

University of Colorado Boulder



Co-production of snow cover and snow albedo at sub-pixel scale with analysis, uncertainty, and data distribution in near real-time

Karl Rittger, Mark Serreze, Mary J. Brodzik, Mark Raleigh, McKenzie Skiles, Keith Musselman,Sebastien Lenard, Thomas H. Painter, Jeff Dozier,Ned Bair, Timbo Stillinger, and the NSIDC team









- Funded through NASA Terra Aqua Suomi to provide snow surface properties for MODIS and VIIRS
- Products include snow cover fraction, snow surface albedo, and snow radiative forcing
- Analyze, distribute, and share with researchers, applications groups, and the public
- Balance scalability with accuracy for potential global production
- Estimate daily uncertainty using higher resolution HLS
- Analyze long term MODIS VIIRS continuity





### July 2022 – July 2023

- Updated baseline data based on SCAG and DRFS models to address known issues
- Redesigned Snow Today website to improve usability, access, and visibility to general public/media
- Developed a new interactive web application with many features
- Introduced flexibility to expand coverage globally
- Published first three Snow Today Articles
- Published 4 peer reviewed studies of validation, use in regional snow simulation, snow darkening, and application to wildfire impact on snow melt

### July 2023 – July 2024

- Transition to SPIReS data processing and analysis
- Transition from MODIS Terra only to MODIS Terra (2001-) & VIIRS NPP (2012-)
- Process North America and Greenland addressing scalability
- Use HLS to estimate uncertainty regularly for representative areas
- Assess range of differences for snow surface properties across MODIS Terra and VIIRS NPP
- Continue baseline SCAG/DRFS production for continuity during transition (separately funded)



# New interactive web application: https://nsidc.org/snow-today/snow-viewer



### Configure Variables -

Select a Basemap - Sele

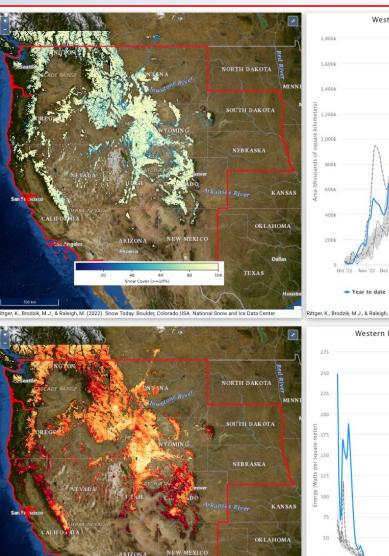
Select a Region -

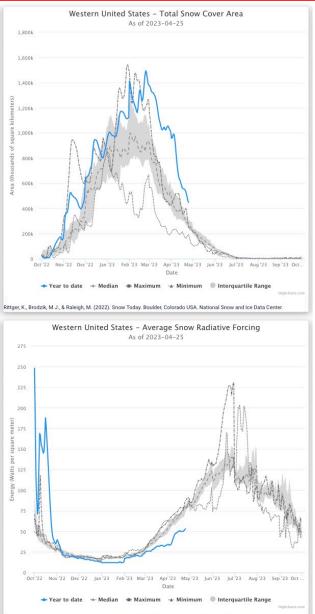
Select SWE Overlay

- Configure variables:
  - maps and summary plots of snow cover, snow duration, snow albedo and snow radiative forcing
- Select a Basemap:
  - 8 options
- Select a Region:
  - State, HUC2, and HUC4
- SWE overlay:
  - amount, change, and percent of normal

Display not-processed area: Raster opacity:







TEXAS



# **2023 Monthly Insights for January, February, and March** https://nsidc.org/snow-today/monthly-insights



### Monthly Insights

Our scientific data analysis articles are published during the winter and spring months of the snow season. Select an article below to learn more about how snow conditions changed across time.







#### February 08, 2023

#### Atmospheric rivers strike again and again

A series of atmospheric rivers significantly increased snow-covered area and snow water equivalent in the California Sierra Nevada, and to a lesser extent the delivery of snow inland to Nevada, Utah, and Colorado. Snow-covered area for the western United States was 125

percent of average for January with above average snow cover in most regions.



