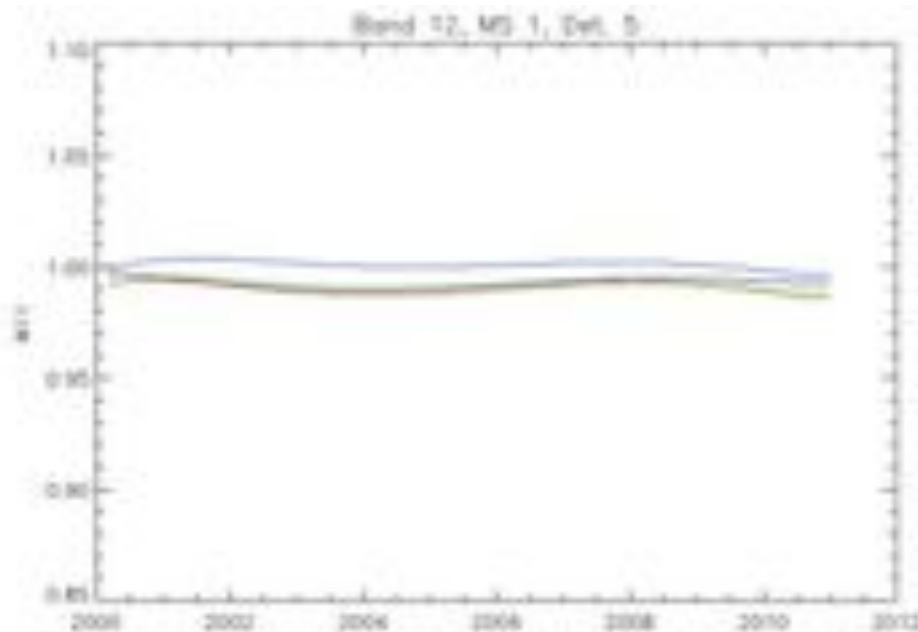
MODIS Terra gain corrections as a function of time at different view angles at 488nm:



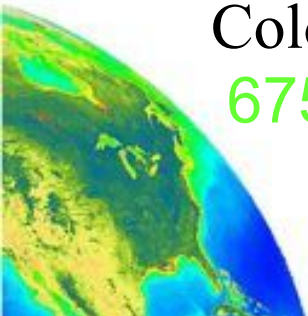
Color coding: Frame/pixel 22 (beginning of scan, lunar), 675 (nadir), 989 (solar diffuser), 1250 (end of scan)



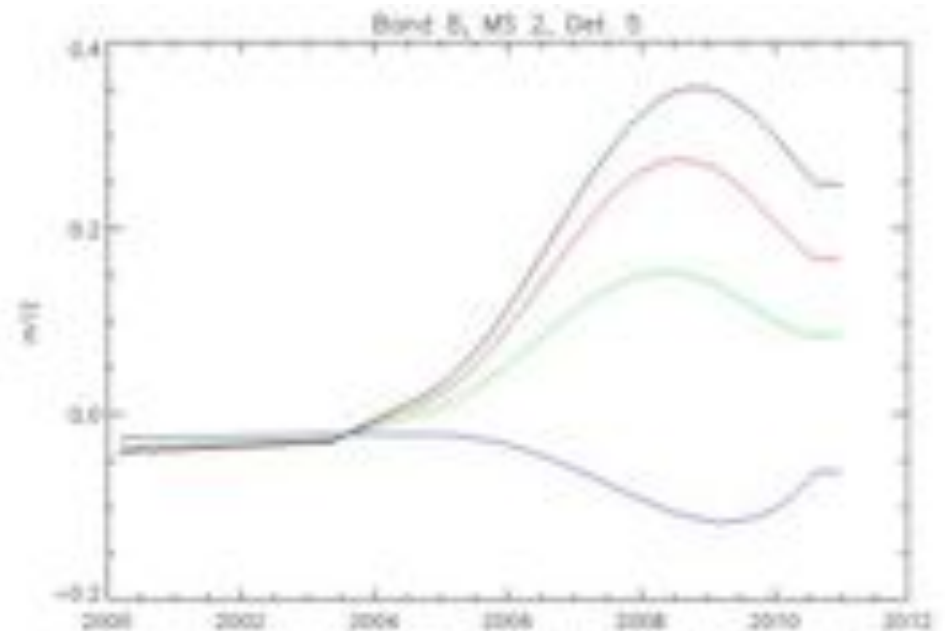
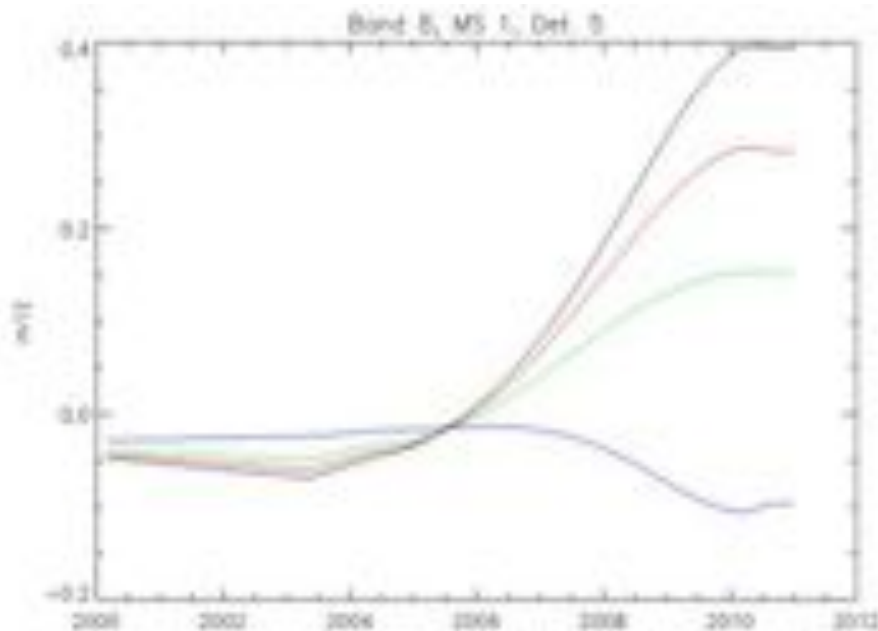
MODIS Terra gain corrections as a function of time at different view angles at 547nm:



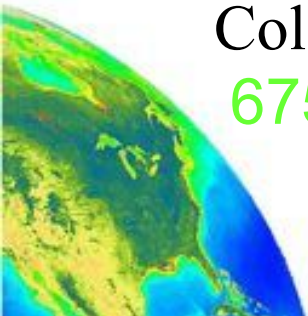
Color coding: Frame/pixel 22 (beginning of scan, lunar),
675 (nadir), 989 (solar diffuser), 1250 (end of scan)



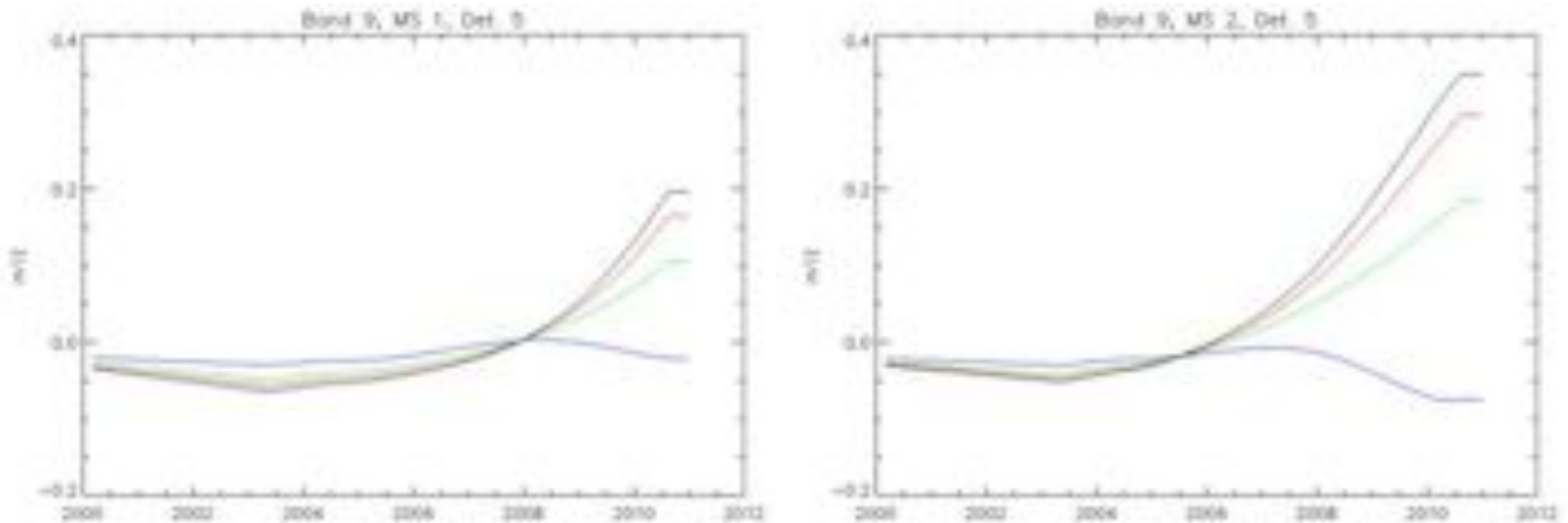
MODIS Terra polarization corrections as a function of time at different view angles at 412nm:



Color coding: Frame/pixel 22 (beginning of scan, lunar), 675 (nadir), 989 (solar diffuser), 1250 (end of scan)



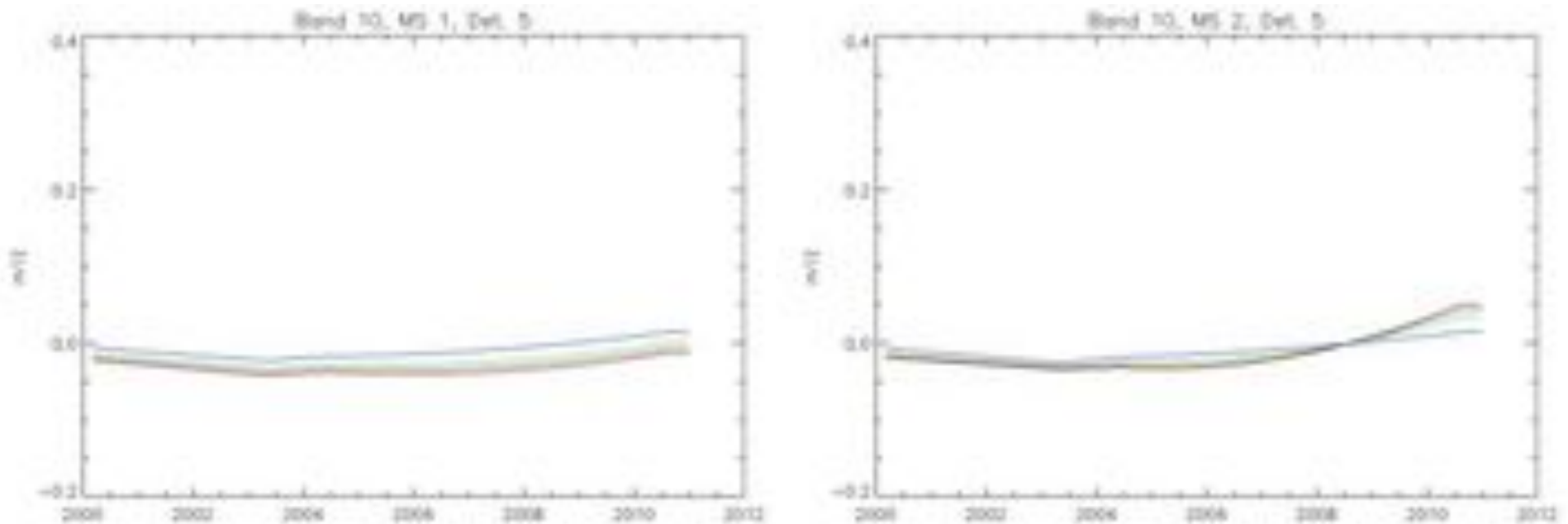
MODIS Terra polarization corrections as a function of time at different view angles at 443nm:



Color coding: Frame/pixel 22 (beginning of scan, lunar), 675 (nadir), 989 (solar diffuser), 1250 (end of scan)



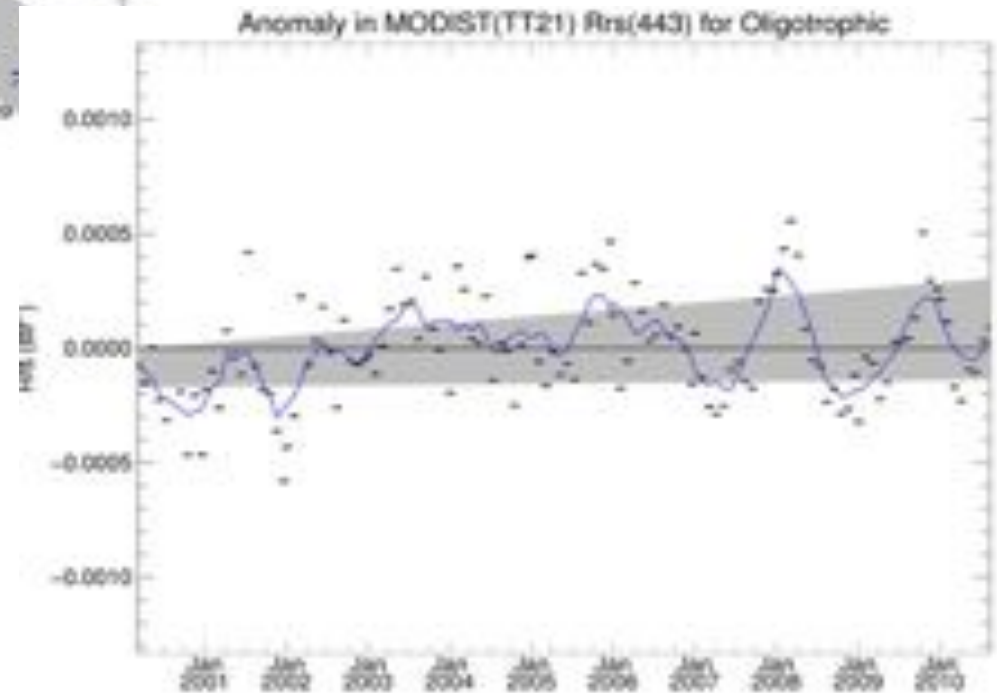
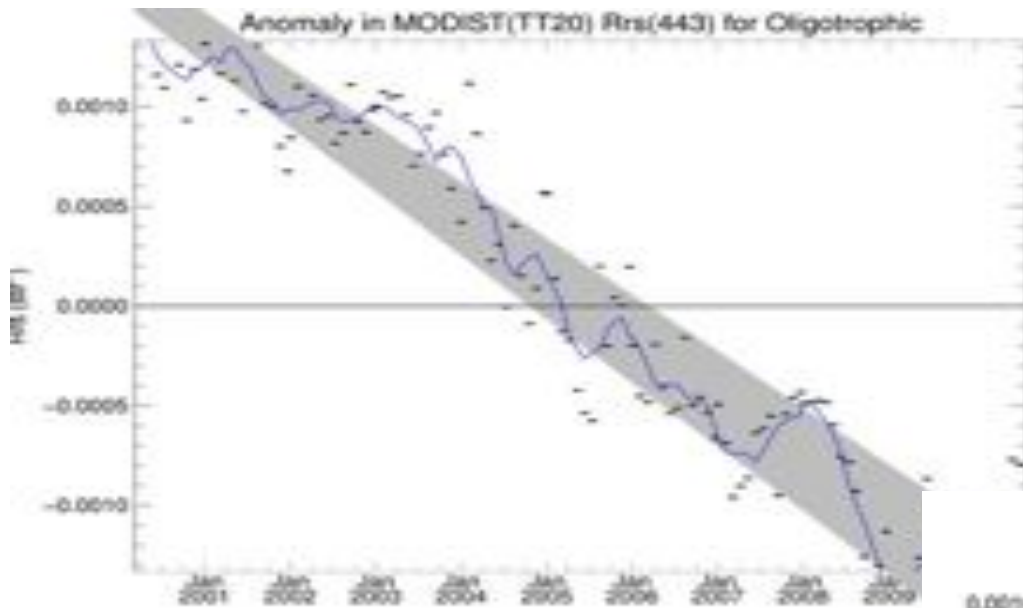
MODIS Terra polarization corrections as a function of time at different view angles at 488nm:



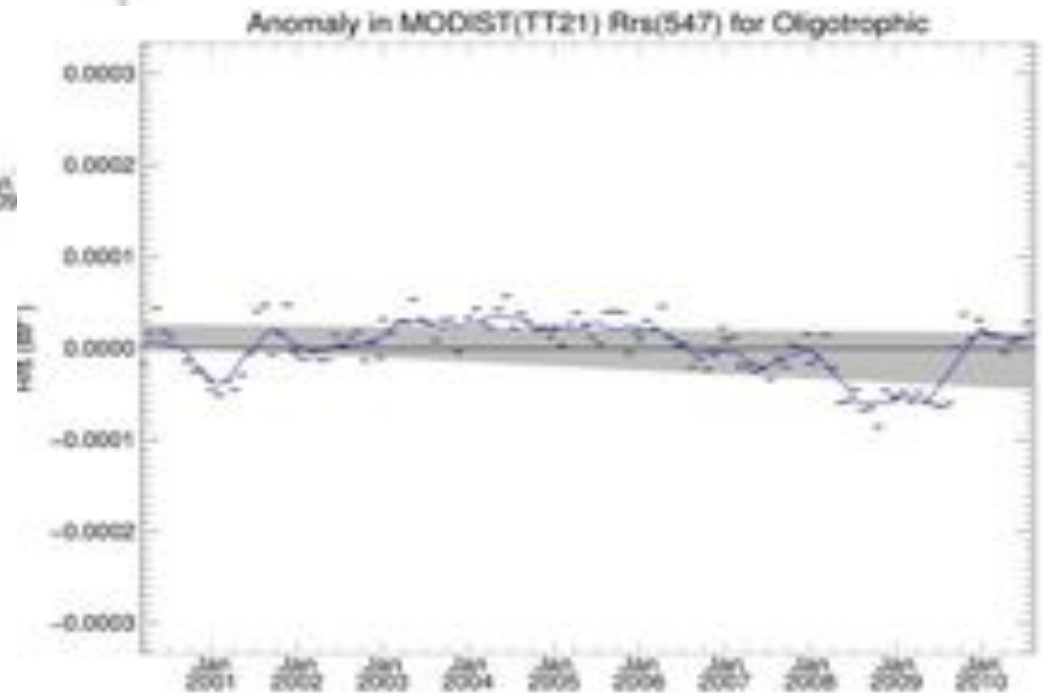
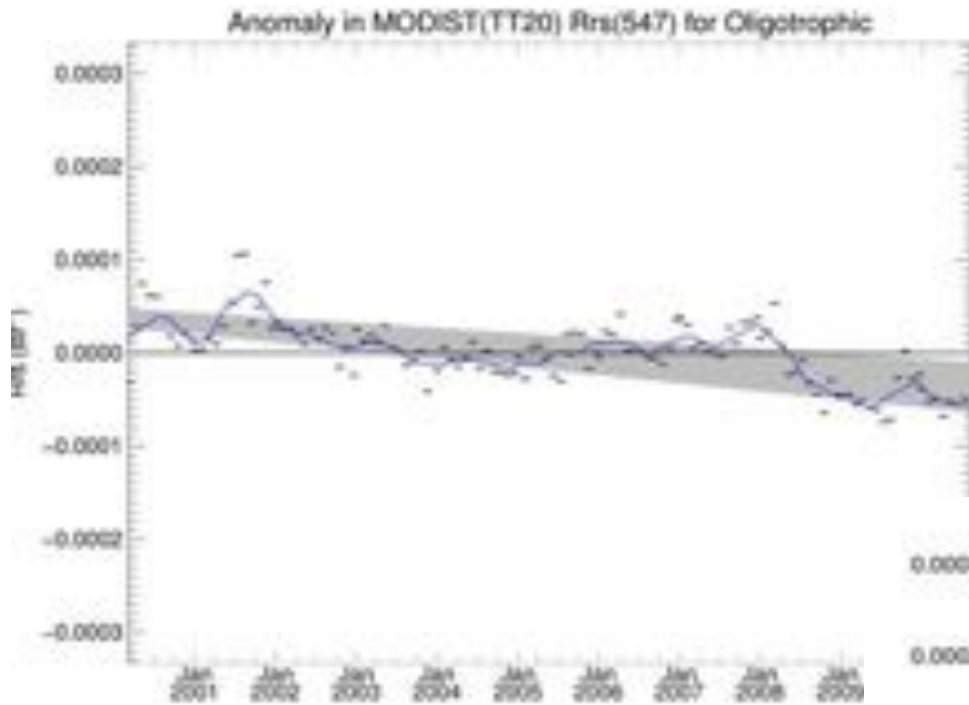
Color coding: Frame/pixel 22 (beginning of scan, lunar),
675 (nadir), 989 (solar diffuser), 1250 (end of scan)



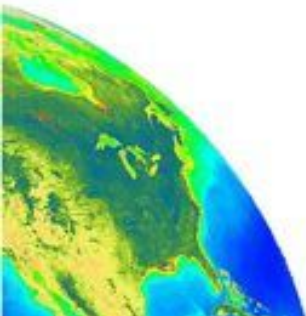
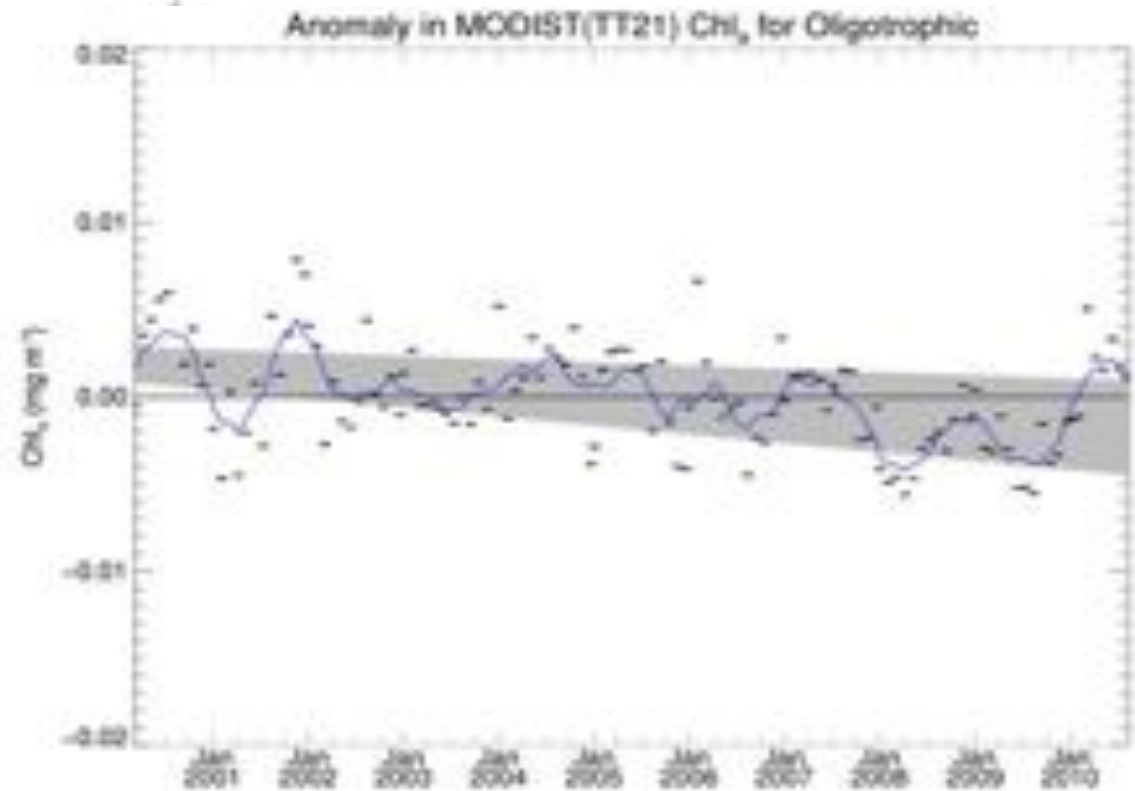
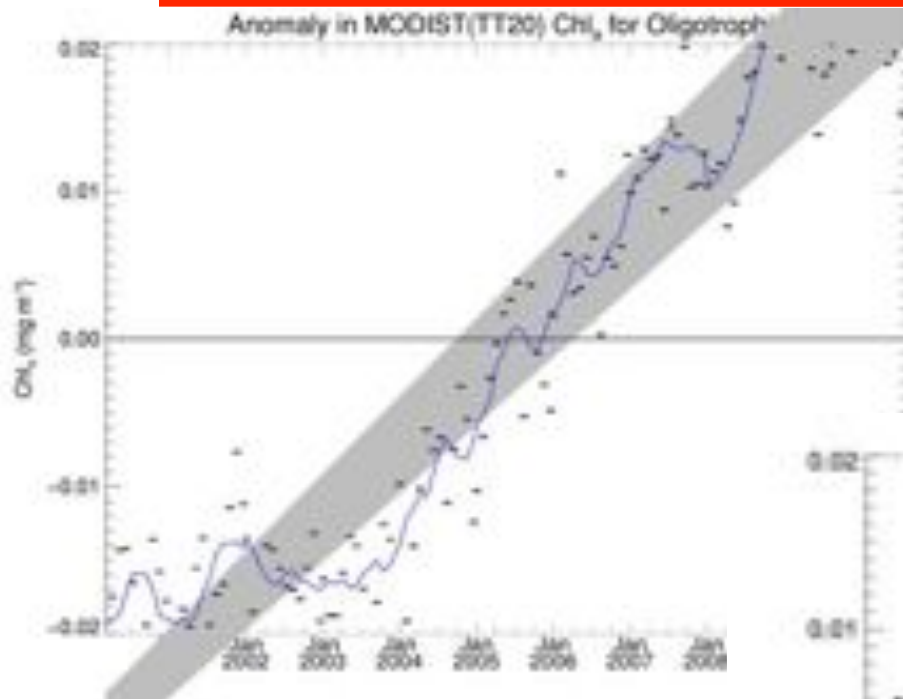
443nm trend in MODIS Terra with & w/o xcal



