



MODIS/VIIRS Global Water Reservoir (GWR) Product

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Acknowledgement:

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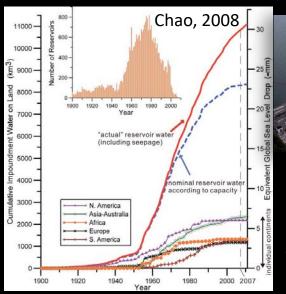
MODIS/VIIRS Science Team Meeting May 3, 2023



Why MODIS/VIIRS Global Water Reservoir (GWR) Product?



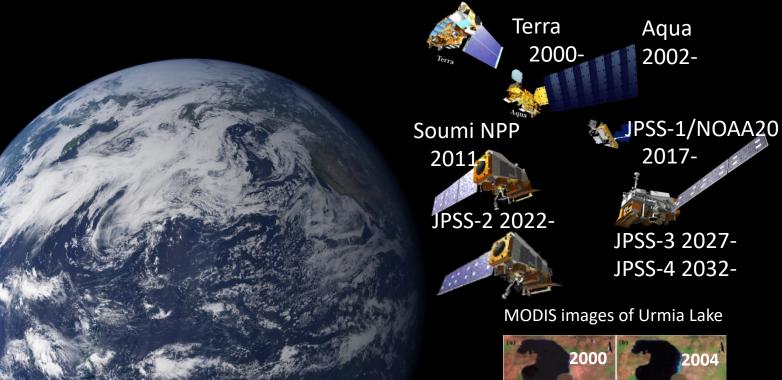
TEXAS A&M



Hydropower
Flood control
Irrigation
Water supply

• Reservoir storage can be inferred using surface reflectance classifications (Gao et al., 2012)

- Reservoir evaporation can be better estimated using LST (Zhao et al., 2020)
- Simultaneous storage & evaporation observations can provide comprehensive monitoring capability



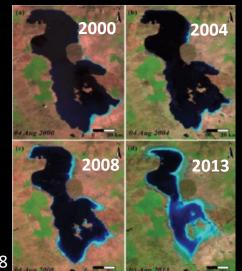


Figure from Mohebzadeh, 2018



MODIS/VIIRS GWR Product Overview





Locations of the 164 reservoirs (46% global capacity)

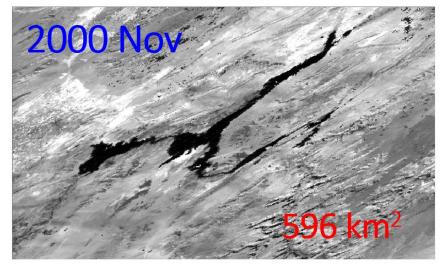
Key inputs: 8-day reflectance, Monthly LST

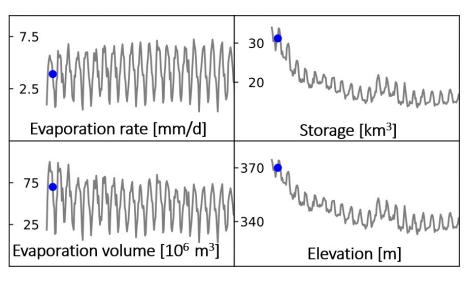
Temporal Resolution	Variables
8-day	Area, elevation, storage
Monthly	Area, elevation, storage, evaporation rate and volume

Product name	Period
MxD28 ¹ (C6.1)	2000-2023
VNP28 ² (C2)	2012-2023
VJ128 ² (C2)	2018-2023

¹ Released in 2021

Lake Mead (ID: 61)