### Snow falls high in the West

March 08, 2023

Continuing the trend of recent months, the western United States received significant snowfall in February 2023, helping to improve drought conditions in the West. Despite dominance of a La Niña conditions, current snowpack patterns resemble those characteristic

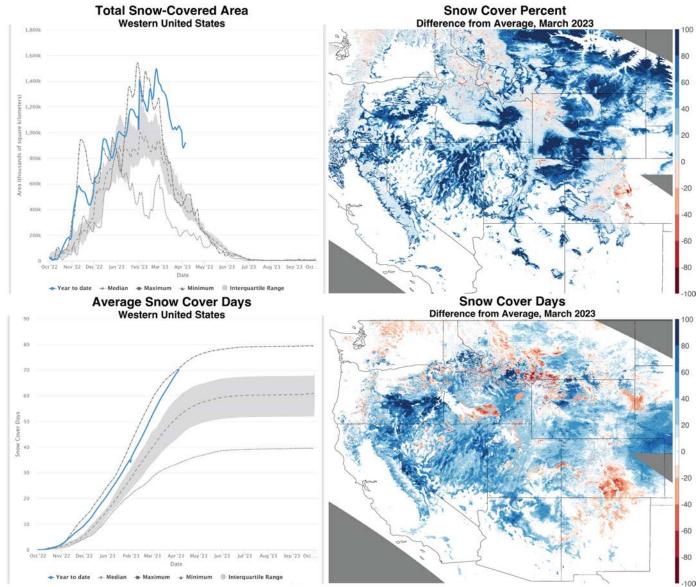
of El Niño years.



#### April 12, 2023

#### Breaking snow records

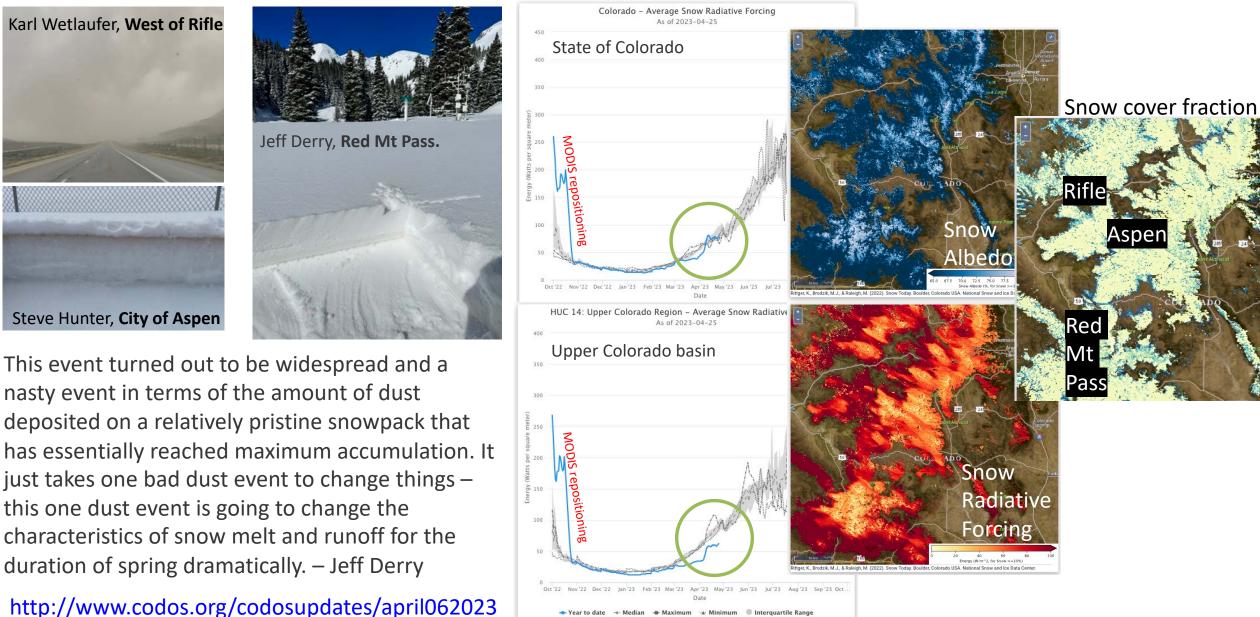
Extensive snow cover in the western United States continued in March 2023, surpassing the 2019 record high by 11 percent and doubling last year's average and the 23-year-satellite record average for snow-covered area for March.