547nm trend in MODIS Terra with & w/o xcal

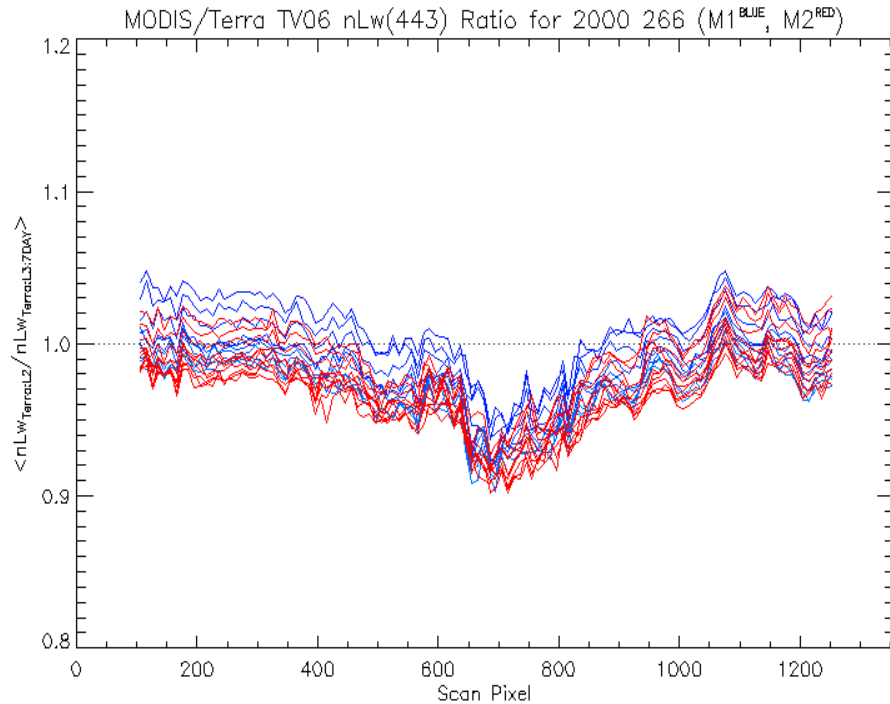


chl-a trend in MODIS Terra with & w/o xcal

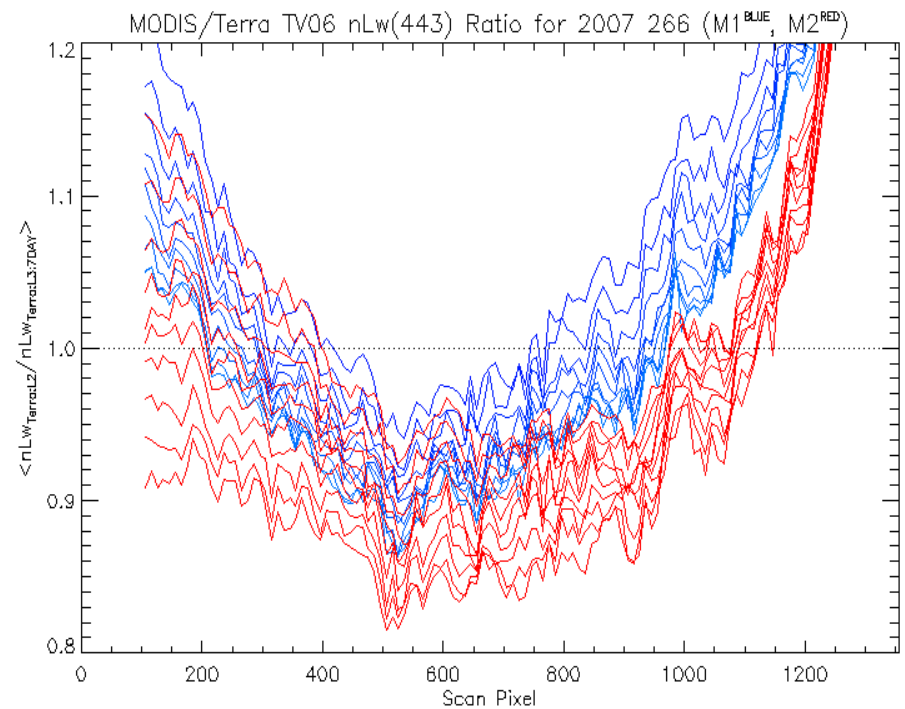


MODIS Terra RVS w/o xcal: 443nm

RVS 2000:



RVS 2007:

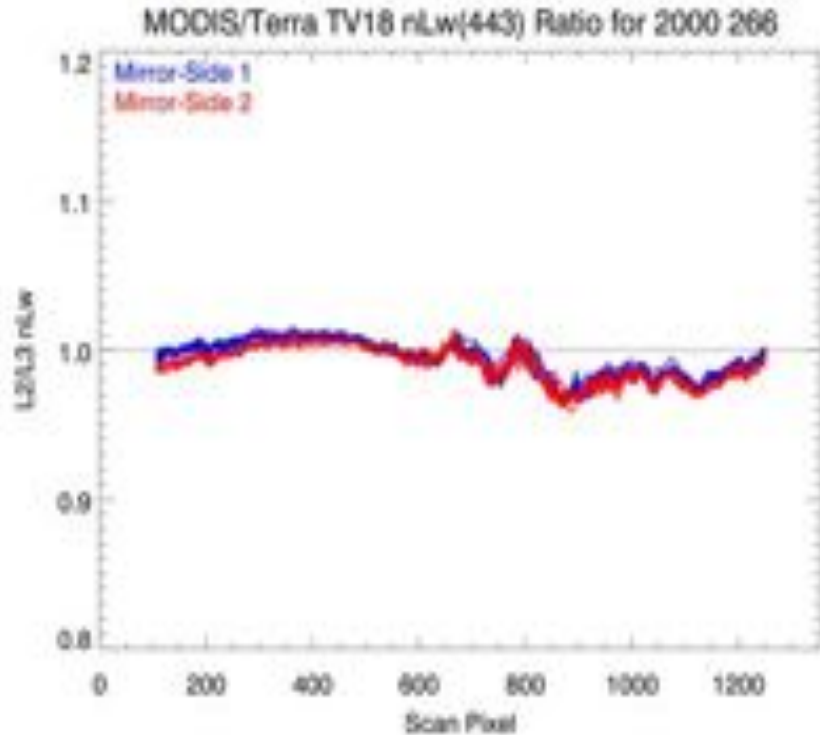


- Some striping and small RVS dependency in 2000
- Strong striping (mirror side and detector) and large RVS dependency in 2007