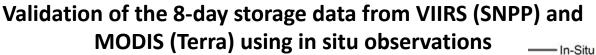
Zhao et al., 2020; Li et al., 2021

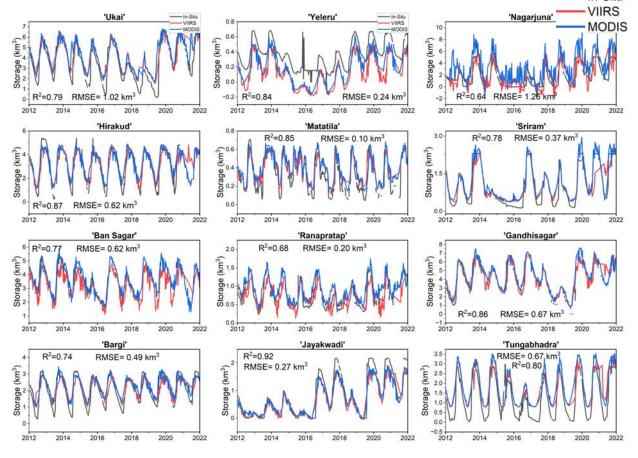
² To be released in 2023



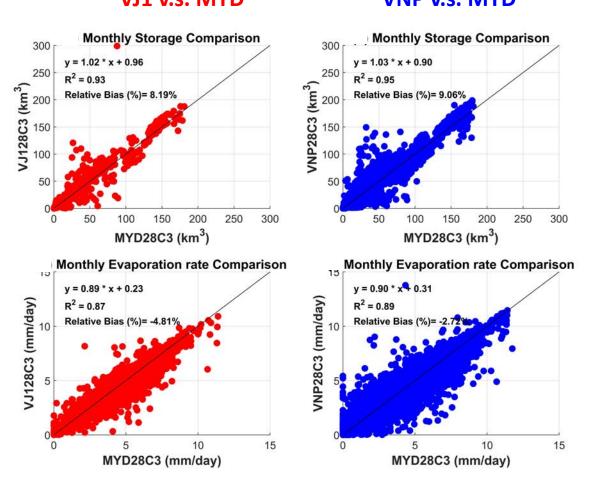
MODIS/VIIRS GWR Product Validation and Continuity







Continuity of the monthly storage and evaporation rate VJ1 v.s. MYD VNP v.s. MYD

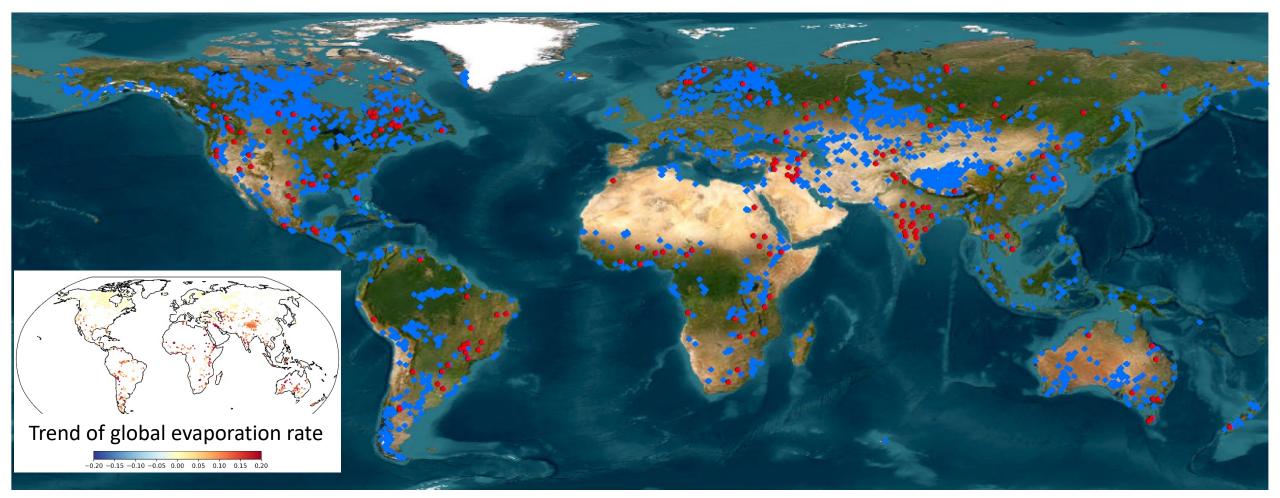


More results are provided in the poster "On the Continuity of MODIS and VIIRS Based Global Reservoir Products" by Gao et al.



Understanding the Long-term Dynamics of Global Lake/ReservoirStorage and Evaporation





GWR product

- •164 reservoirs
- •Accounting for 46% of the global reservoir capacity

Extended lake/reservoir dataset (2000-2022)

- 2338 natural lakes and 397 reservoirs
- Accounting for 71% of the total lake surface area, and 98% of the global reservoir capacity