## New products snow albedo and snow radiative forcing

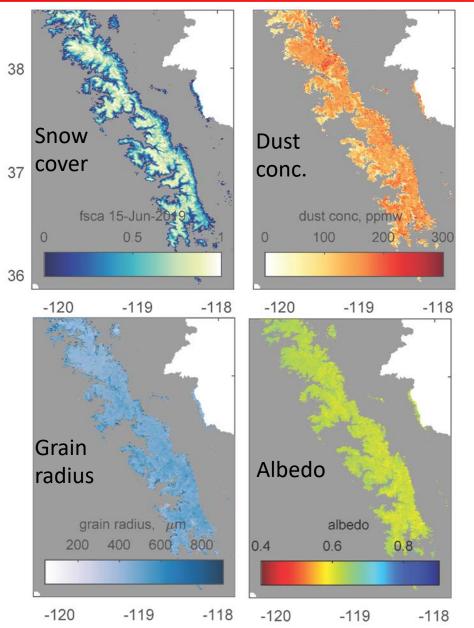






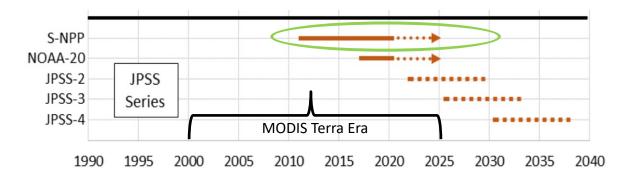
### **MODIS and VIIRS - SPIRES**

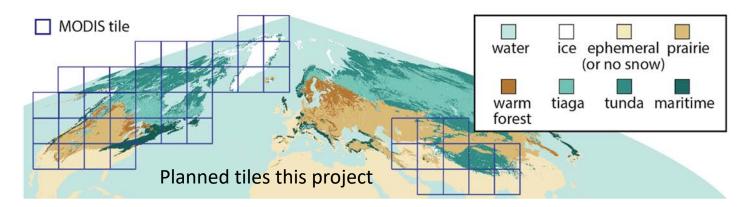




# SPIReS: subpixel measurement of snow properties for multi or hyperspectral sensors.

- Snow Covered Area
- Physical properties of the snowpack
  - Contaminant Concentration
  - Snow grain size
  - Snow albedo







- Comparing snow mapping methods to airborne lidar 3m snow maps Stillinger, T., Rittger, K., Raleigh, M.S., Michell, A., Davis, R.E., & Bair, E.H. (2023). Landsat, MODIS, and VIIRS snow cover mapping algorithm performance as validated by airborne lidar datasets. *The Cryosphere*, 17, 567-590, <u>https://doi.org/10.5194/tc-17-567-2023</u>
- Evaluating modeled snow simulations
   Hao, D., Bisht, G., Rittger, K., Stillinger, T., Bair, E., Gu, Y., & Leung, L.R. (2023). Evaluation of E3SM land
   model snow simulations over the western United States. *The Cryosphere*, *17*, 673-697,
   <u>https://doi.org/10.5194/tc-17-673-2023</u>
- Assessing the impacts of wildfire on snow duration and snow albedo Hatchett, B.J., Koshkin, A.L., Guirguis, K., **Rittger, K.,** Nolin, A.W., Heggli, A., Rhoades, A.M., East, A.E., Siirila-Woodburn, E.R., Brandt, W.T., Gershunov, A., & Haleakala, K. (2023). Midwinter dry spells amplify post-fire snowpack decline. *Geophysical Research Letters, 50,* e2022GL101235. <u>https://doi.org/10.1029/2022GL101235</u>
- Investigating snow darkening Huang, H., Qian, Y., He, C., Bair, E.H., & Rittger, K. (2022), Snow albedo feedbacks enhance snow impurity-induced radiative forcing in the Sierra Nevada. *Geophysical Research Letters, 49*, e2022GL098102, <u>https://doi.org/10.1029/2022GL098102</u>