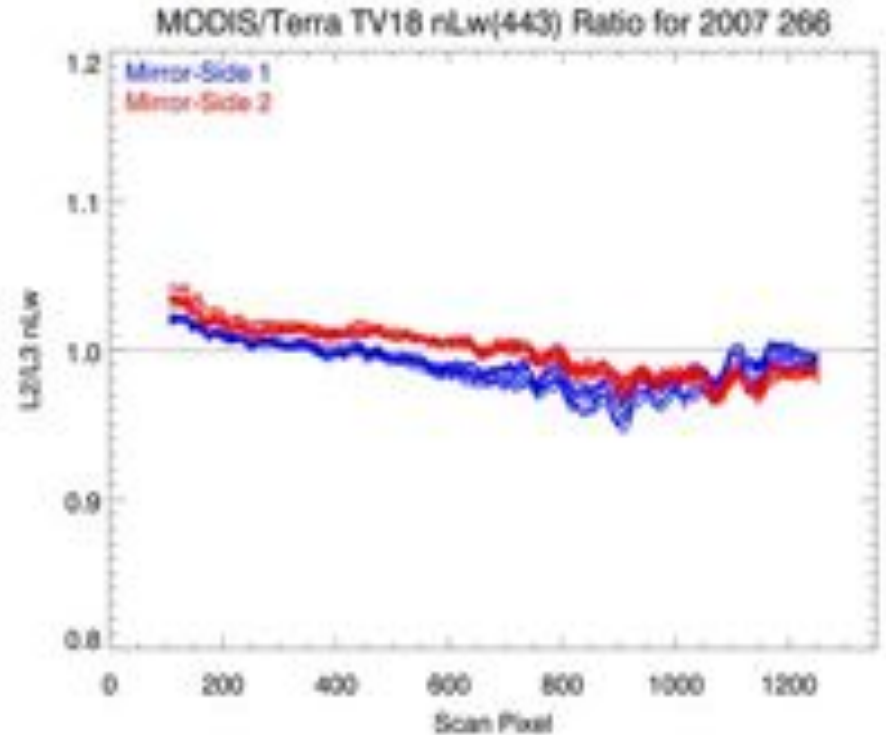


MODIS Terra RVS with xcal: 443nm

RVS 2000:



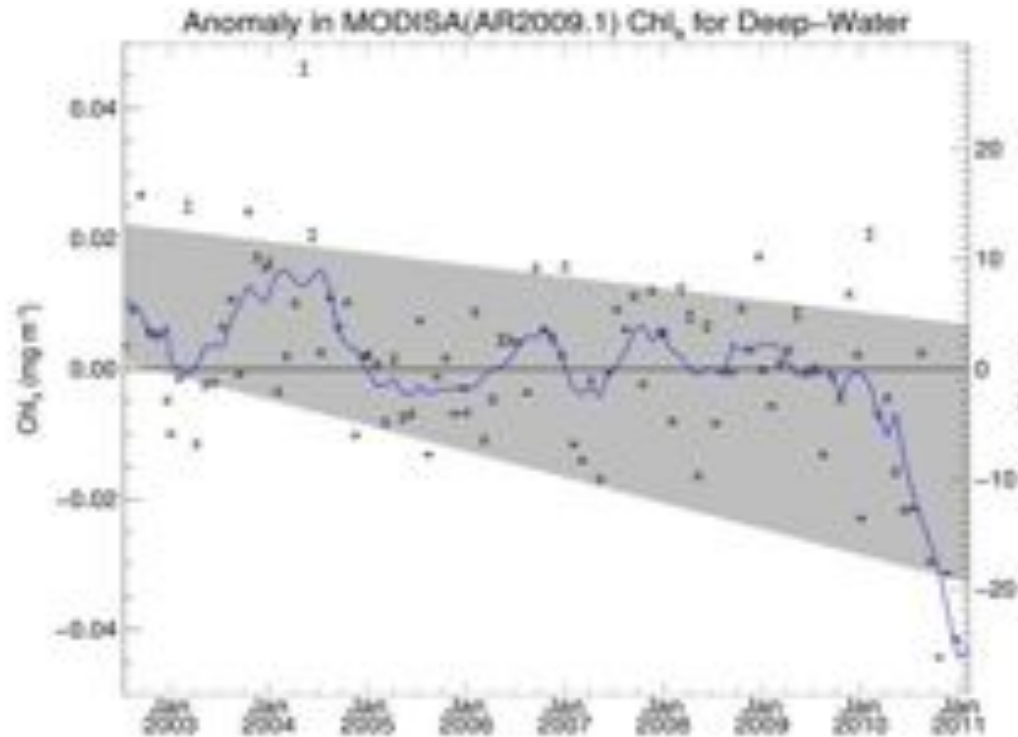
RVS 2007:



- Significant improvement for striping and RVS, residual mirror side striping in 2007
- Analysis shown not from final configuration



chl-a trend in MODIS Aqua R2009.1



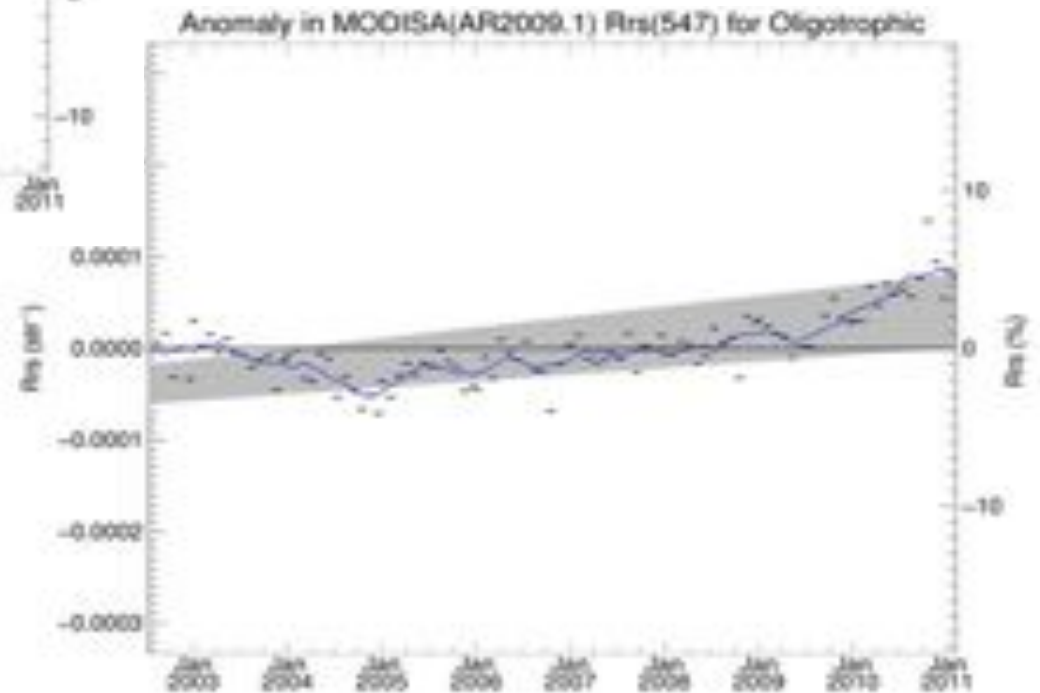
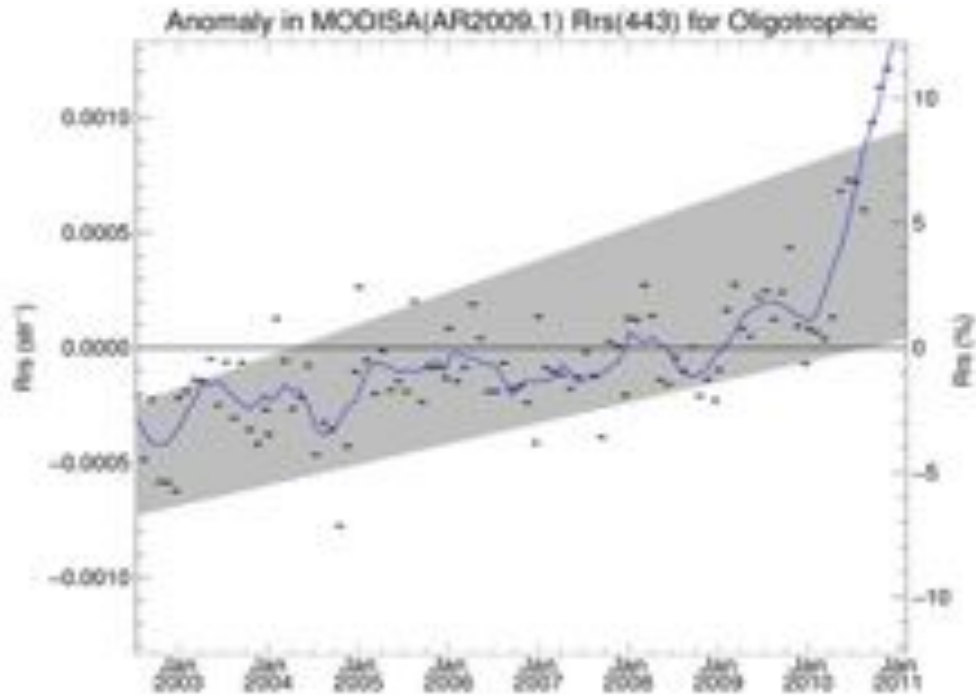
Includes xcal from
Sep. 2009

Good until early 2010

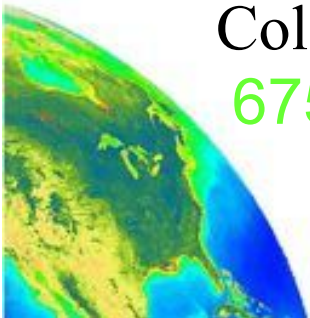
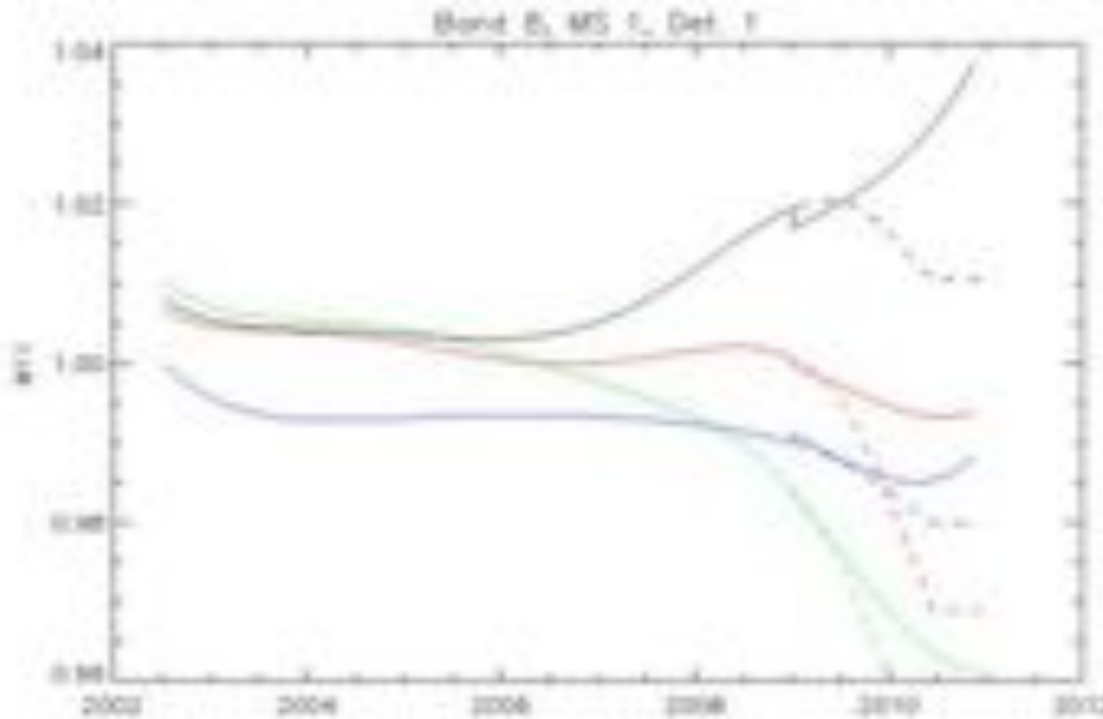
Problems in 2010 due
to inadequate xcal
(not updated) and
difficulty of adjusting
to new C6 trending



443nm and 547nm trend in MODIS Aqua R2009.1

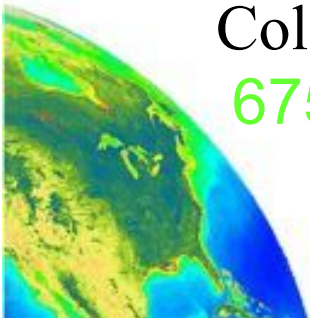
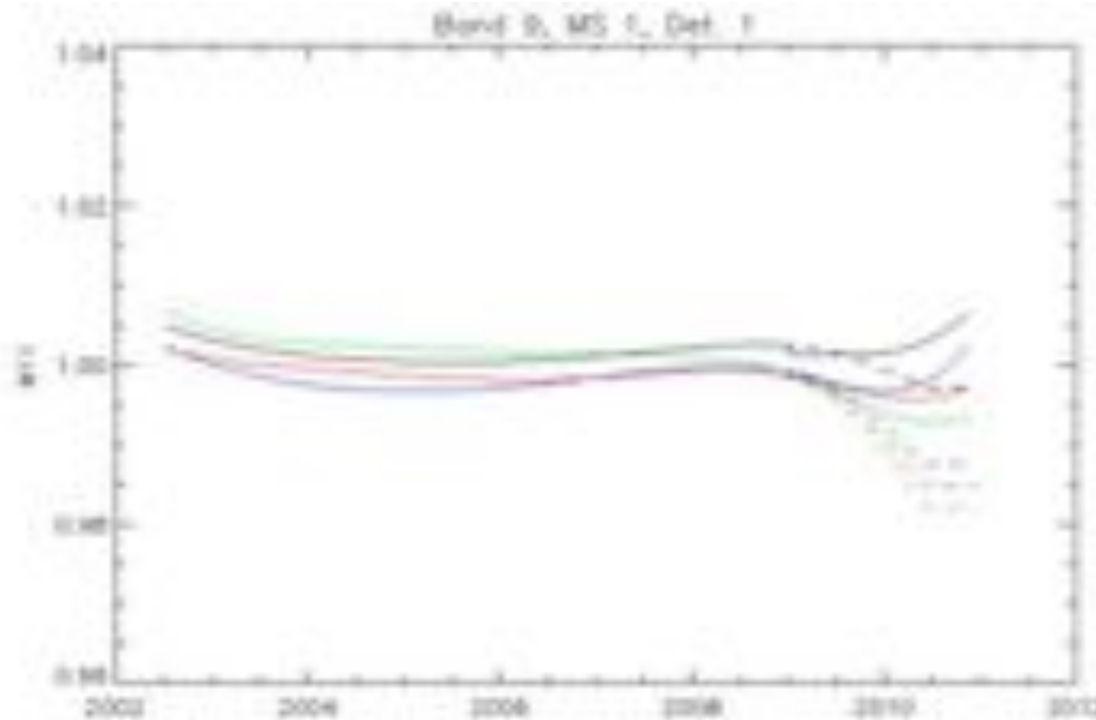


MODIS Aqua gain corrections as a function of time at different view angles at 412nm:



Color coding: Frame/pixel **22** (beginning of scan, lunar),
675 (nadir), **989** (solar diffuser), 1250 (end of scan)
Solid line: R2010.0 (data from 2009 and later)
Dashed line: R2009.1

MODIS Aqua gain corrections as a function of time at different view angles at 443nm:

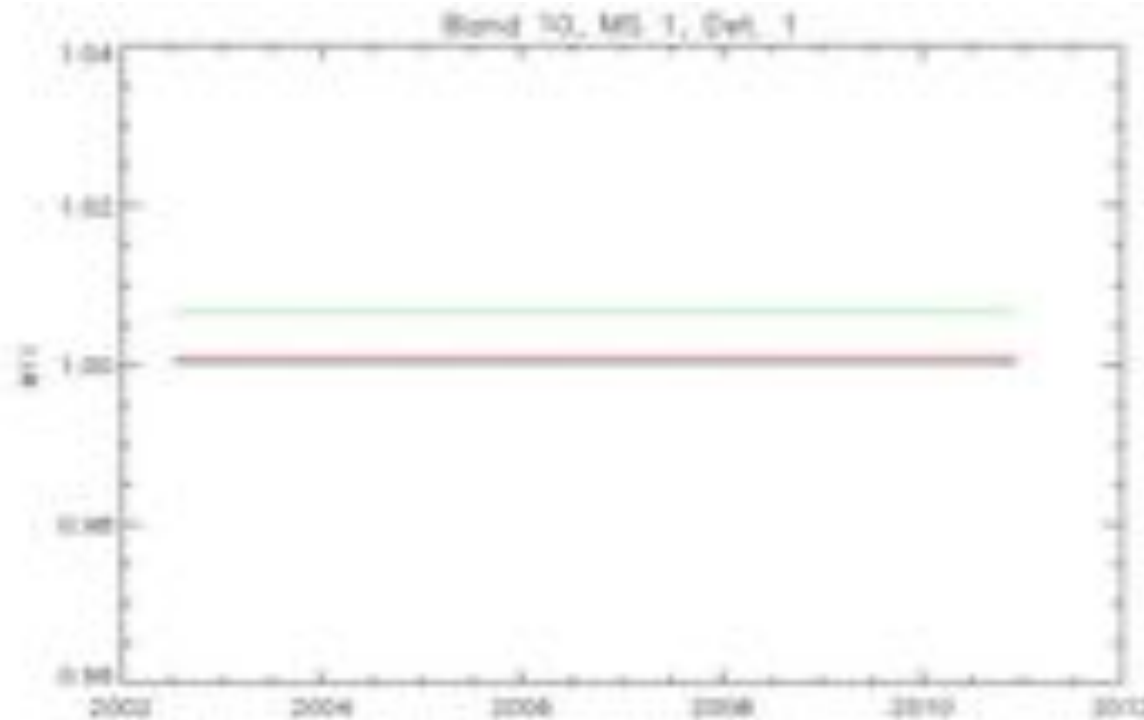


Color coding: Frame/pixel 22 (beginning of scan, lunar), 675 (nadir), 989 (solar diffuser), 1250 (end of scan)

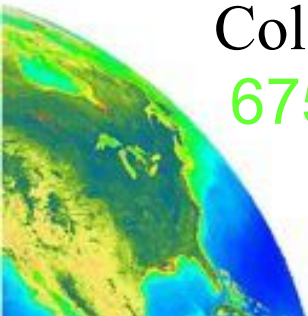
Solid line: R2010.0

Dashed line: R2009.1

MODIS Aqua gain corrections as a function of time at different view angles at 488nm:

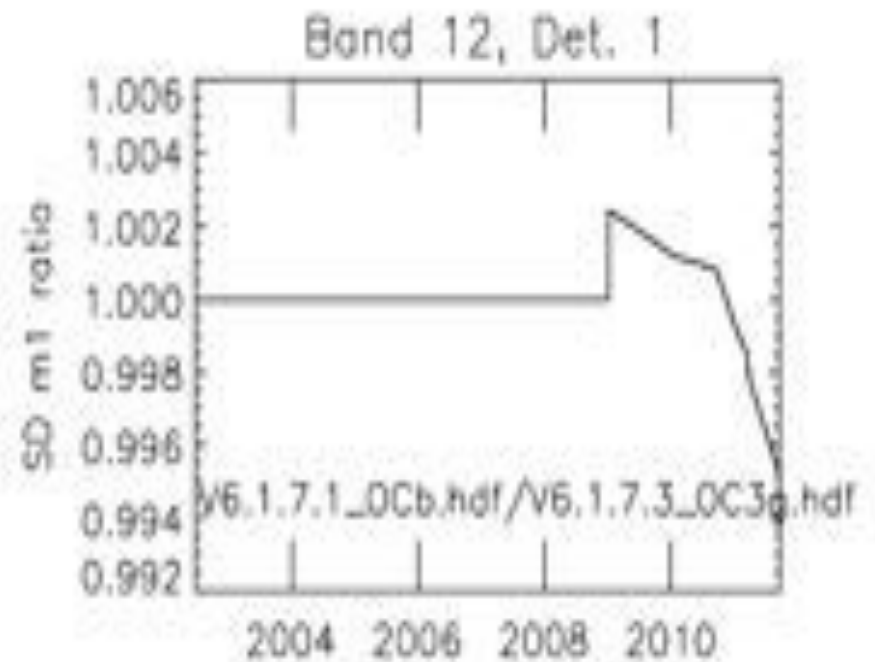
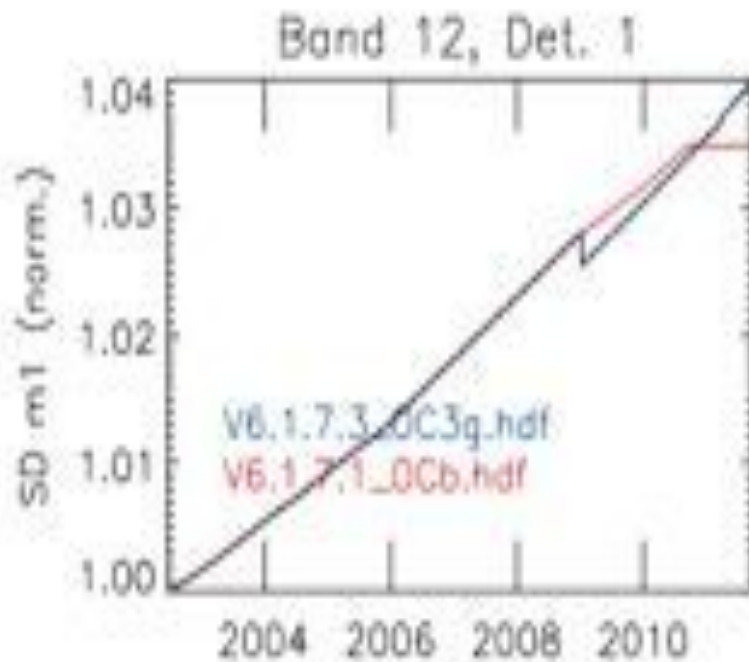


Color coding: Frame/pixel 22 (beginning of scan, lunar), 675 (nadir), 989 (solar diffuser), 1250 (end of scan)



MODIS Aqua m1 as a function of time at 547nm:

MCST provides m1 (gain at solar diffuser view angle), OBPG xcal is relative to MCST trending

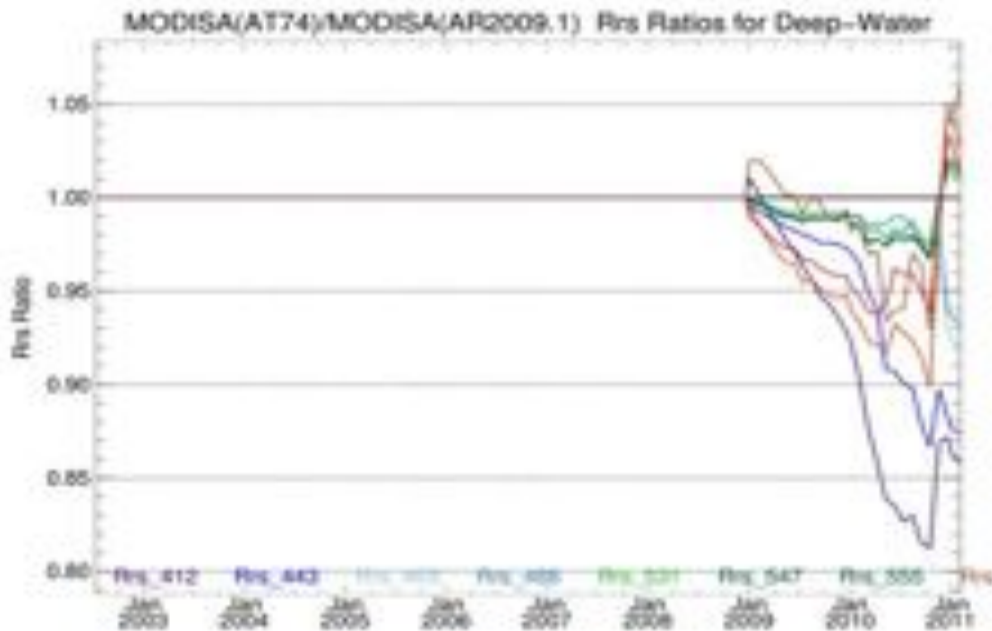
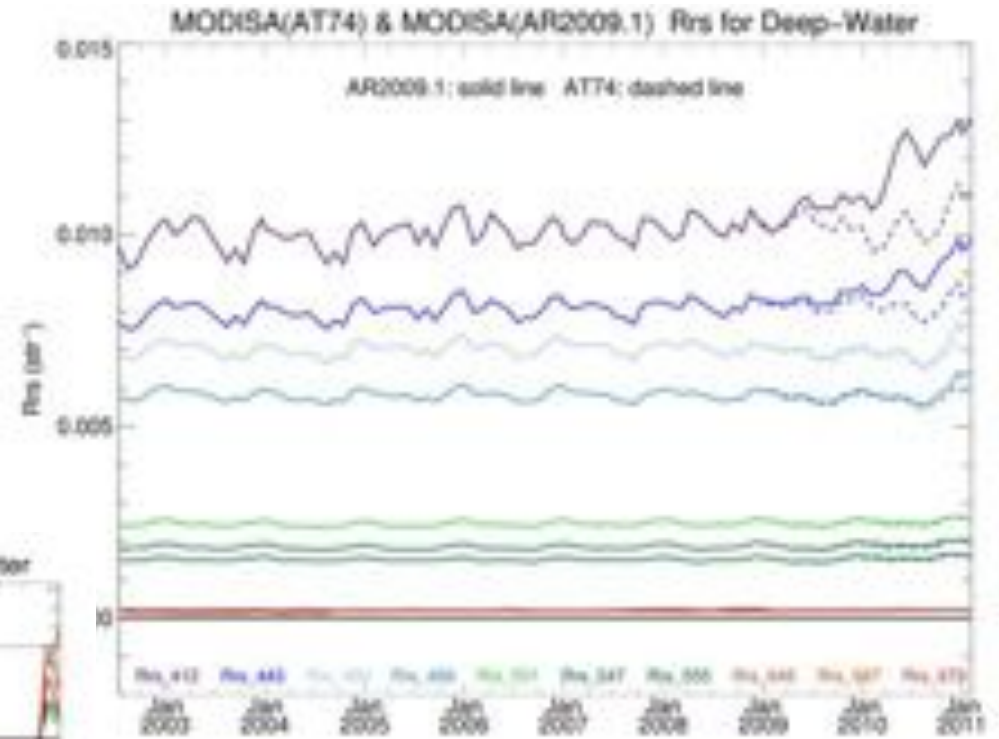


Color coding:

m1 from R2010.0, m1 from R2009.1

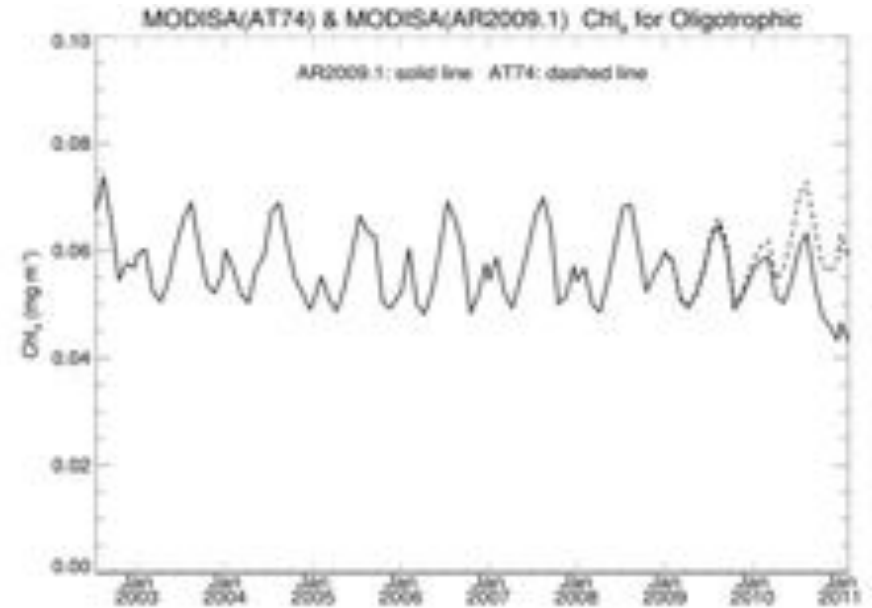
MODIS Aqua R2009.1 and R2010.0 global Rrs averages:

Identical up to end of 2008



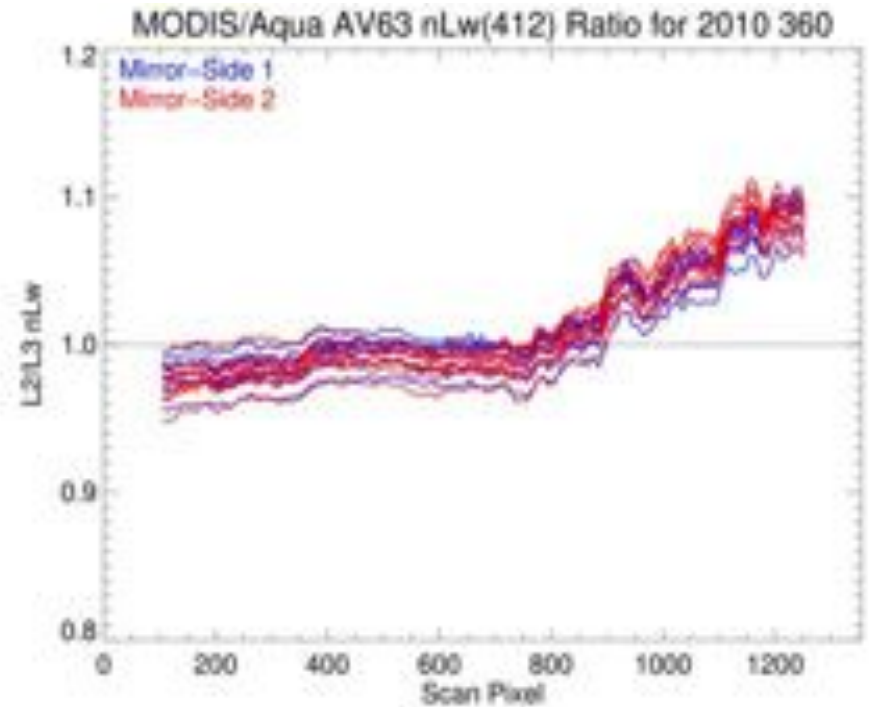
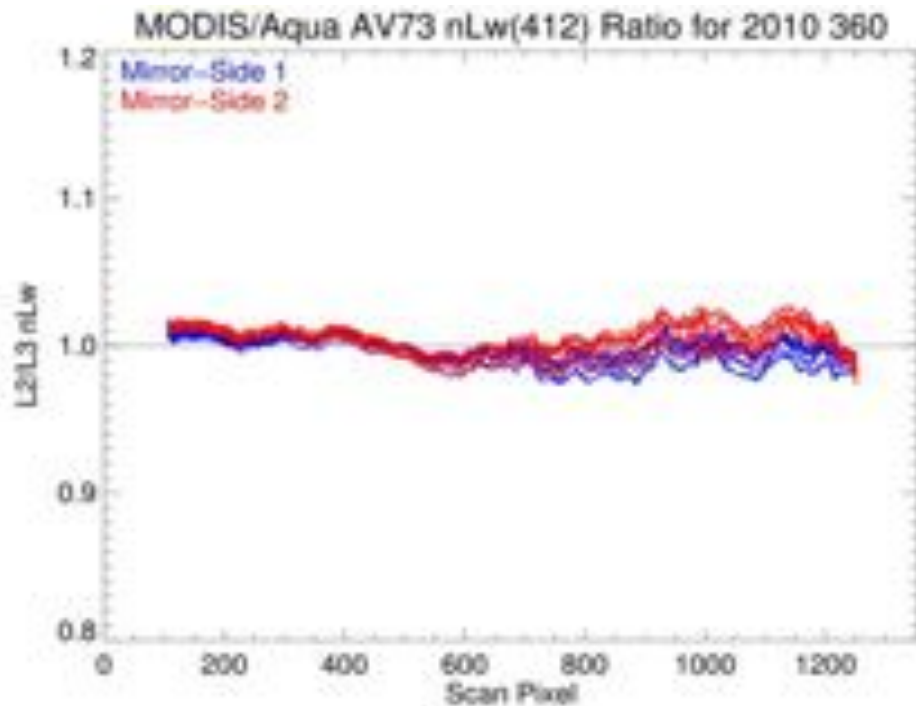
MODIS Aqua R2009.1 and R2010.0 global chl. averages:

Small improvement for olig. (right),
large improvement for eutr. (below)



MODISA R2009.1 and R2010.0 scan angle dependence:

Operational (right) has strong increase in 2nd half of scan, removed in new version (below)



Summary:

- MODIS Terra reprocessing finished Jan. 2011
 - Good agreement with SeaWiFS and Aqua for long term global averages (temporal trending and scan angle dependence)
 - Sensor degradation in blue (gain and polarization) will impact quality, especially for L2
- MODIS Aqua partial reprocessing R2010.0 to start soon
 - Same approach as before (bands 8 and 9 temporal gain adjustments, no pol. Correction)
 - Only data from 2009 onward
 - Produces good agreement with SeaWiFS until end of 2010 (Rrs and chl., olig. to eutr.)
 - Correction approach without SeaWiFS under development

